

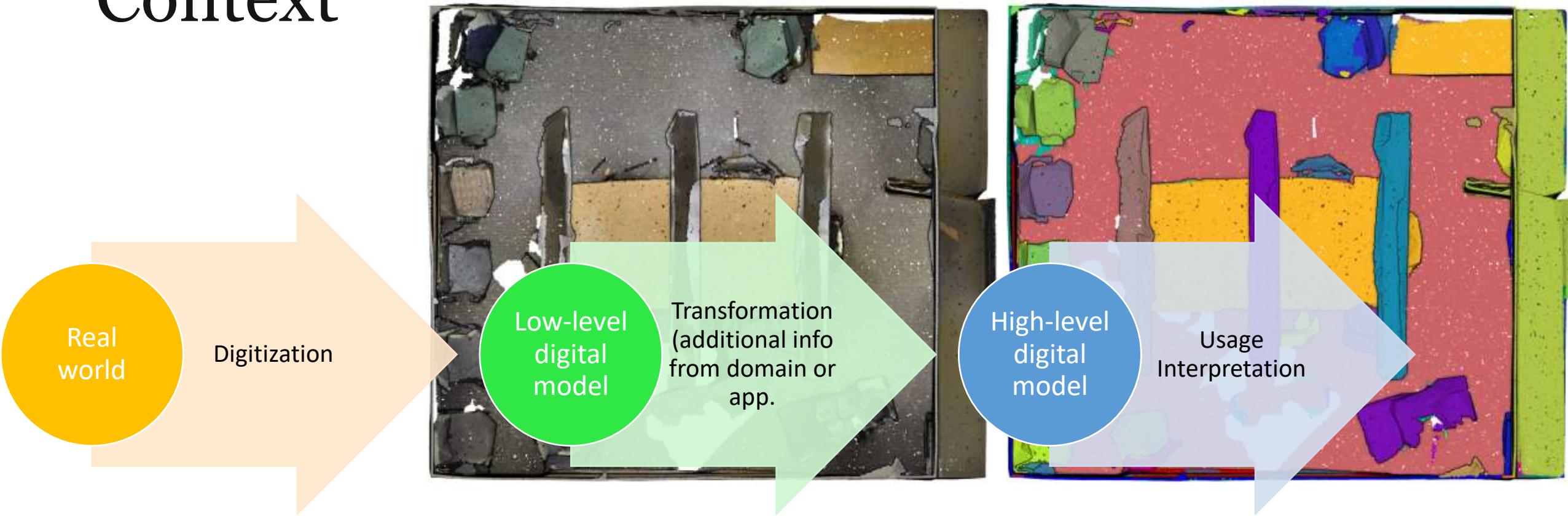
Point Clouds, Segments, Semantics and Automation



Florent Poux



Context



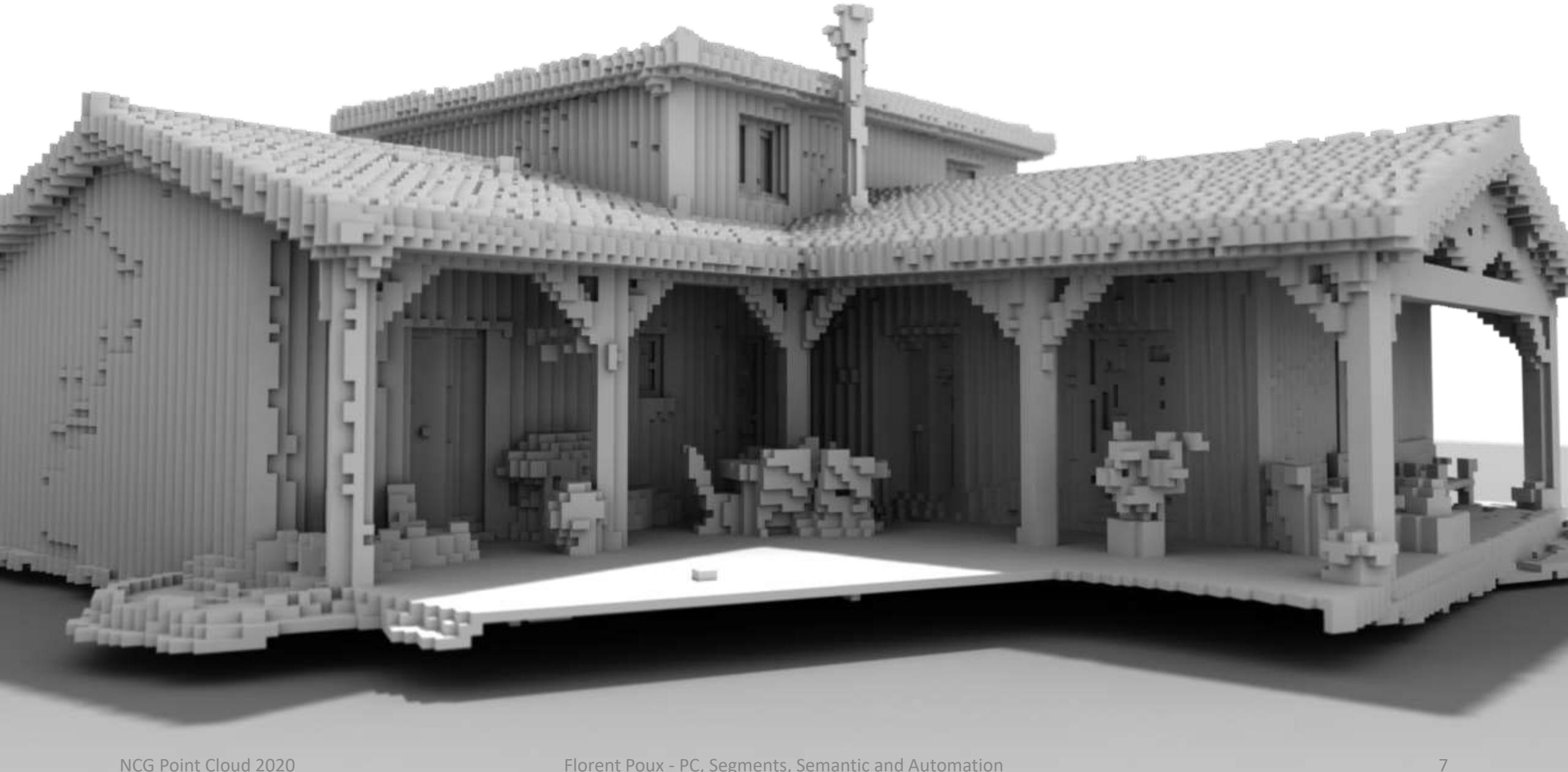
3D Point Cloud Specificities

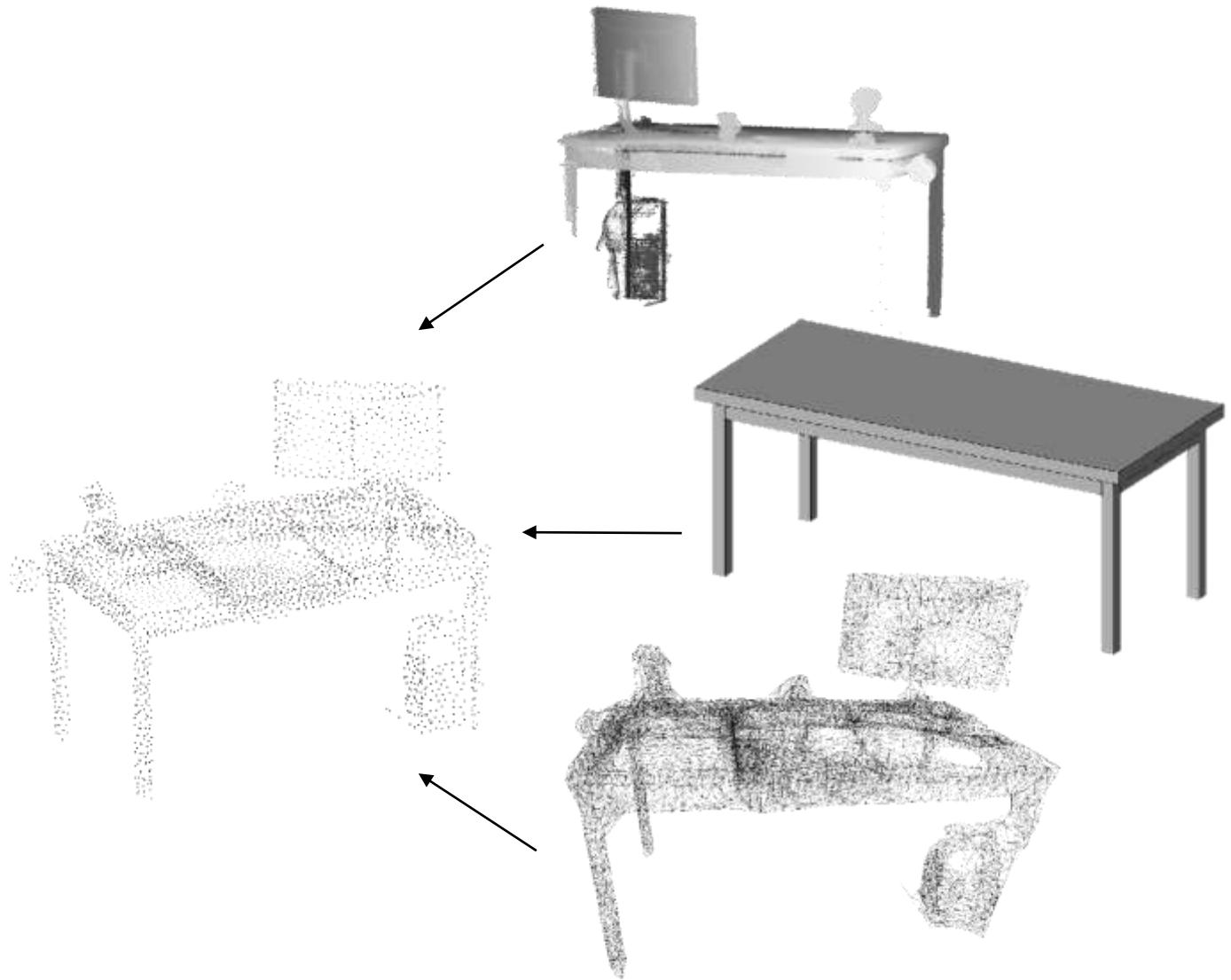


Point Cloud 2020

Florent Poux - PC, Segments, Semantic and Automation

Representation & Structuration

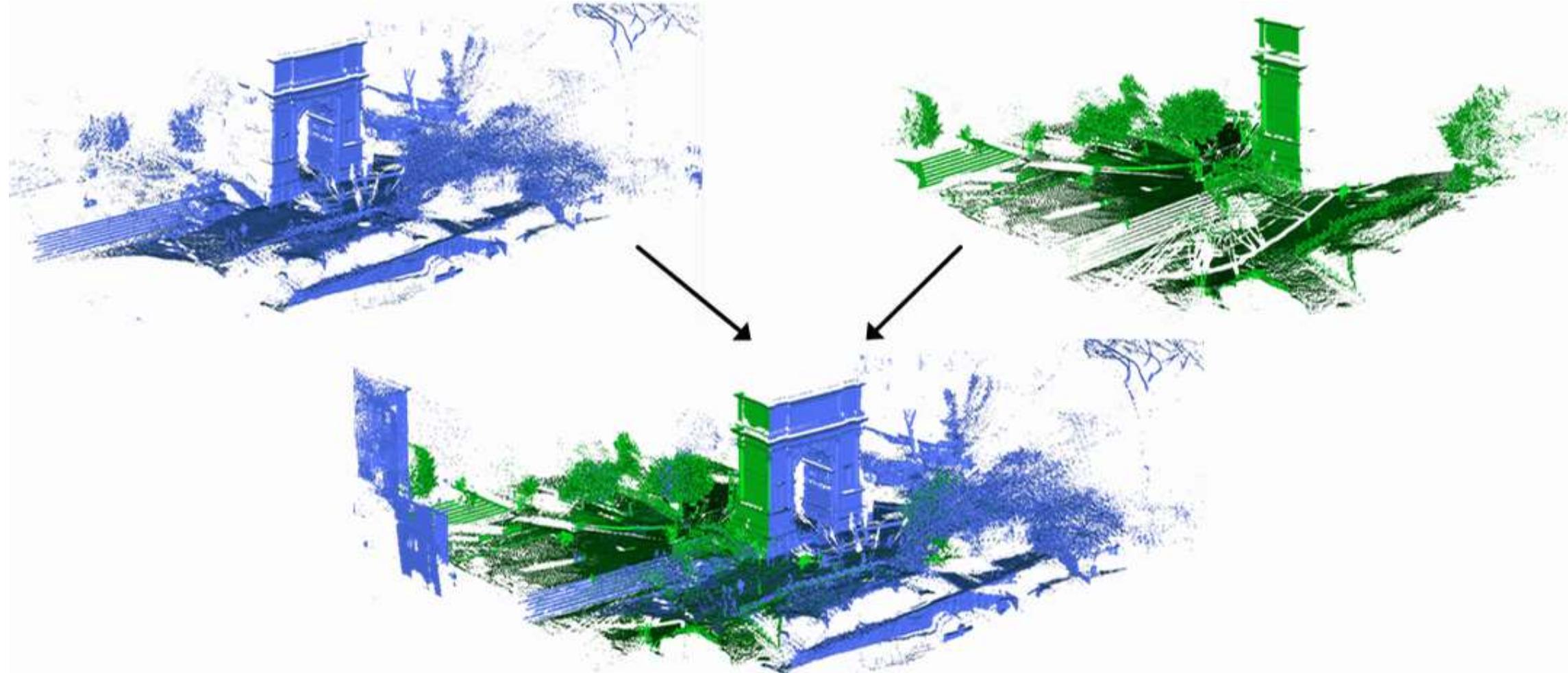


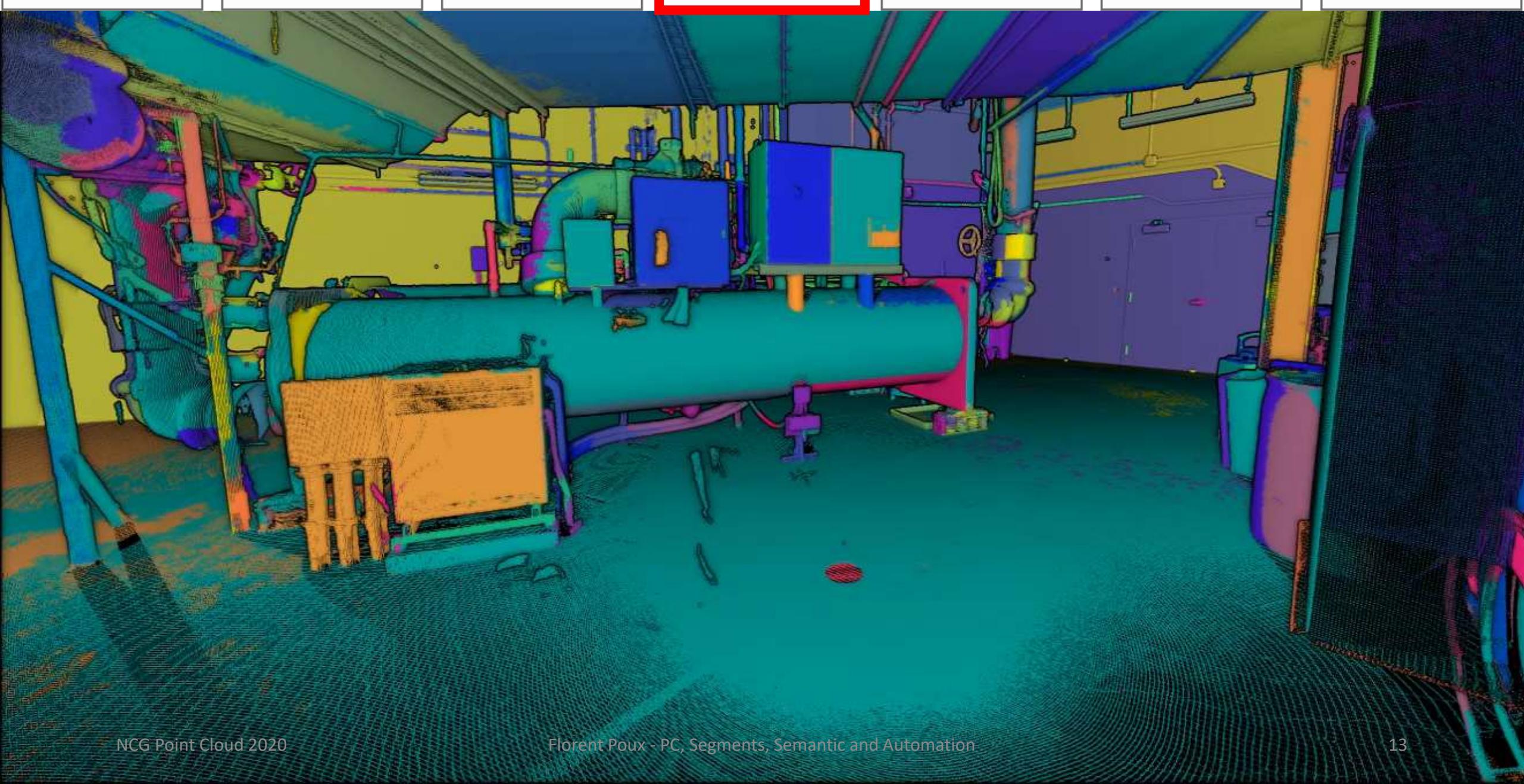


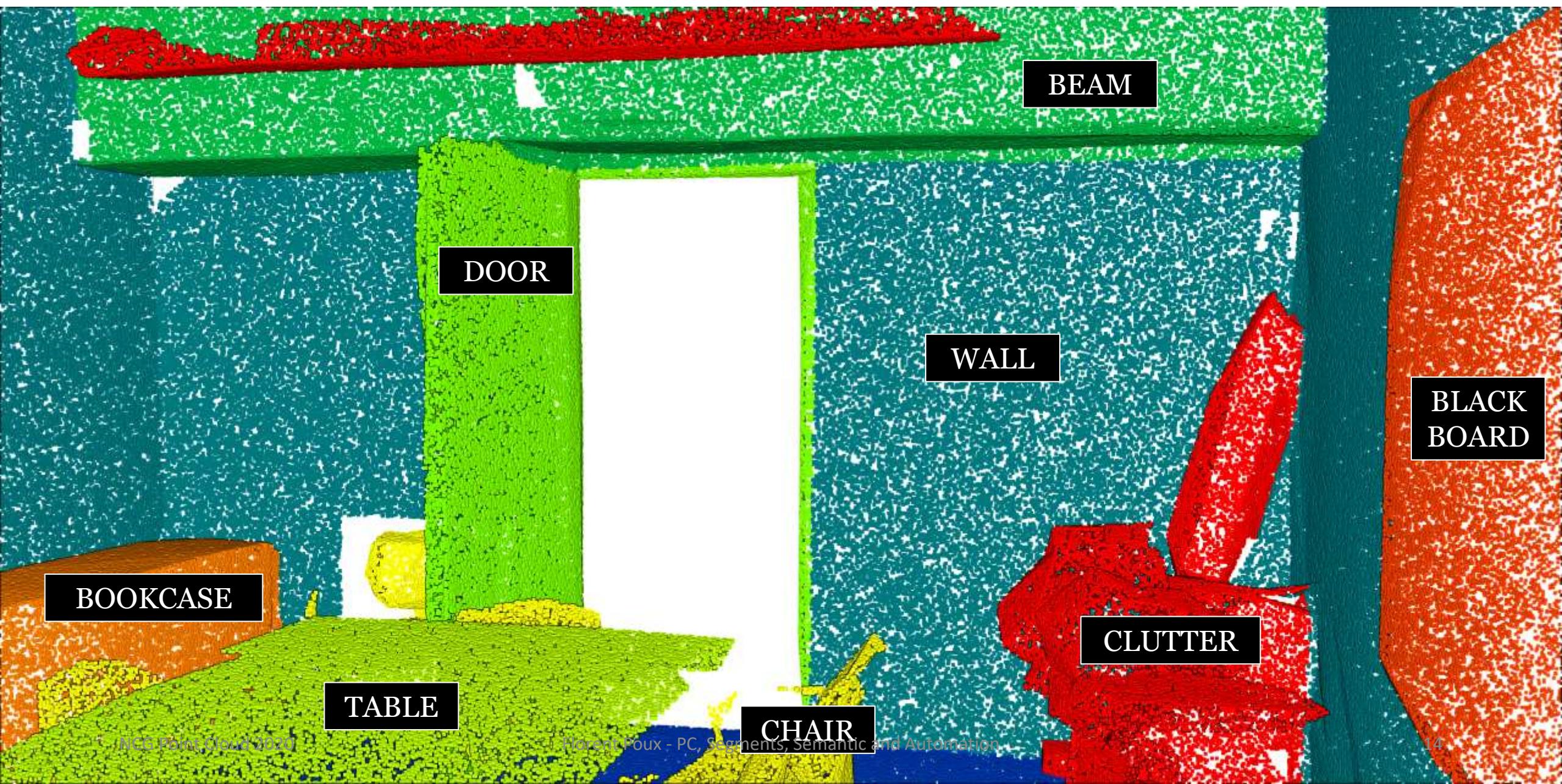
Automation

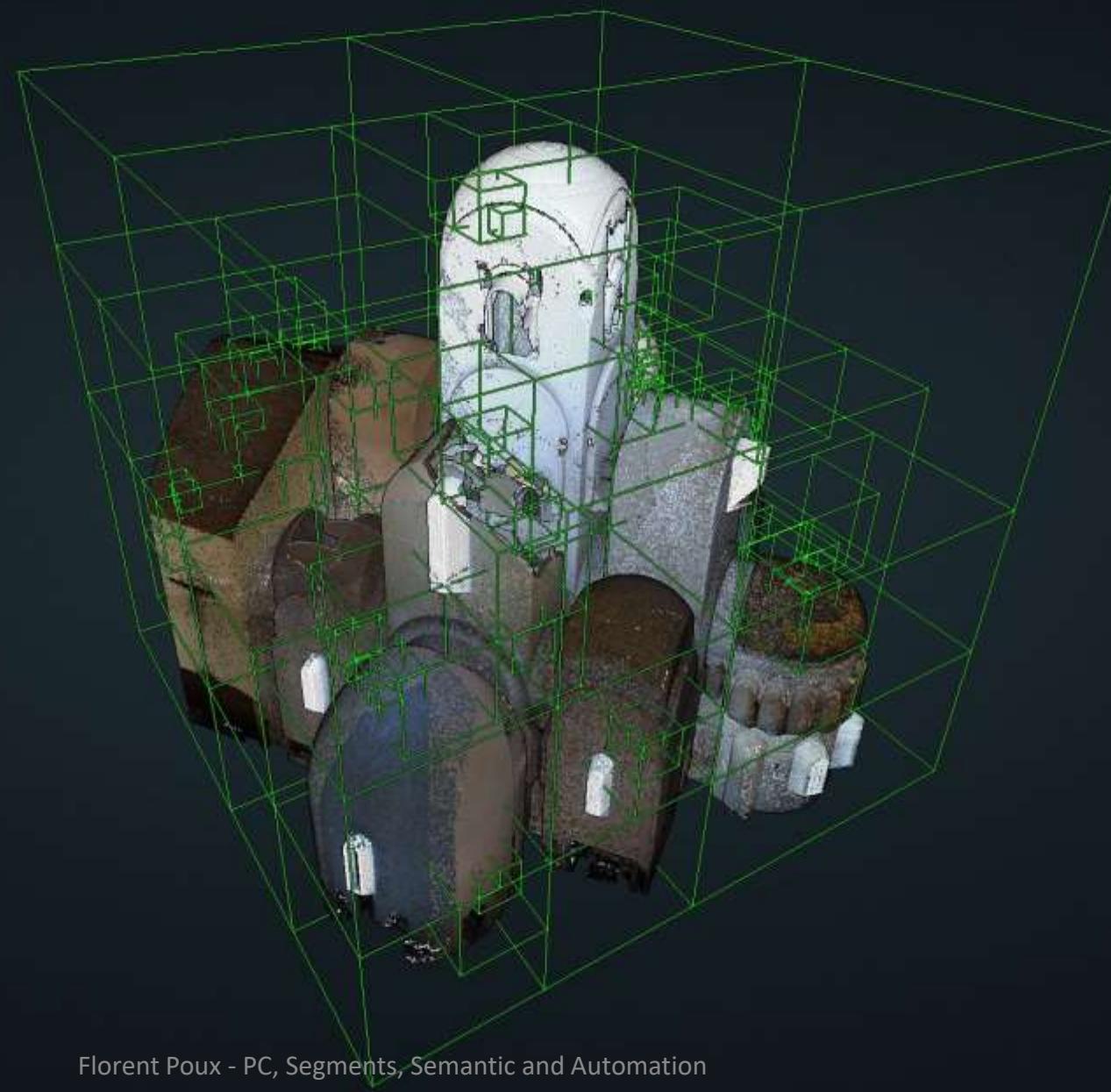




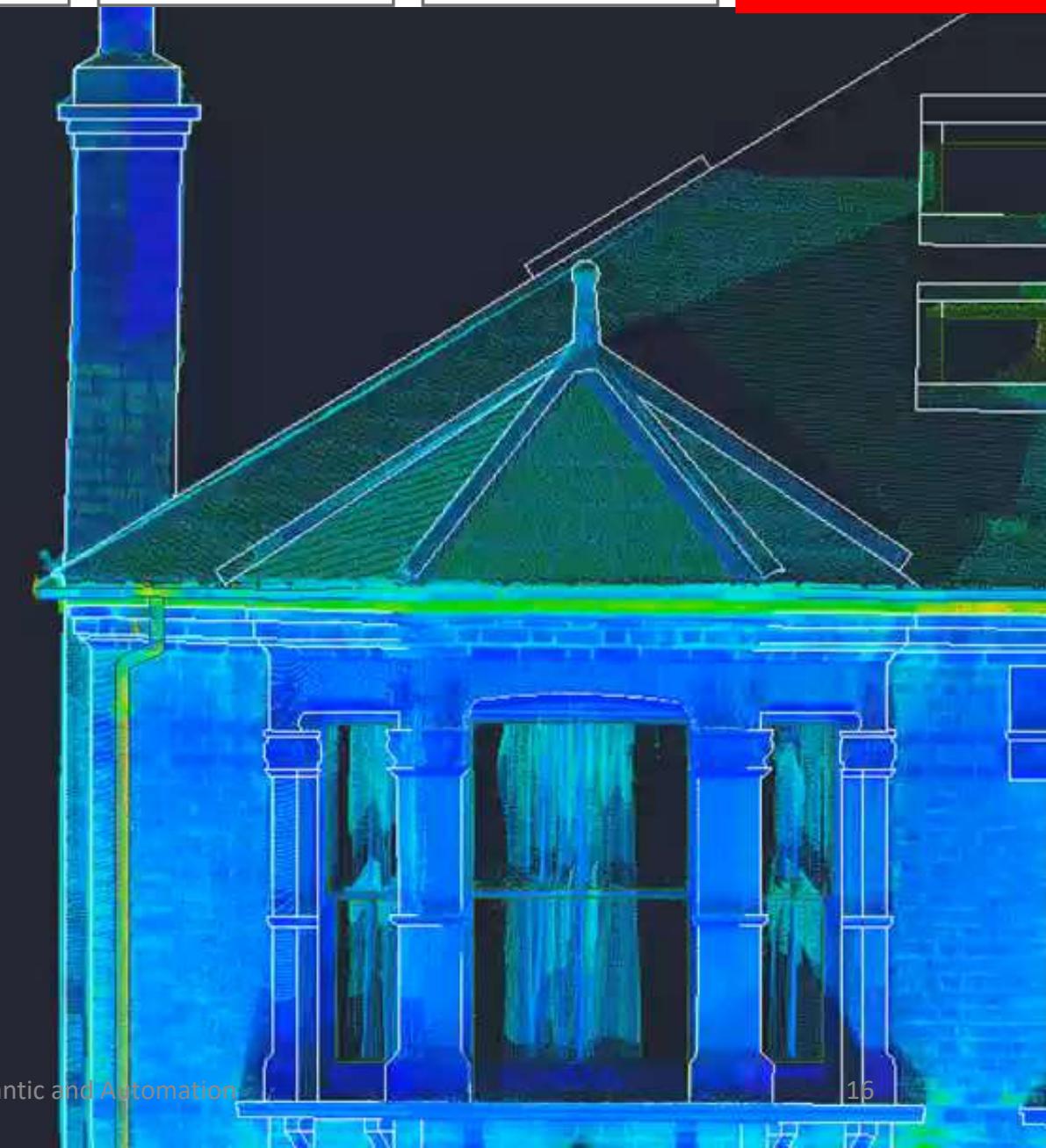
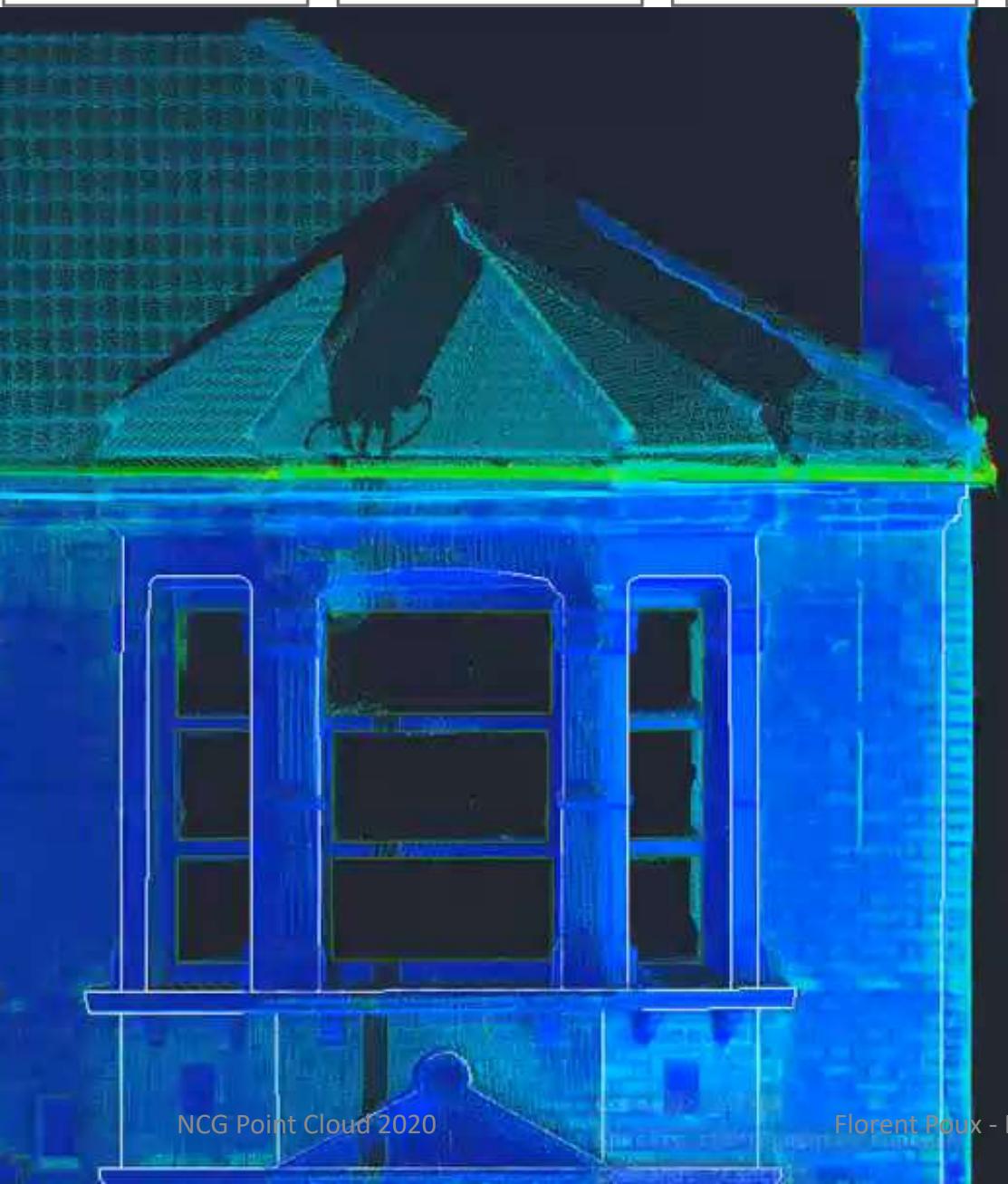






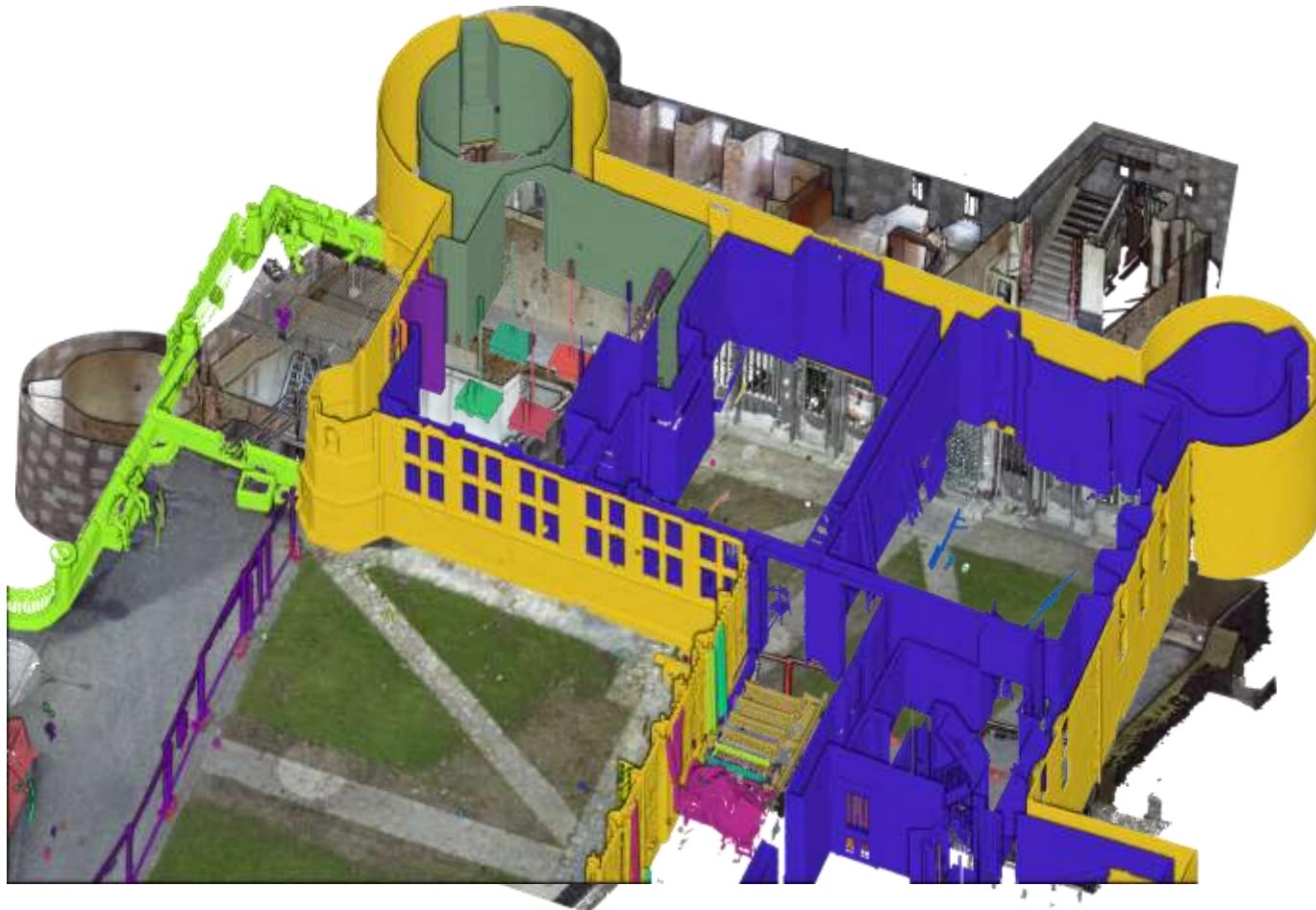


Florent Poux - PC, Segments, Semantic and Automation

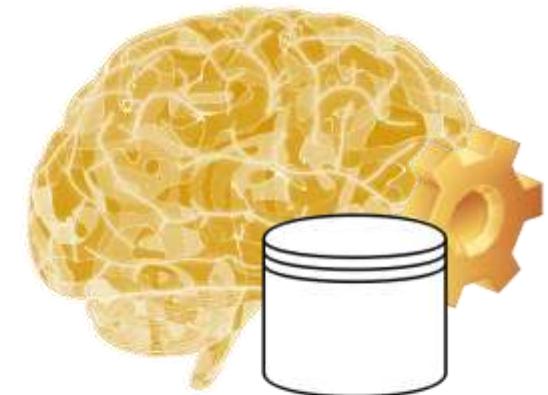


- 3D Point Cloud Specificities
- Representation & Structuration
- Automation

Semantics & Knowledge Integration



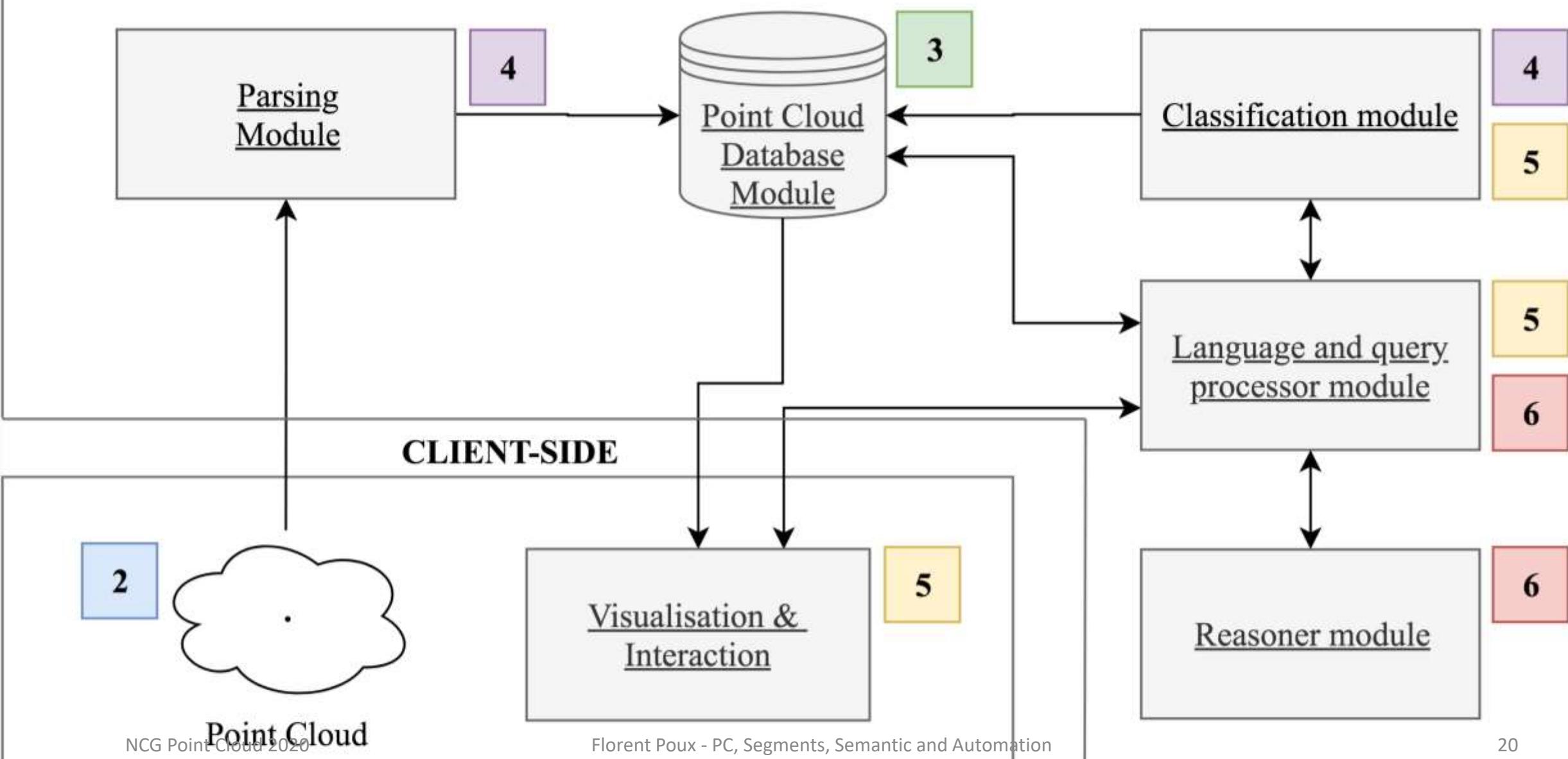
TODAY
↔
WHAT WE WANT



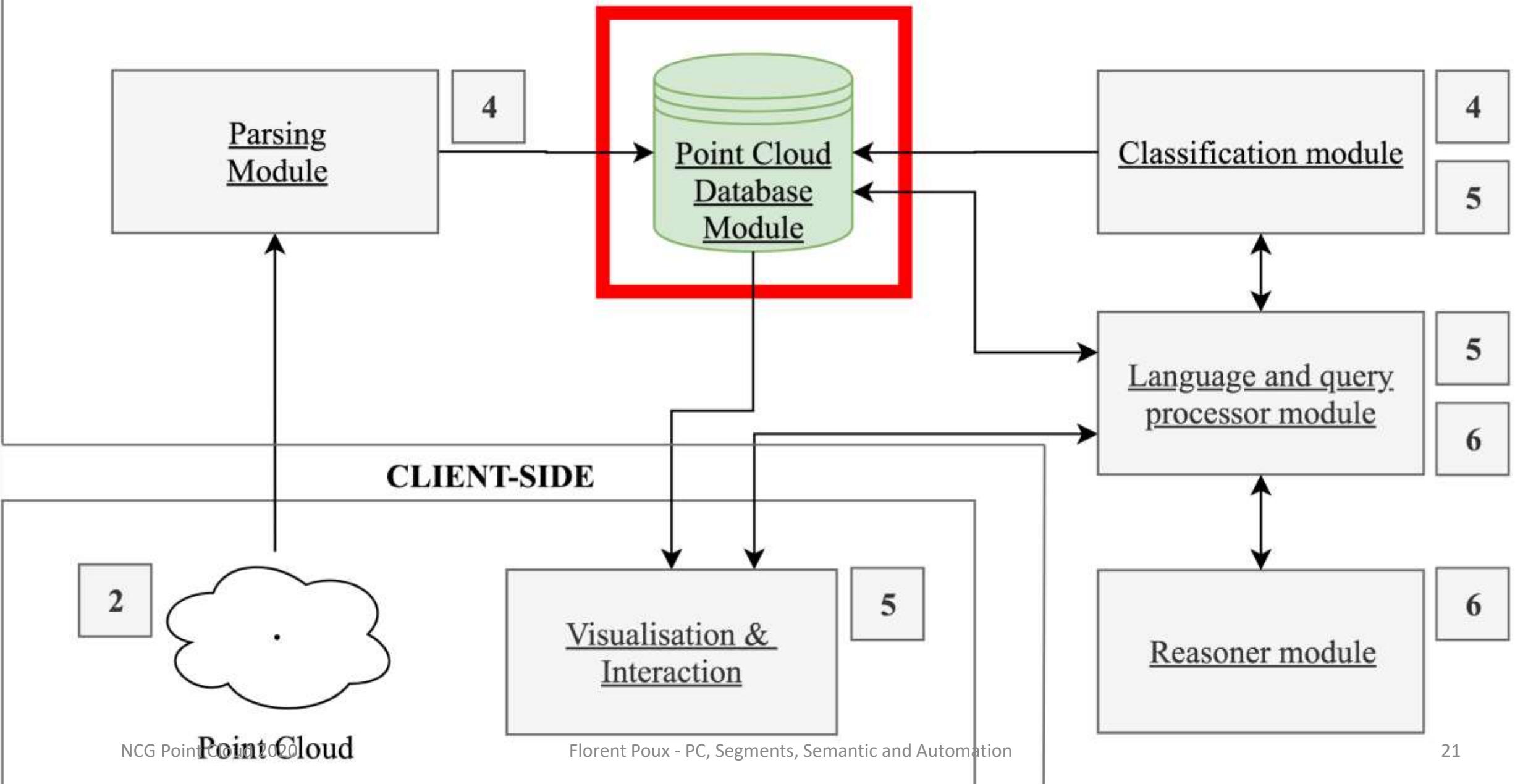
KNOWLEDGE

DELIVERY PARROTION
EXTRACTED ON based.on
SIMRehsding, ...

How to extract and integrate knowledge within 3D point clouds for autonomous decision-making systems?

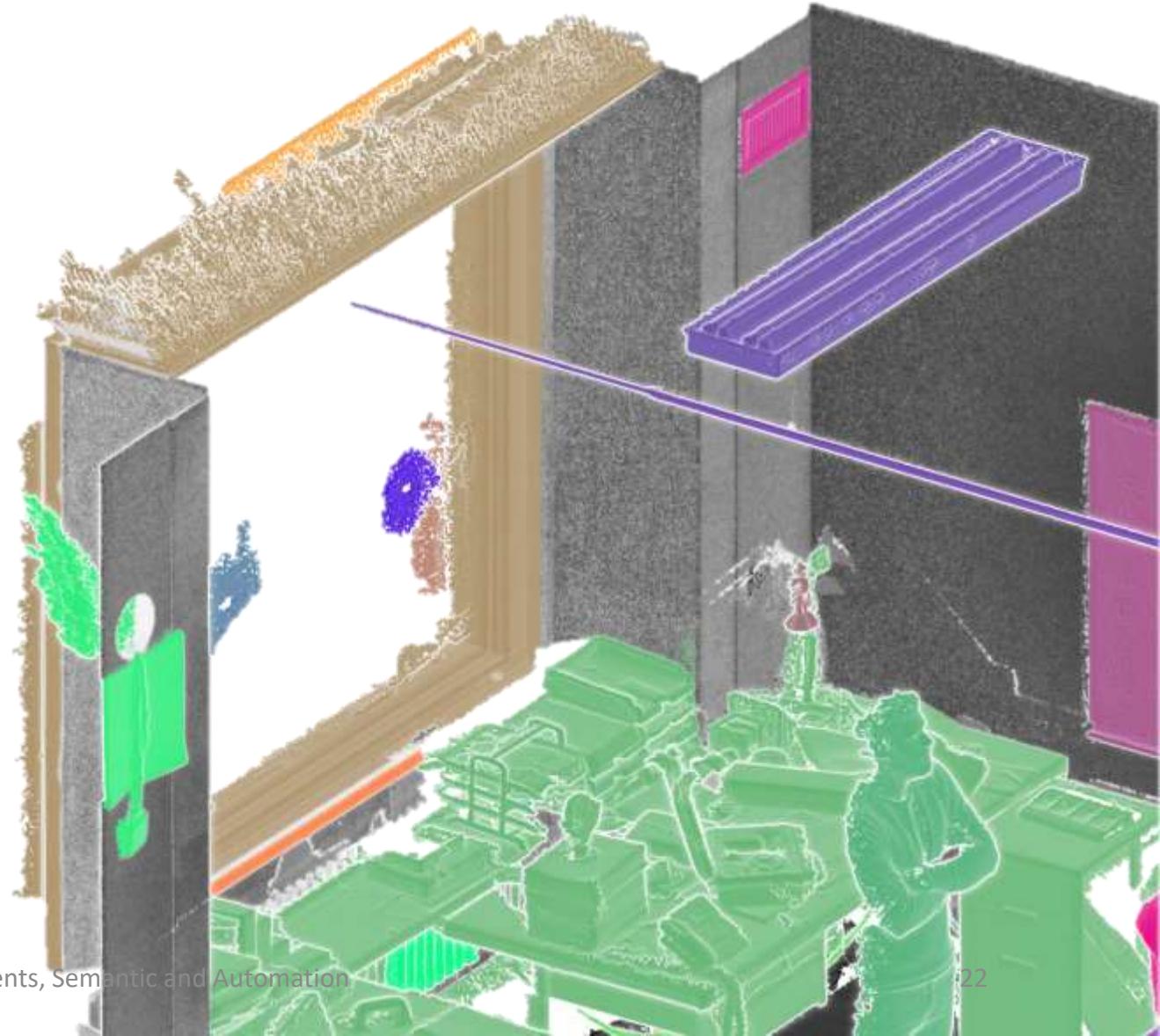
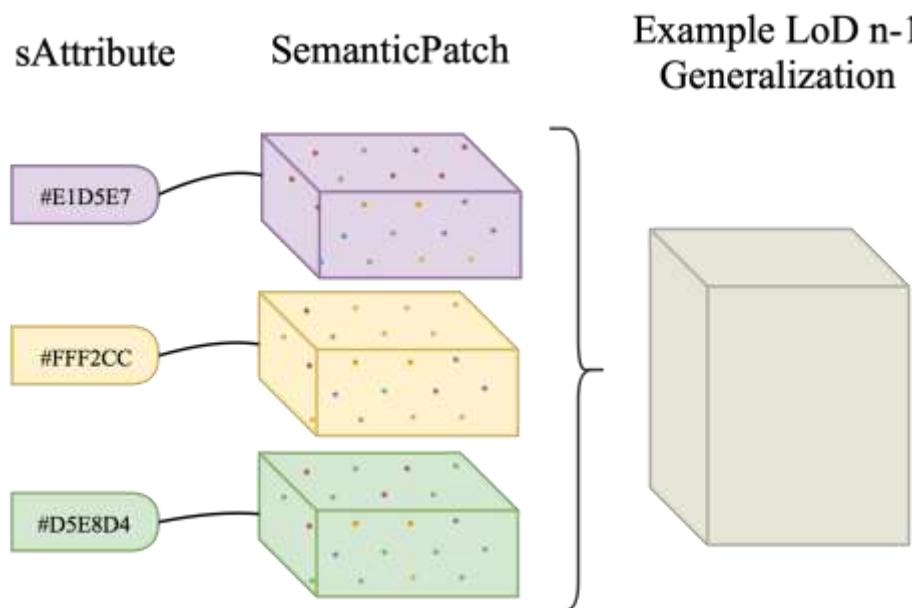


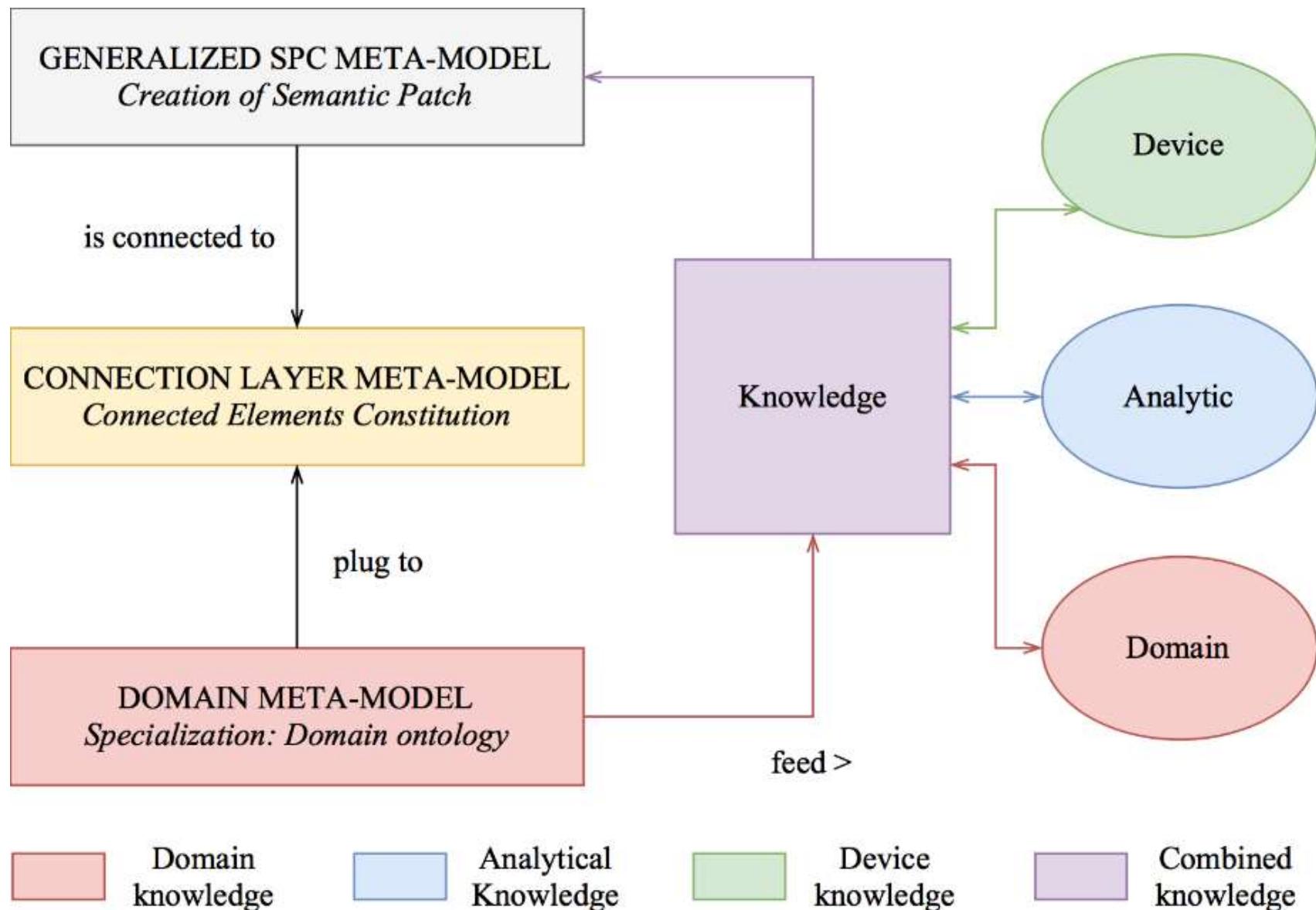
SERVER-SIDE



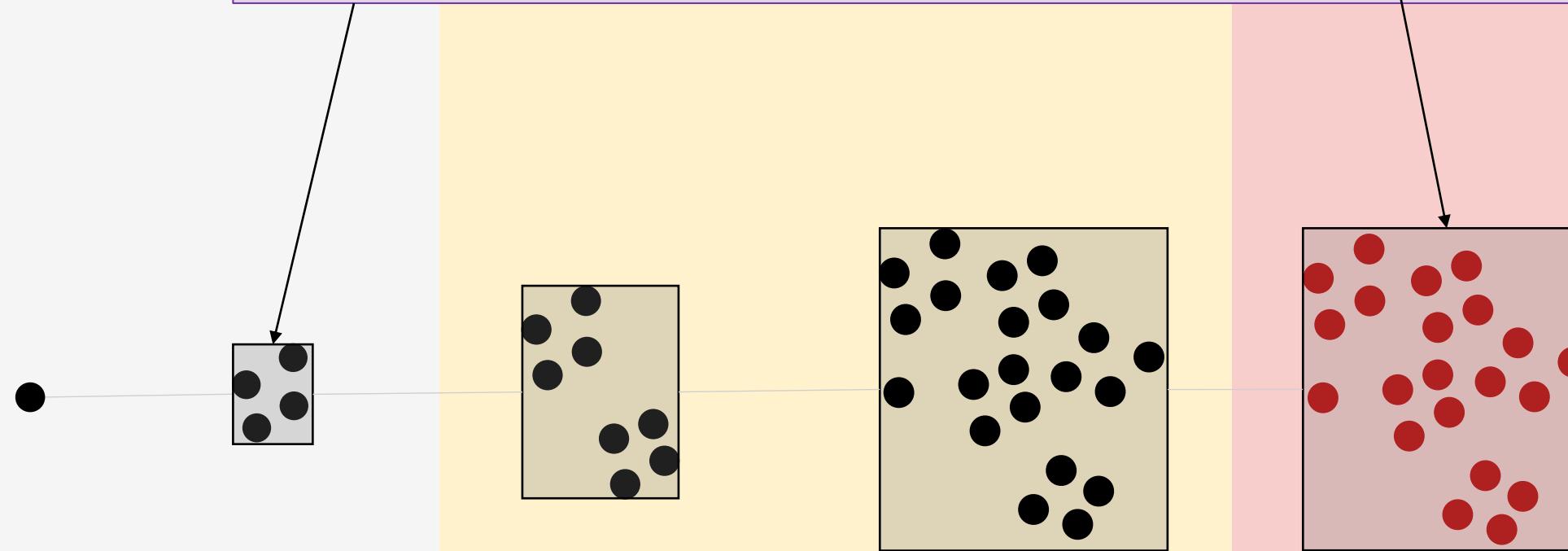
Point Cloud Specificity

*Unstructured and too sparse
for DBMS per-row insertion*





Knowledge



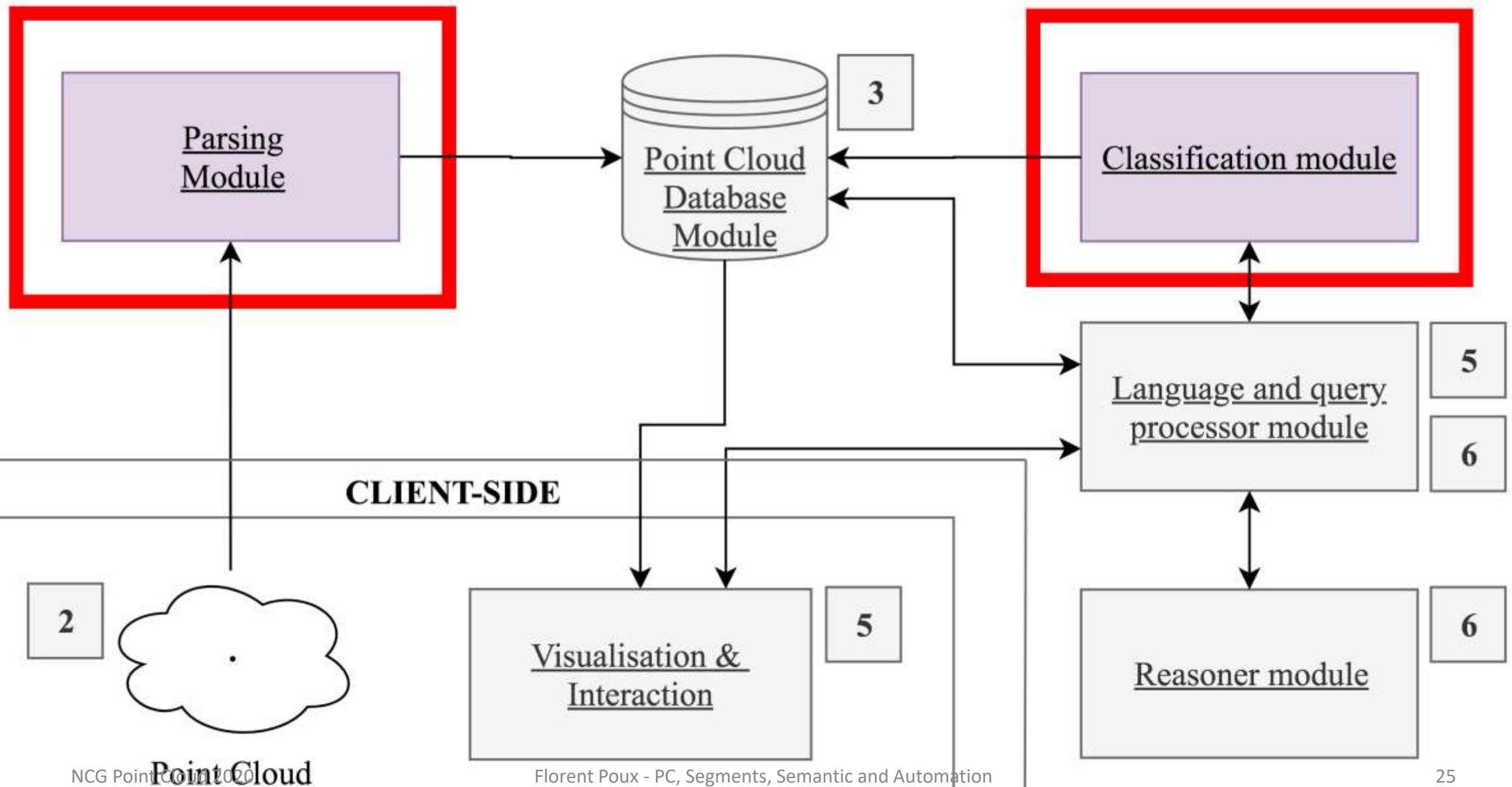
Point Semantic
Patch

Connected
Element

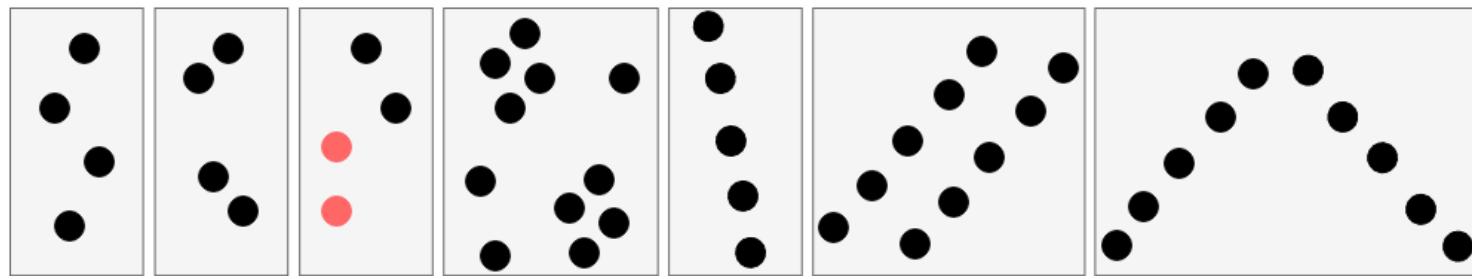
Aggregated
Element

Class
Instance

SERVER-SIDE



Gestalt's theory



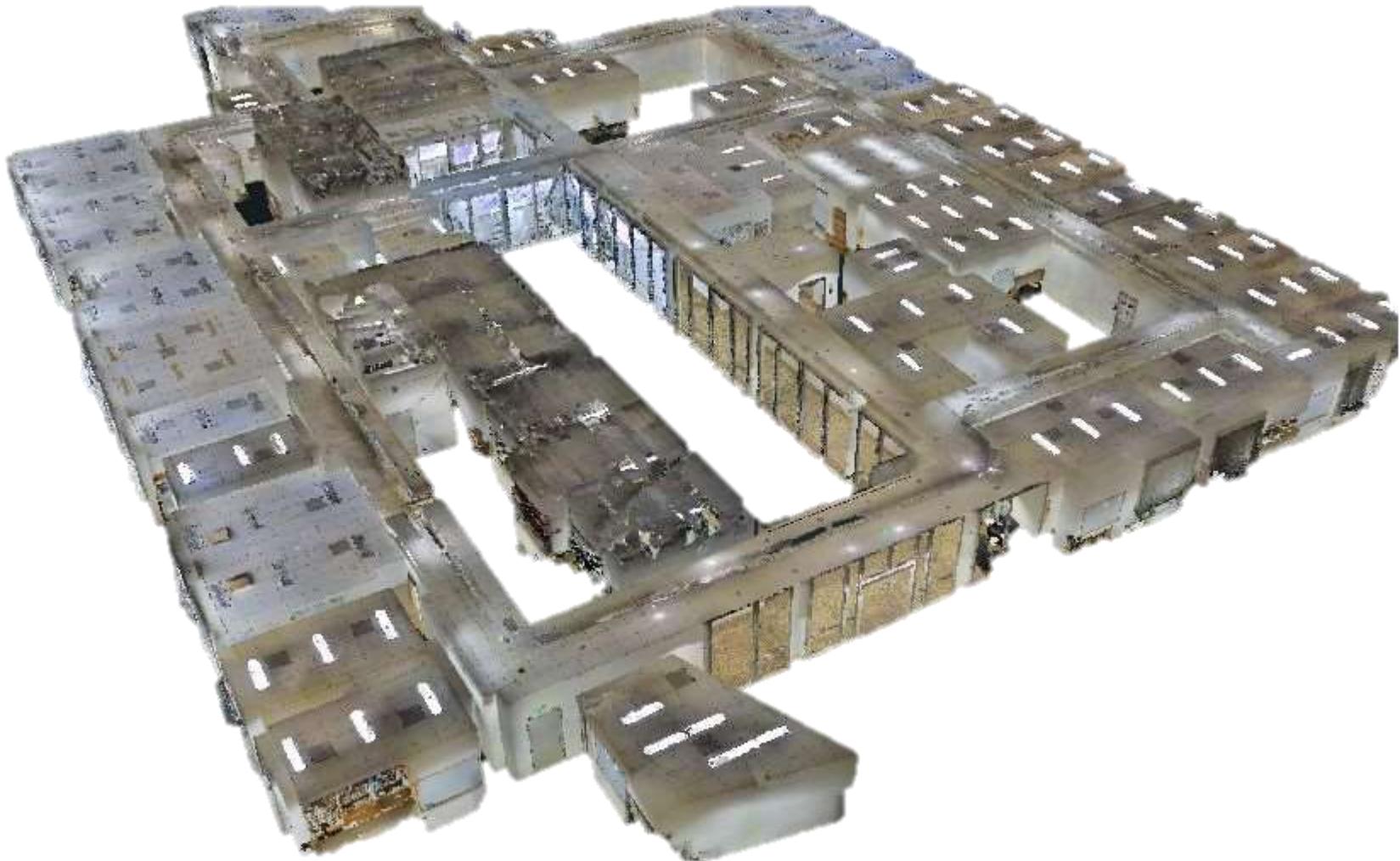
Visual patterns on points



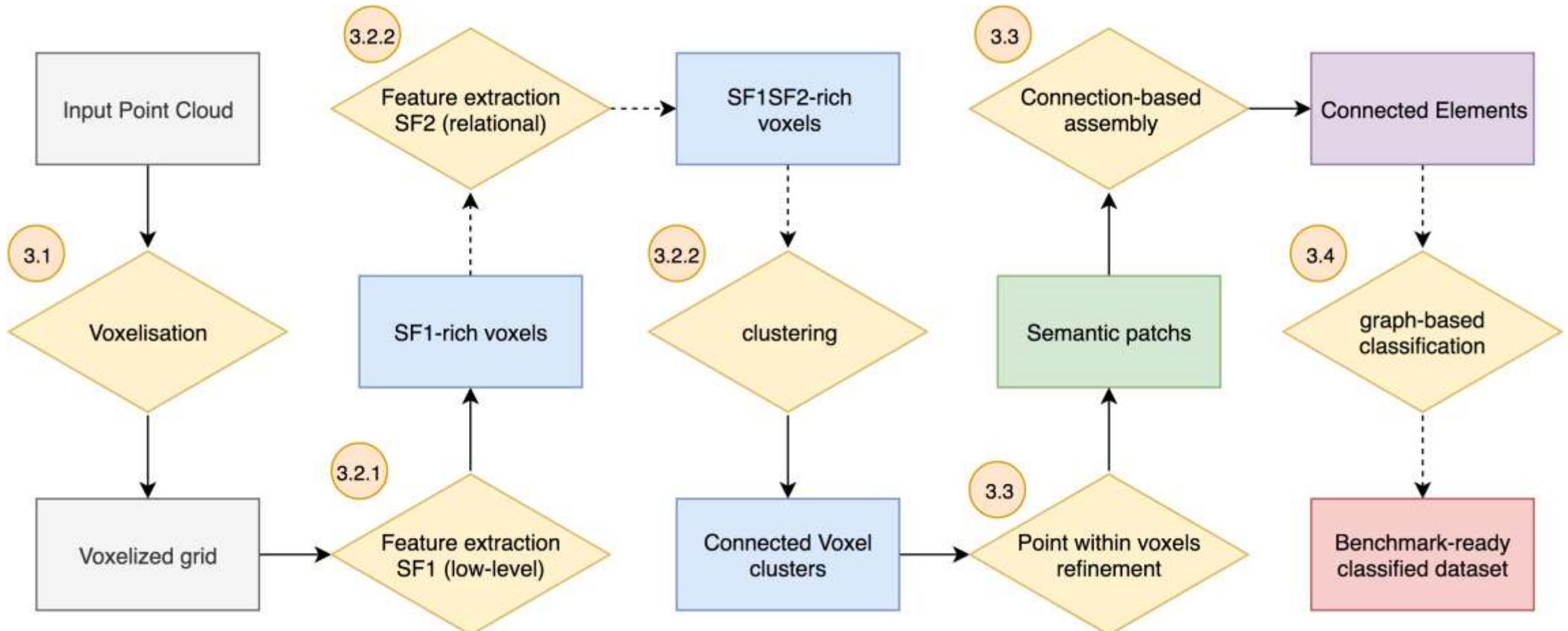
Deep learning > feature-engineering

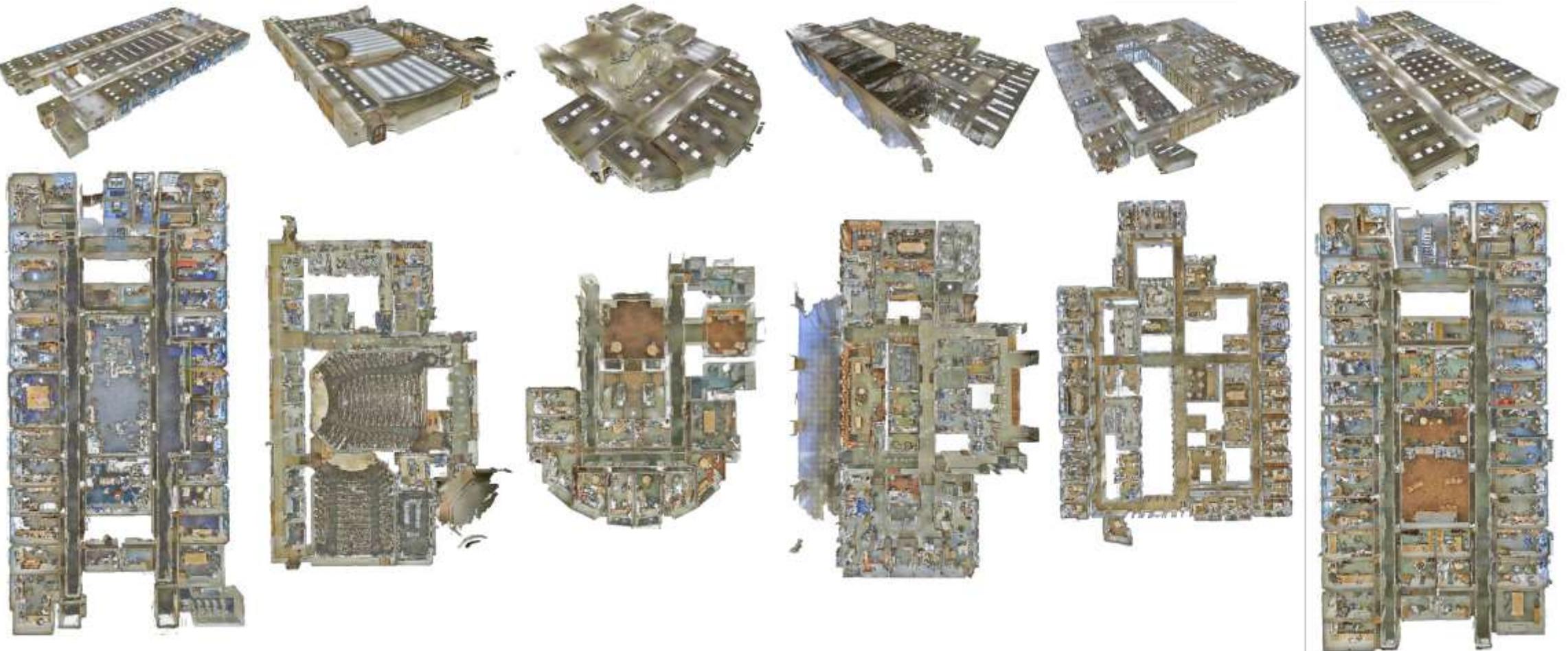
Visual patterns on points

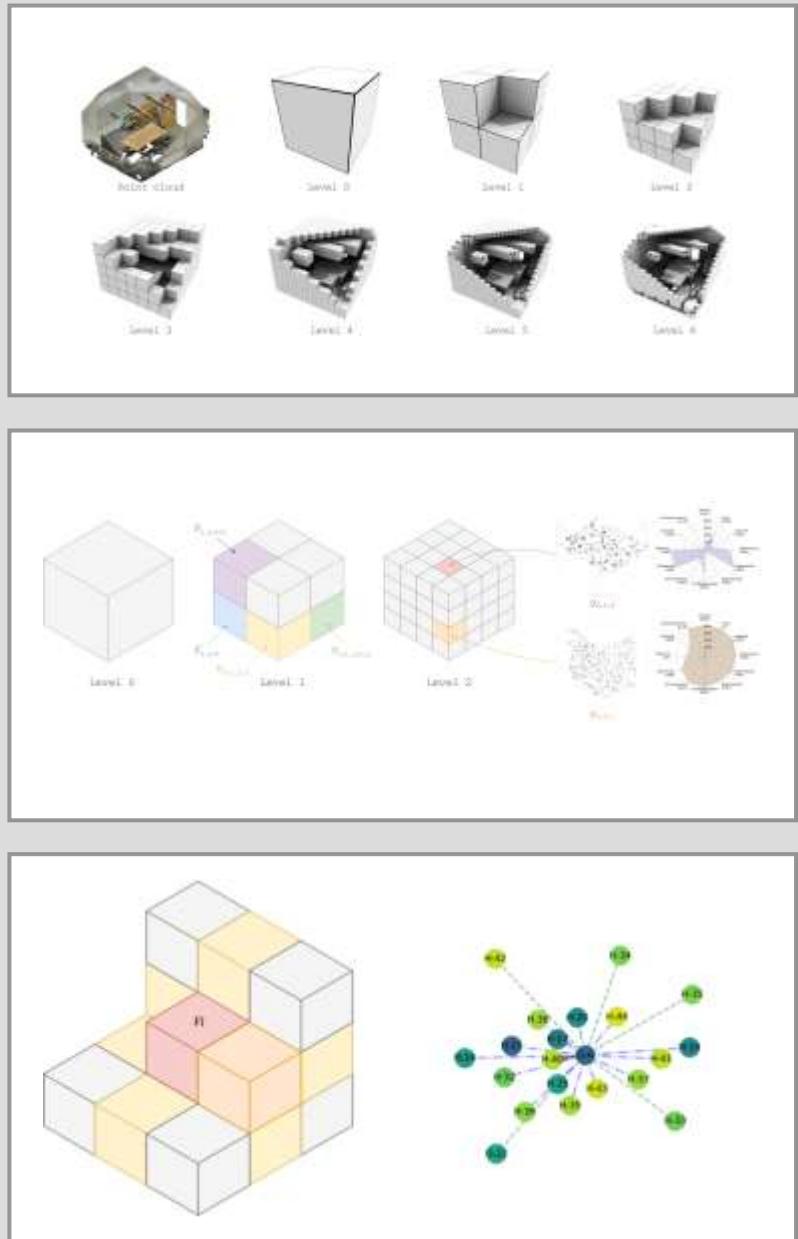
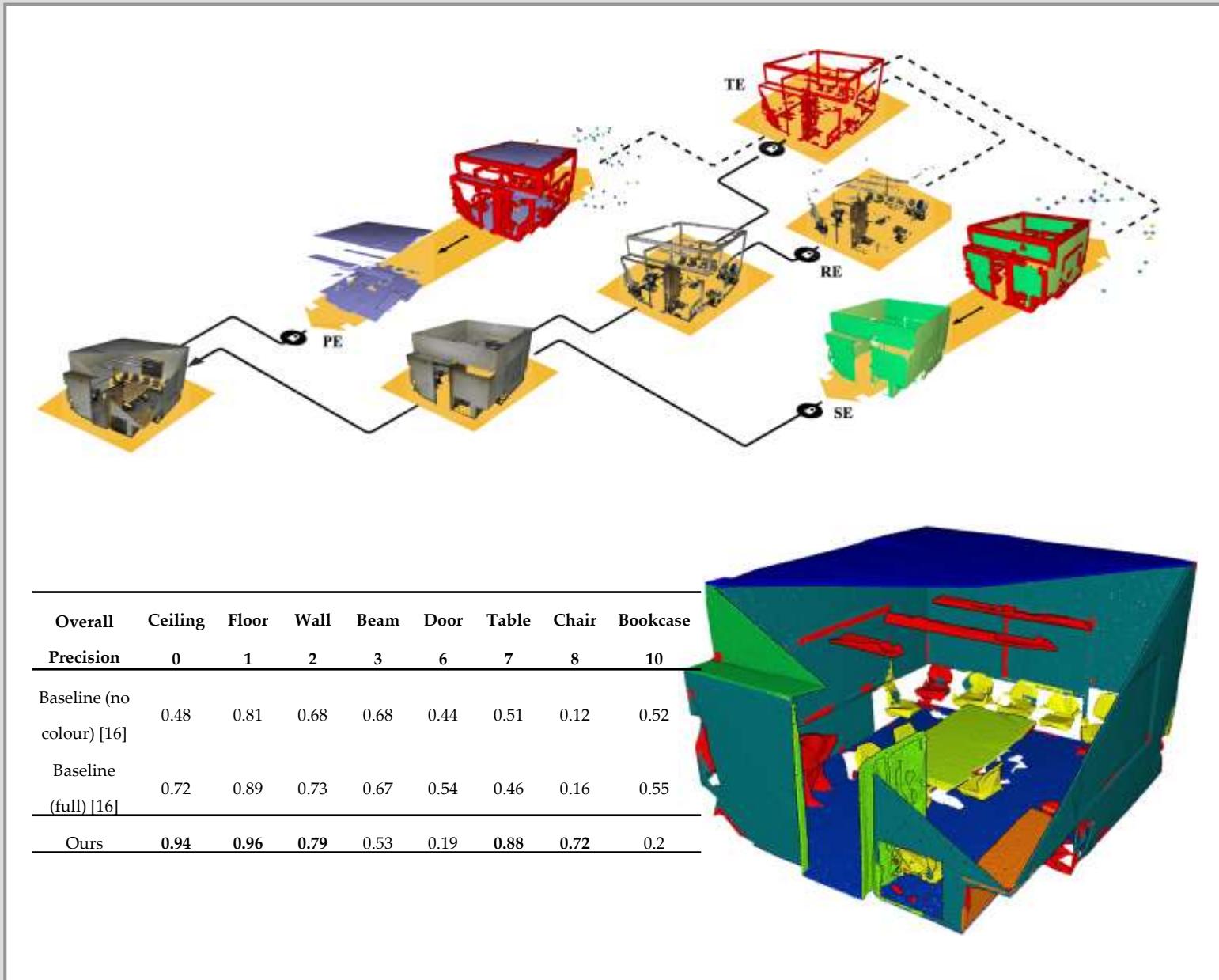
Point Cloud Datasets



Deep learning < feature-engineering





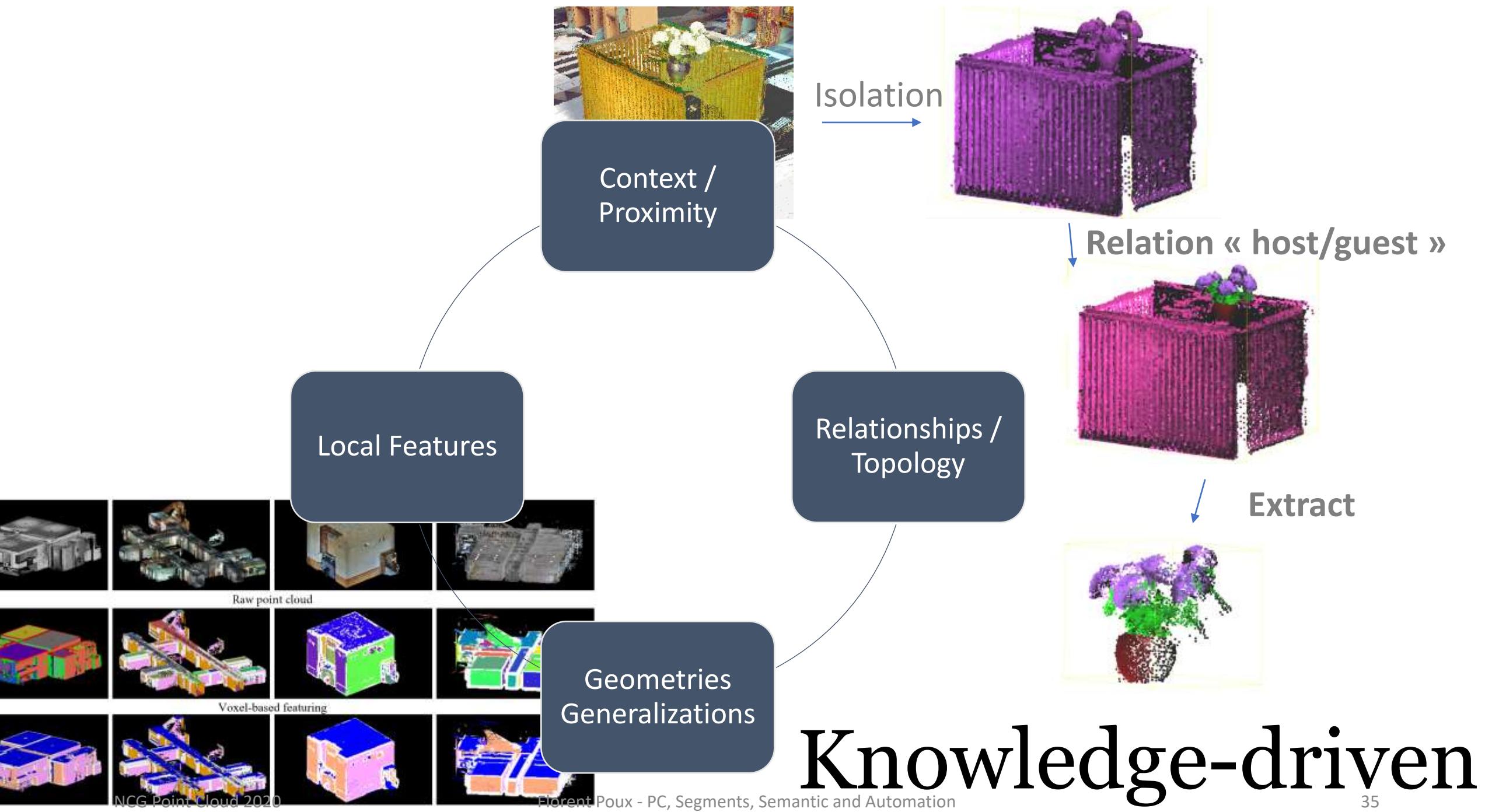


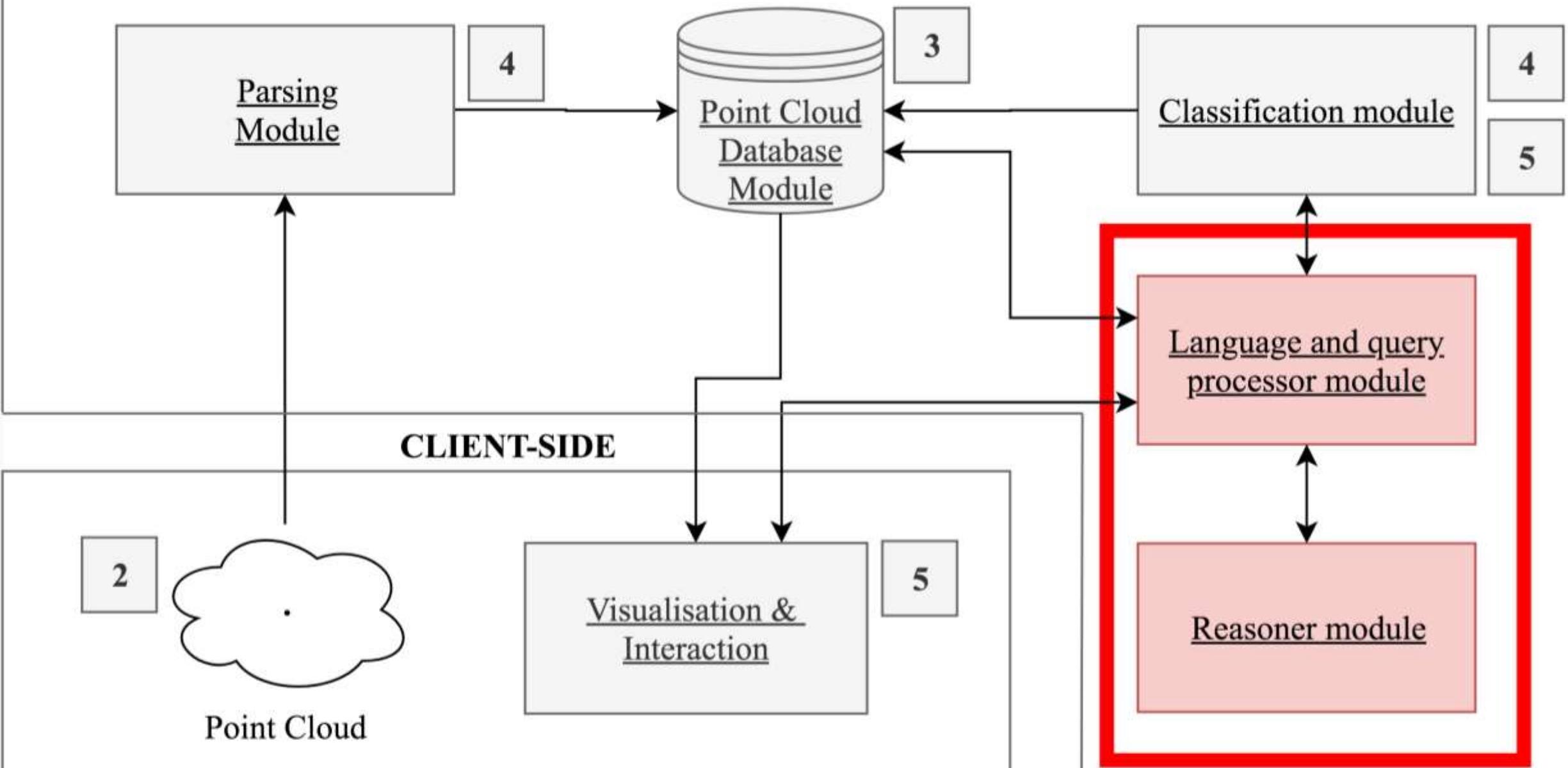


10 million points / minute

Overall	Ceiling	Floor	Wall	Beam	Door	Table	Chair	Bookcase
Precision	0	1	2	3	6	7	8	10
Baseline (no colour) [16]	0.48	0.81	0.68	0.68	0.44	0.51	0.12	0.52
Baseline (full) [16]	0.72	0.89	0.73	0.67	0.54	0.46	0.16	0.55
Ours	0.94	0.96	0.79	0.53	0.19	0.88	0.72	0.2









A classified entity



chair



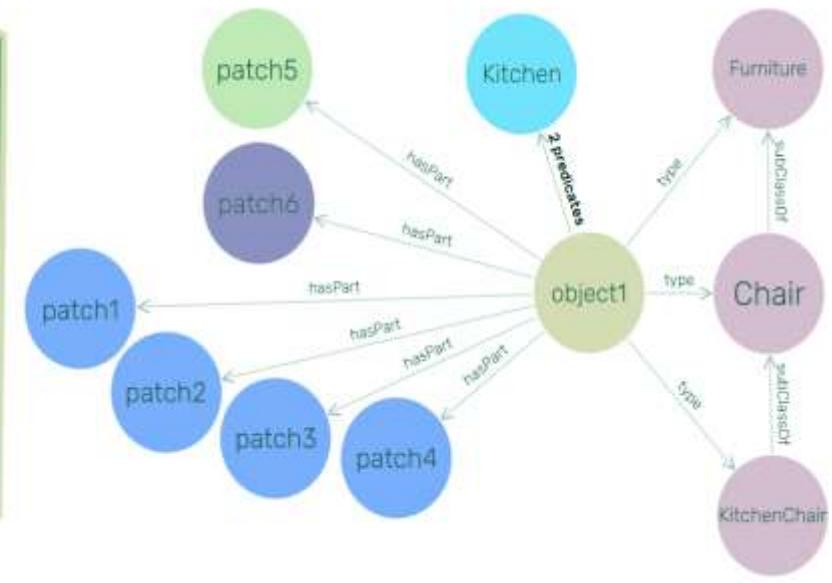
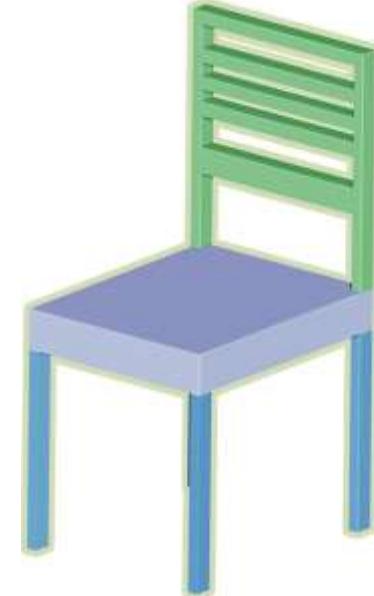
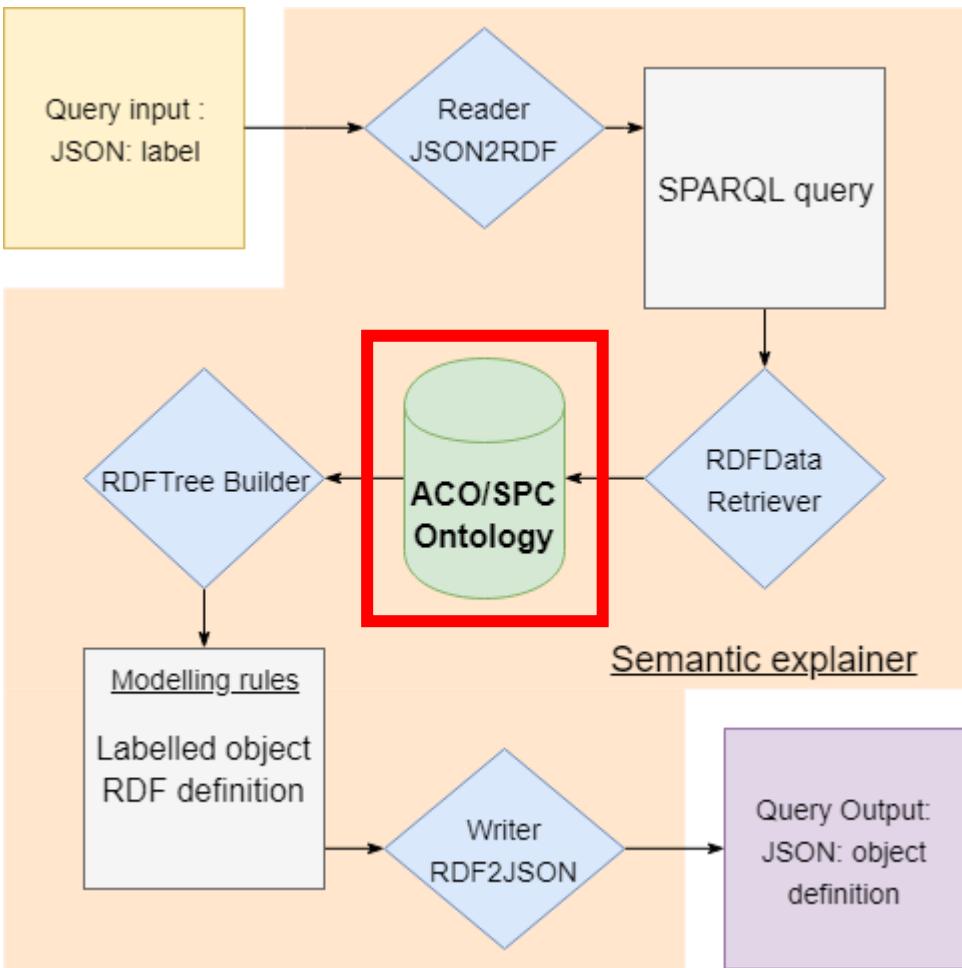
DBpedia Discourse Formats Faceted Browser Special Endpoint

About: Chaise

An Entity of Type: Article, Wikidata Item, Named Graph: http://wikidata.org/wikidata-space#dbpedia.org

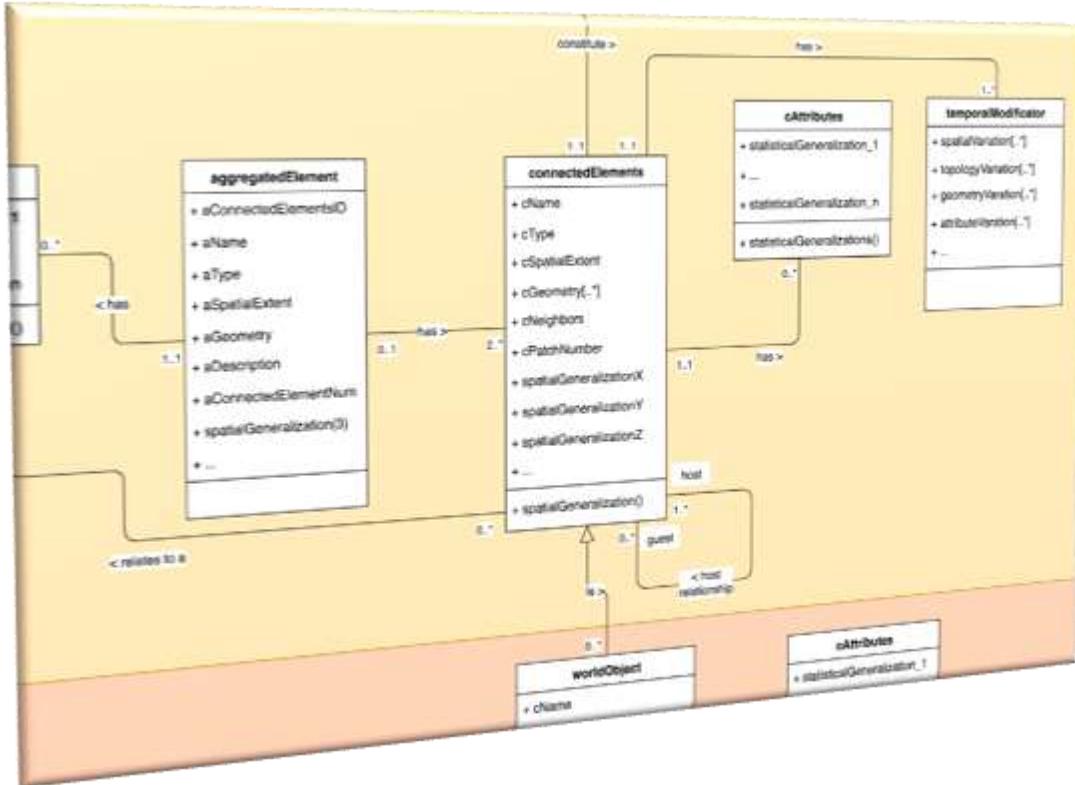
Une chaise est un type de siège, c'est-à-dire de meuble muni d'un dossier et destiné à ce qu'une personne s'assoie dessus. Un siège pour une personne sans dossier ni repose-bras est un tabouret ; pour plus d'une personne c'est un sofa ou un banc. Un repose-pieds séparé pour une chaise s'appelle un ottoman. La chaise comporte : * un piétement, généralement composé de quatre pieds, parfois renforcé par une entretoise ; * une assise, la profondeur d'assise d'une chaise est comprise entre 45 et 55 cm, et sa hauteur est normalement de 45 cm ; * un dossier.

Property	Value
au:abstract	A chair is a piece of furniture with a seated surface, commonly used to seat a single person. Chairs are supported most often by four legs and have a back; however, a chair can have three legs or can have a different shape. Chairs are made of a wide variety of materials, ranging from wood to metal to synthetic material (e.g., plastic), and they may be padded or upholstered in various colors and fabrics, either just on the seat (as with some dining room chairs) or on the entire chair. Chairs are used in a number of rooms in homes (e.g., in living rooms, dining rooms and dens), in schools and offices (with desks), and in various other workplaces. A chair without a back or arm rests is a stool, or when raised up, a bar stool. A chair with arms is an armchair and with upholstery, reclining chair, and a tall-out fauteuil, a rocker. A permanently fixed chair in a train or theater is a seat or in an airplane, airplane seat, when rising, it is a saddle and bicycle saddle, and for an automobile, a car seat or infant car seat. When whims it is a wheechair and when flying from above, a swing. An upholstered, padded chair for more than one person is a couch, sofa, settee, or "couch", or if it is not upholstered, a bench. A separate footstool for a chair, usually upholstered, is known as an ottoman, hassock or pouffe. See
au:label	Chaise
au:wikiPageID	262642 (xsd:integer)
au:wikiPageRevisionID	744985471 (xsd:integer)
au:subject	au:Chair



Connected Elements

- Aggregated-Element
- Normal-Element
- Sub-Element

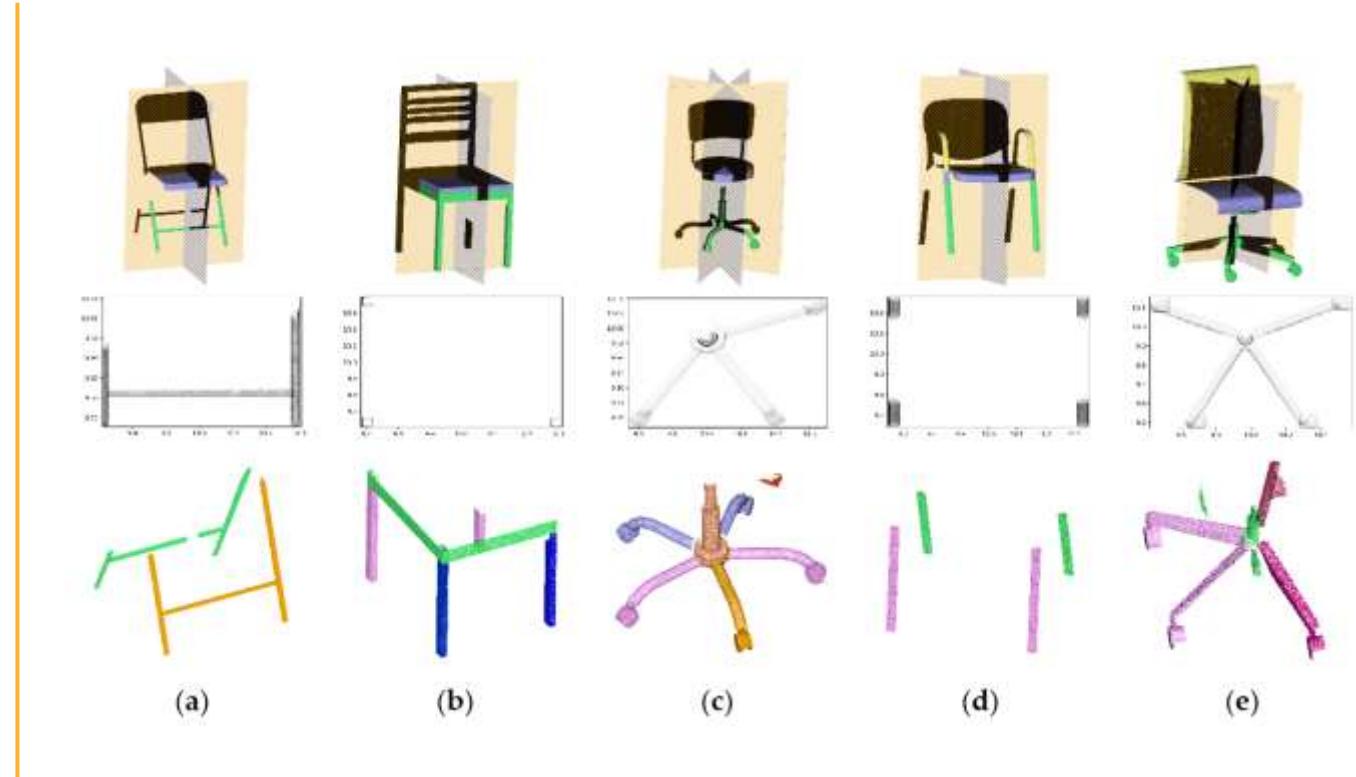
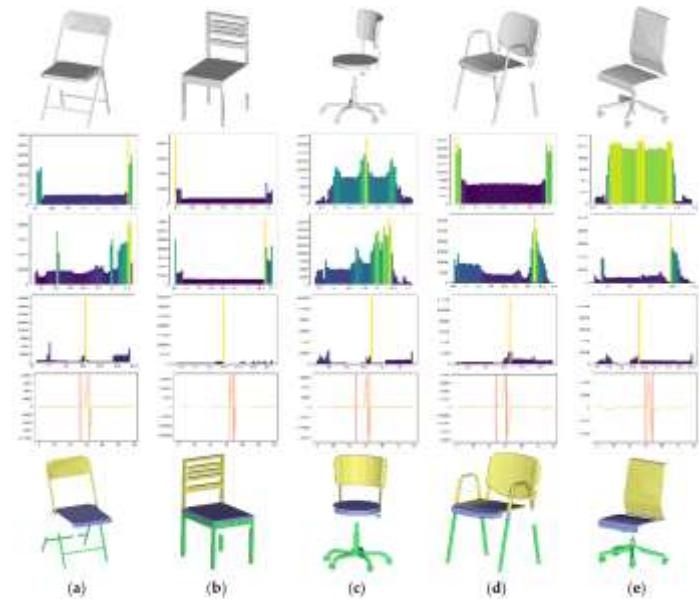




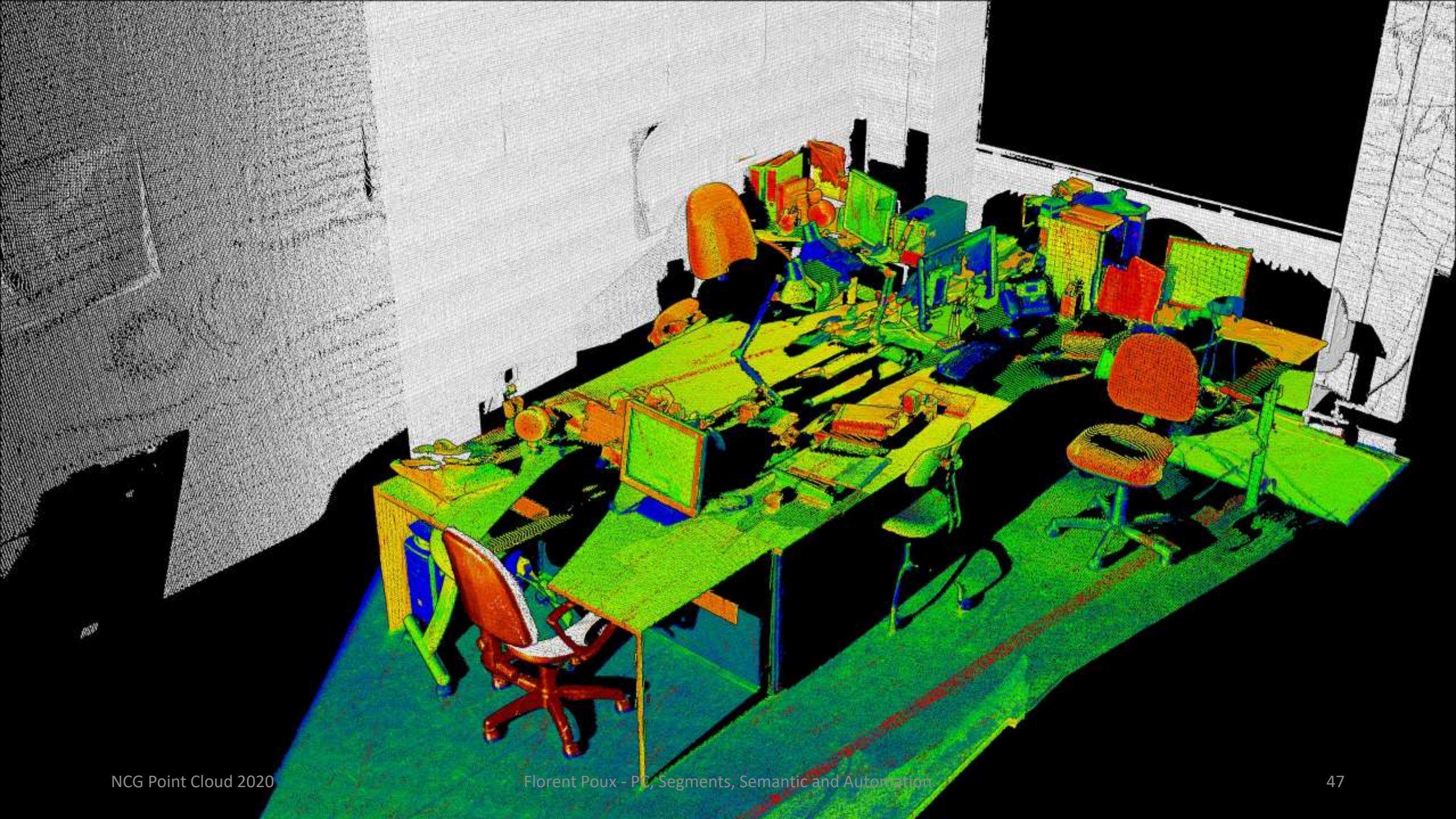
Chair = AE

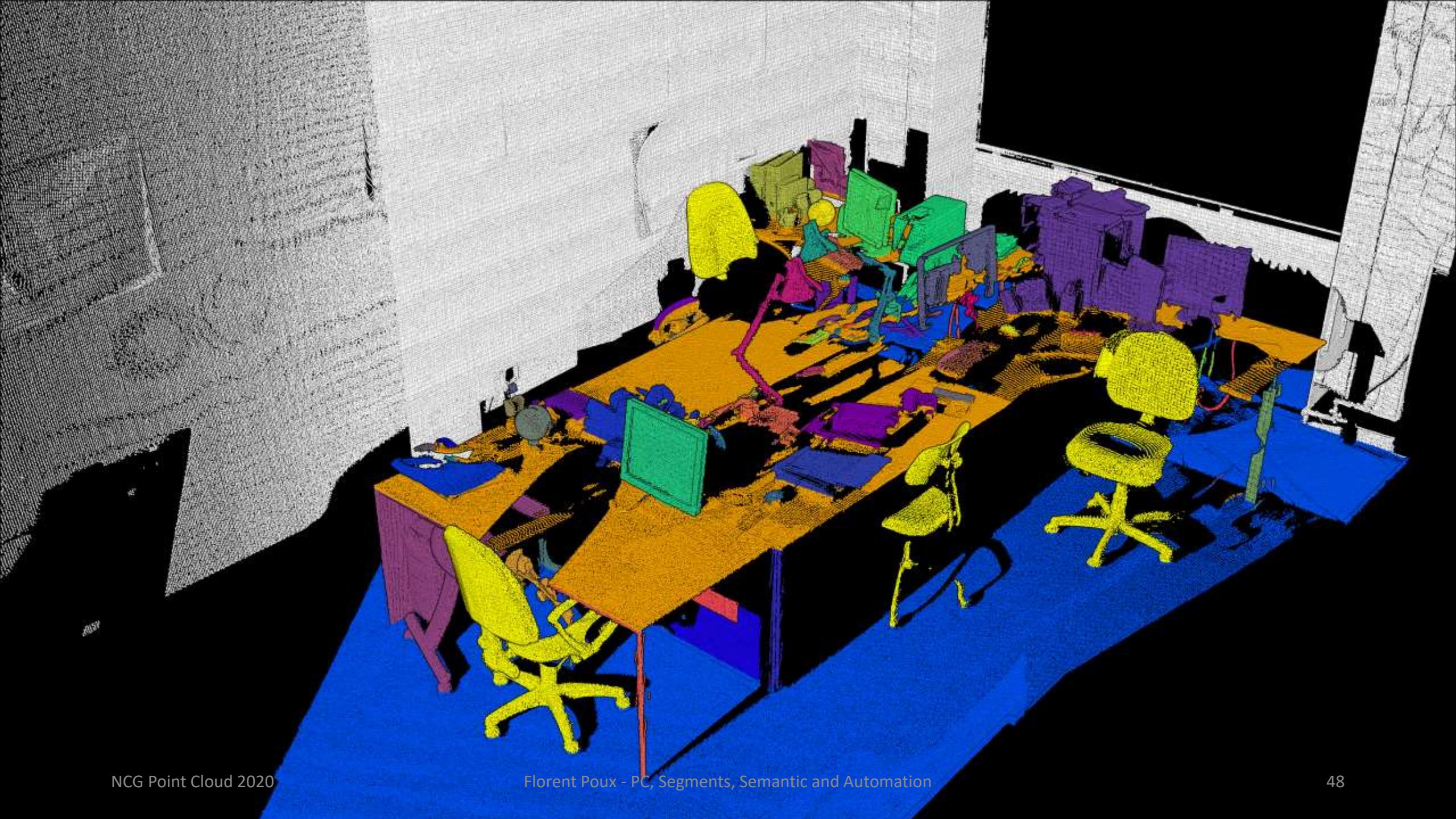


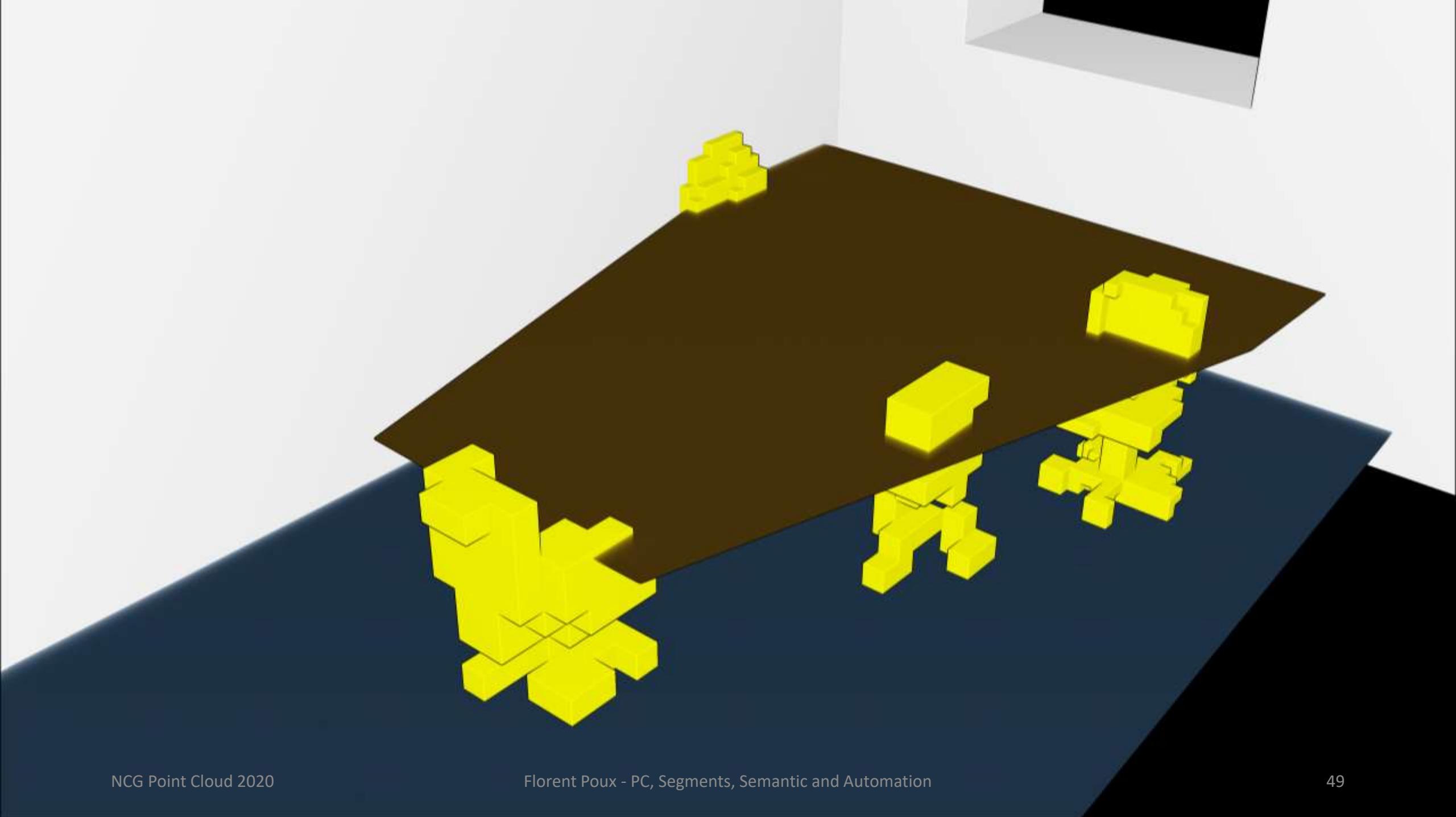
Part segmentation

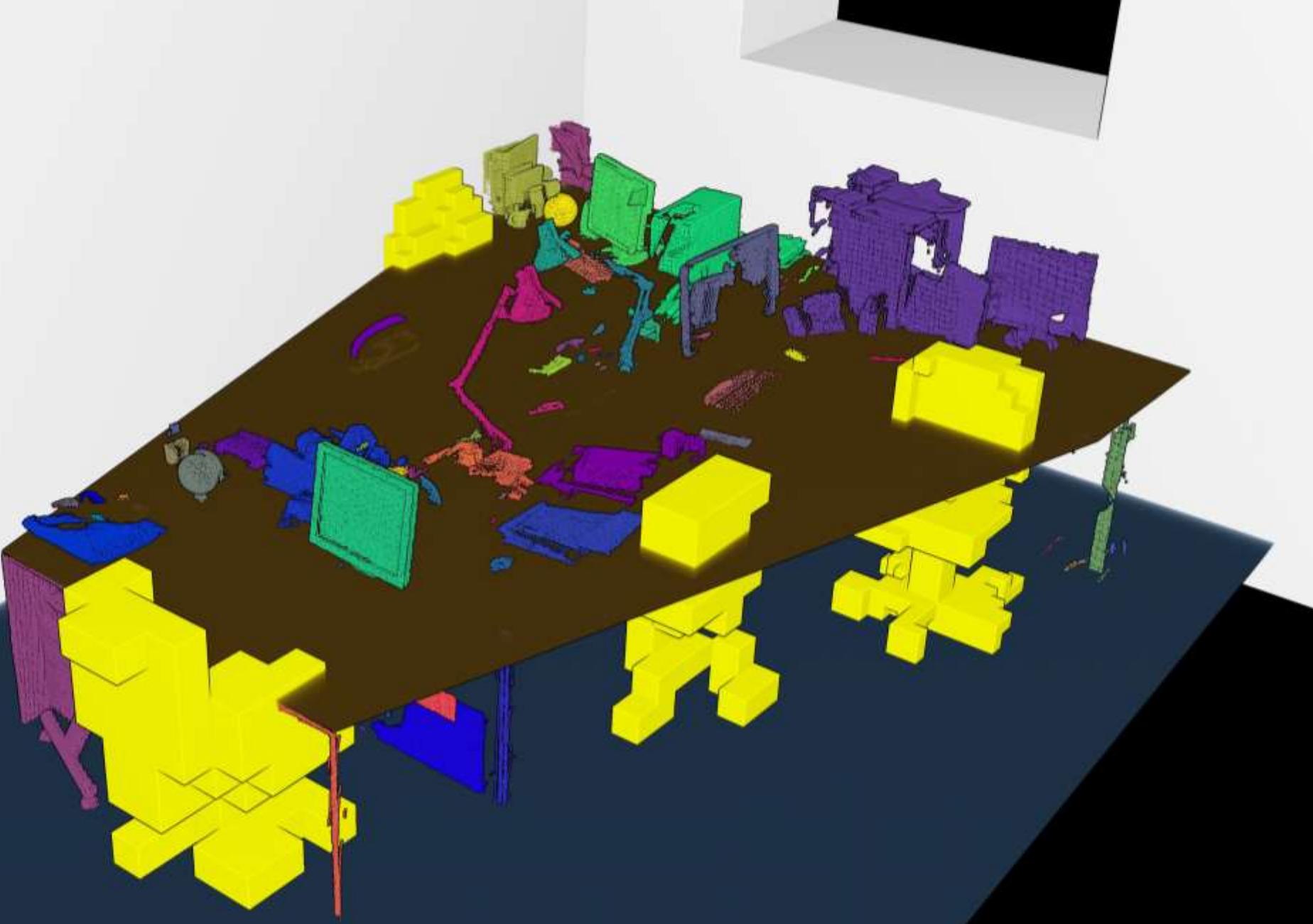


Characterization refinement







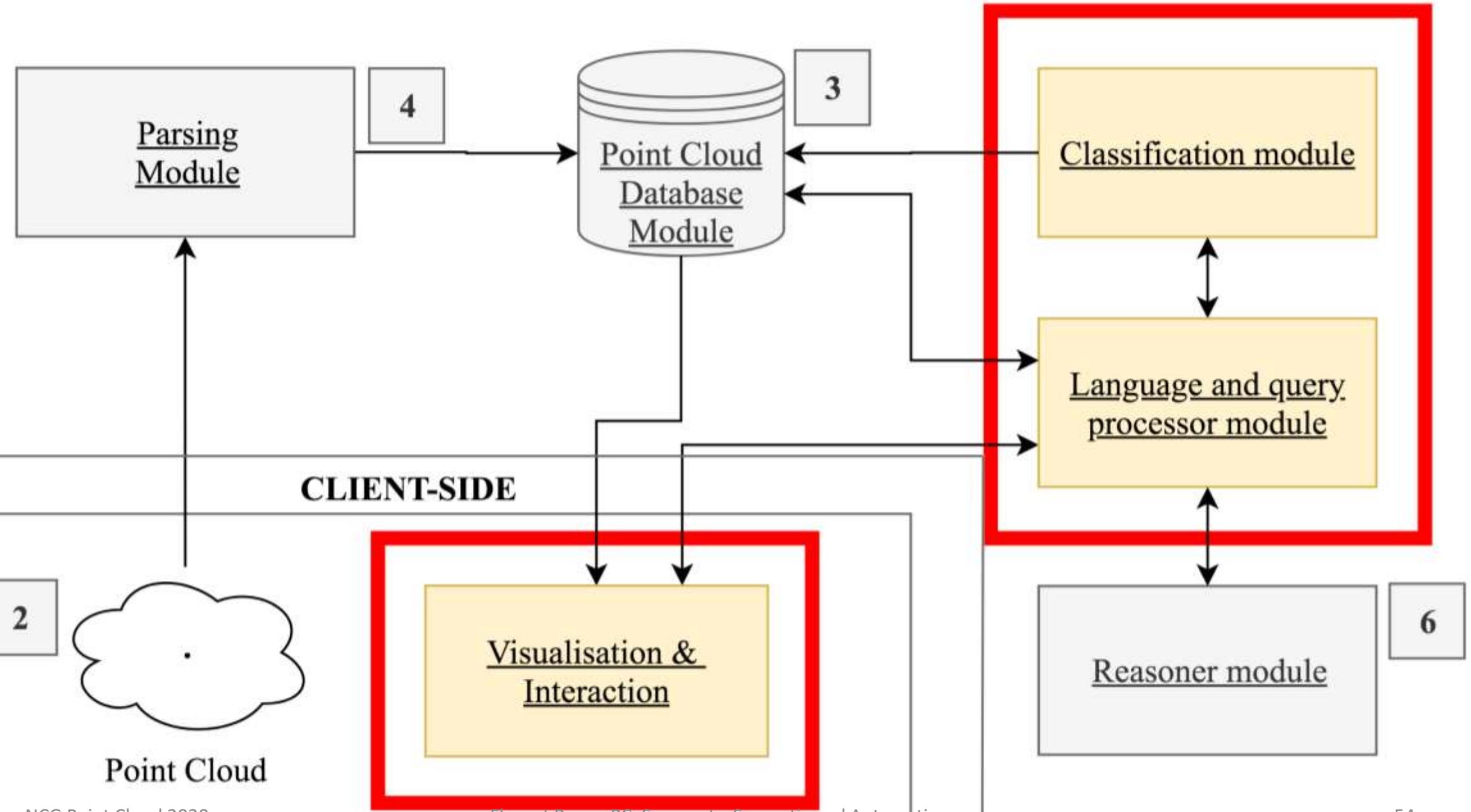


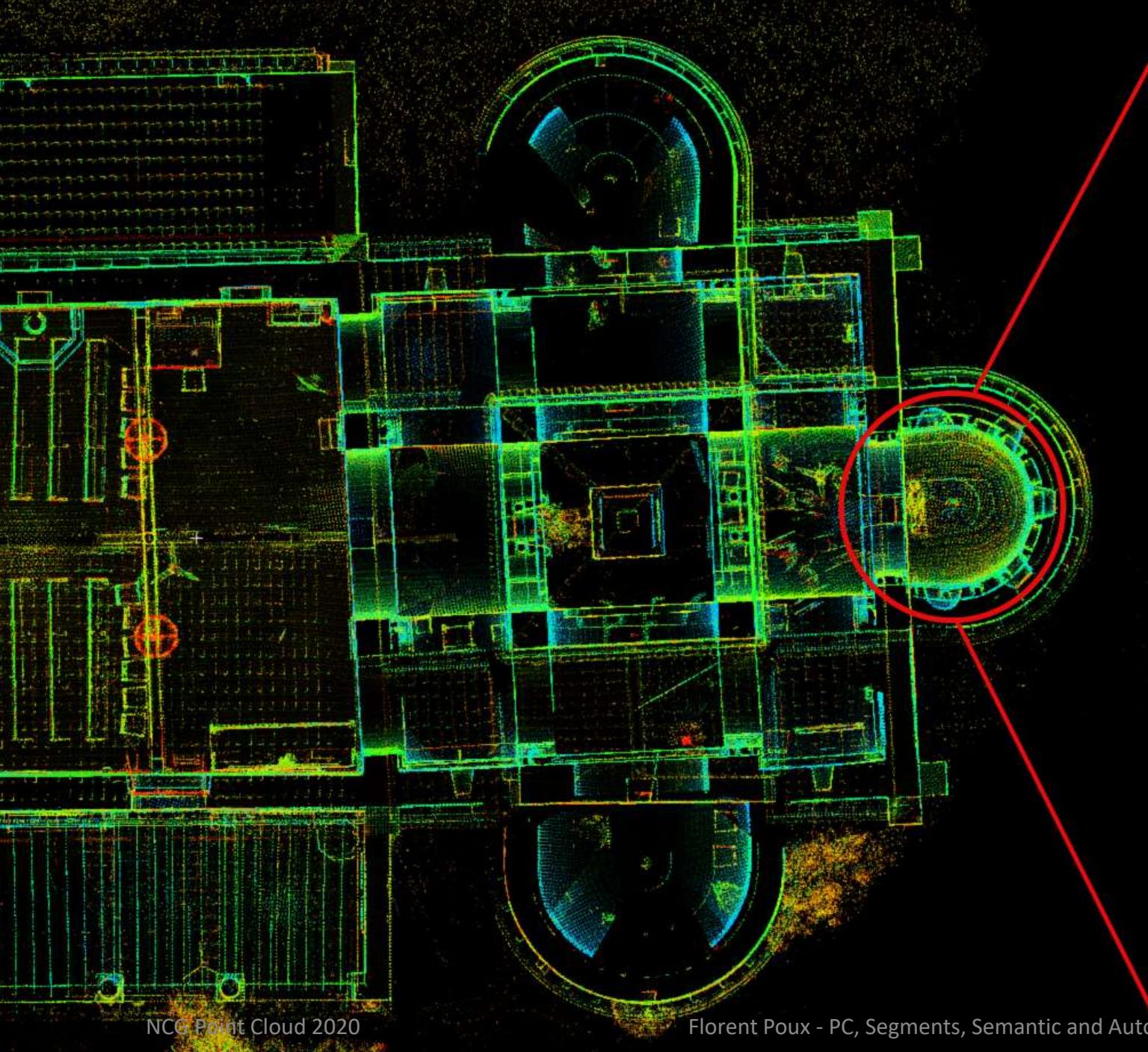
Semantic Representation

How to extract and integrate knowledge within 3D point clouds for autonomous decision-making systems?

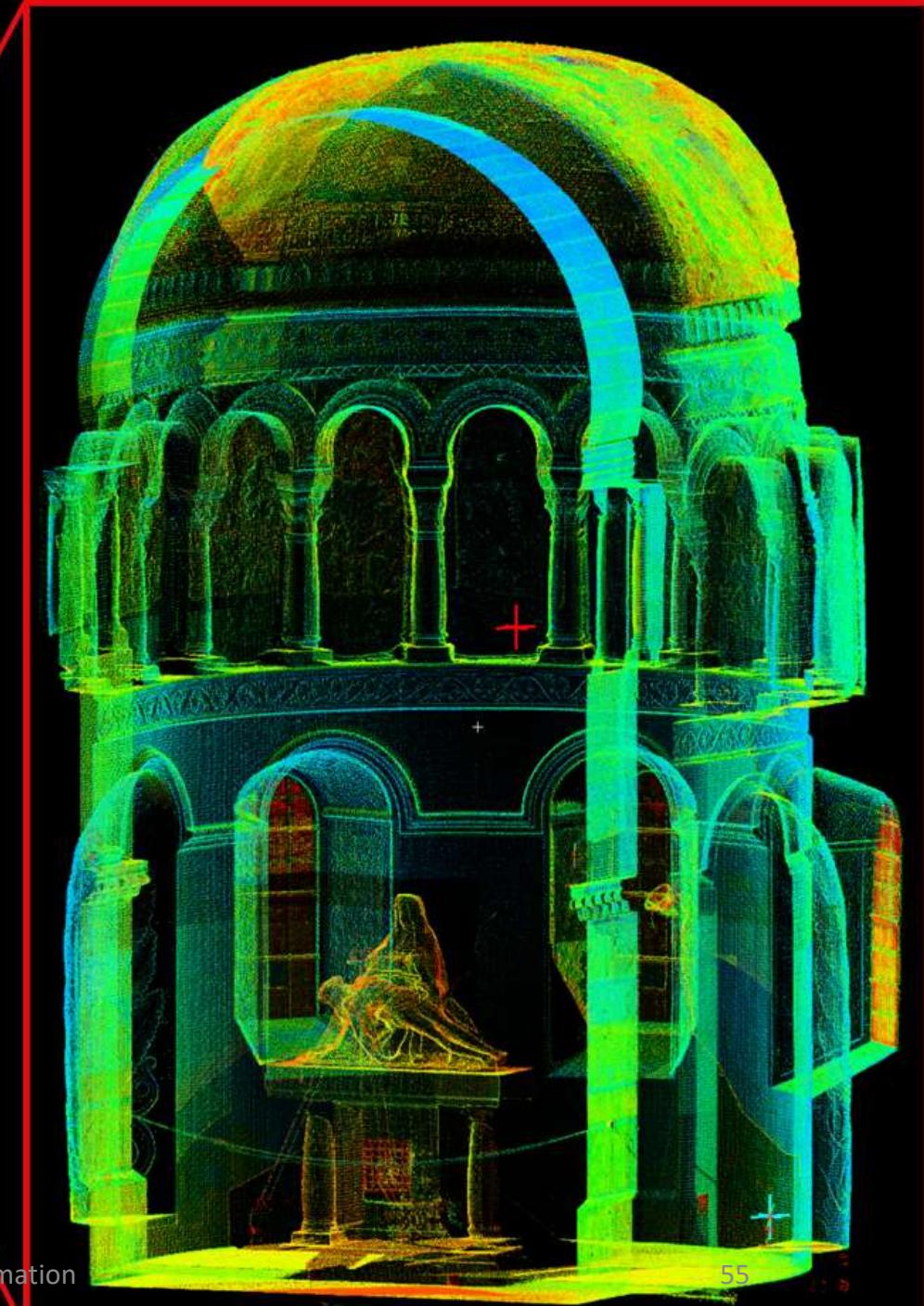
1. Using a multi-level conceptual structure
2. Parsing PC at the lowest possible level
3. Plug a domain formalization through an ontology of classification
4. Generate a modular semantic representation

... Automatically ...





Florent Poux - PC, Segments, Semantic and Automation





Florent Poux - PC, Segments, Semantic and Automation



INITIAL

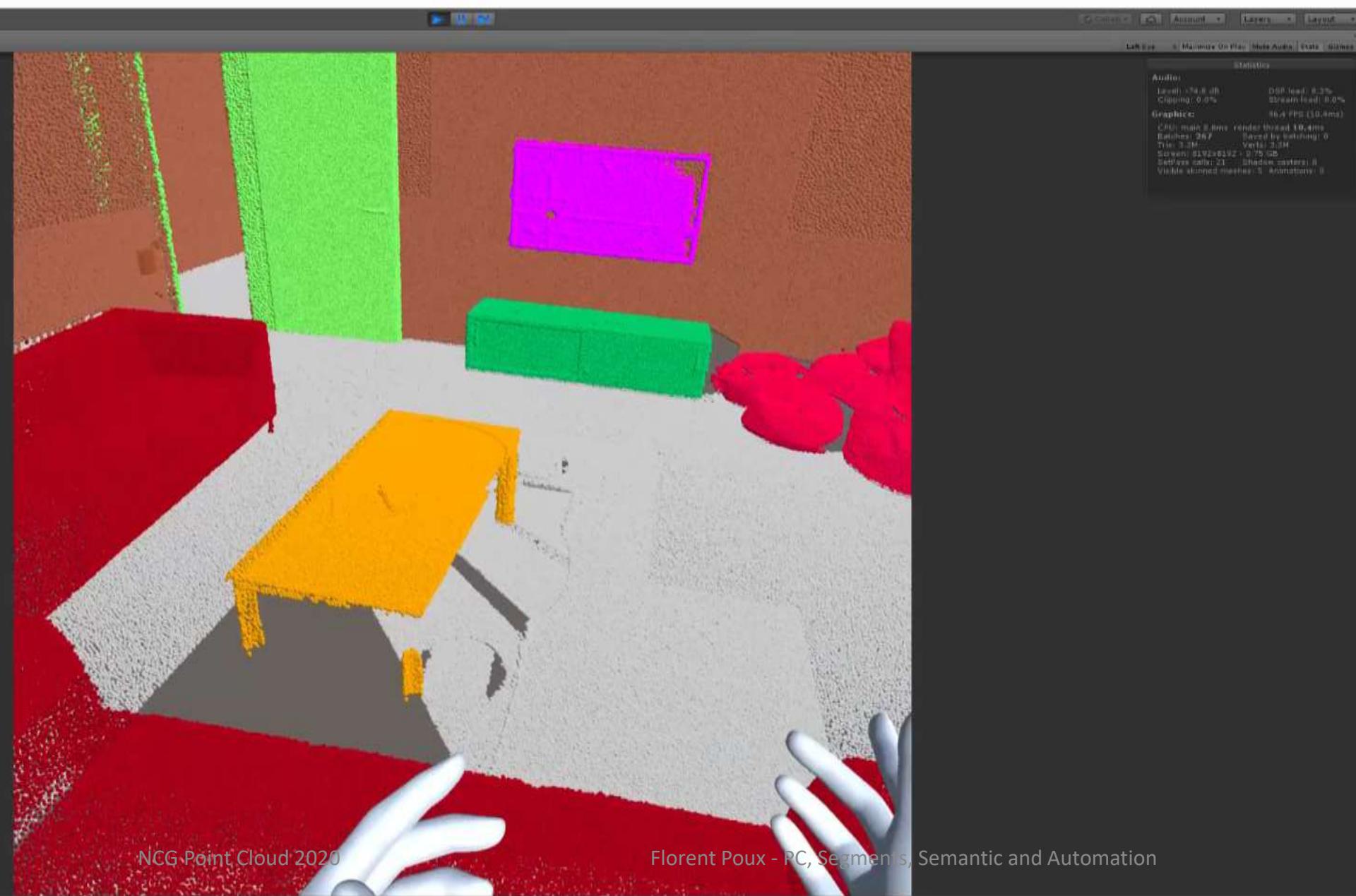
GOLD

FAIENCE

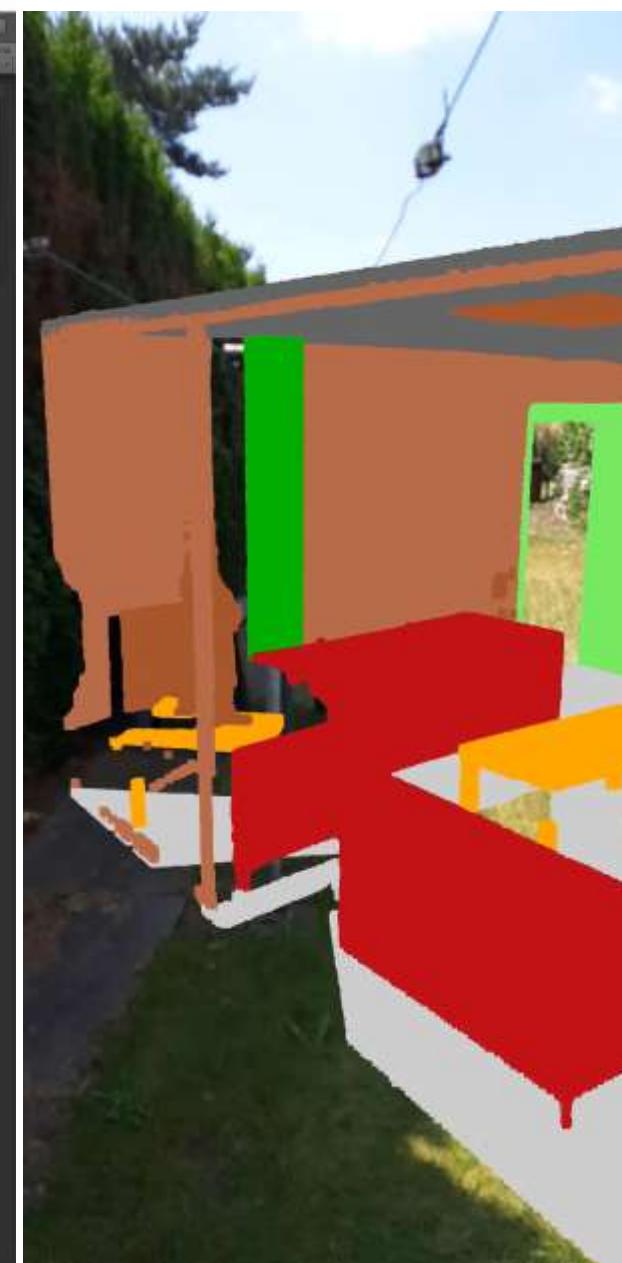
SILVER



VR APPLICATION



AR APPLICATION



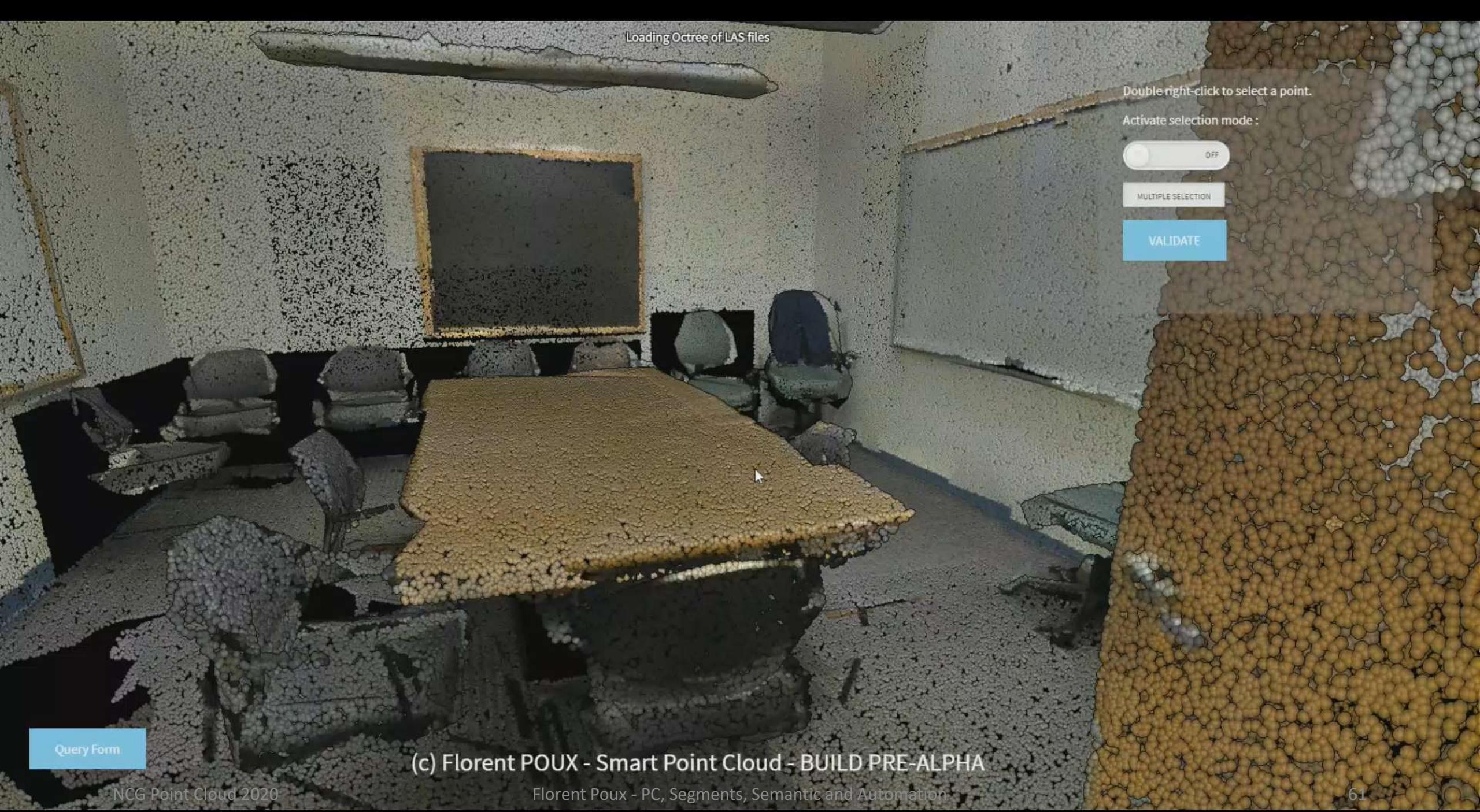
The SPC in 5 points

Double right-click to select a point.

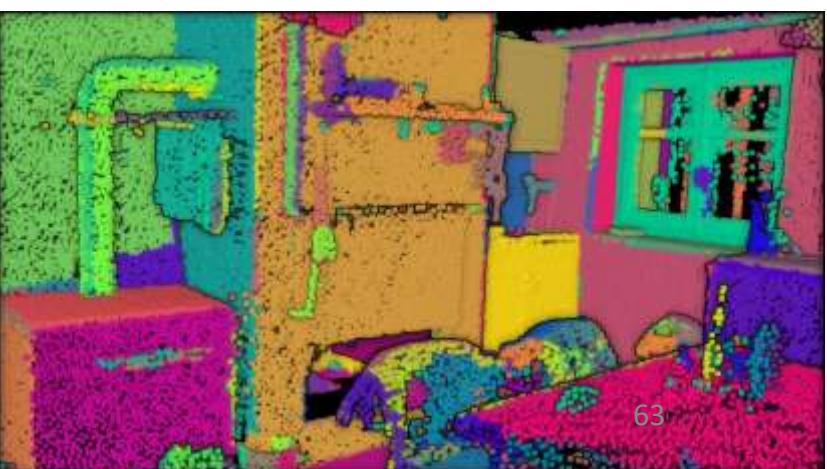
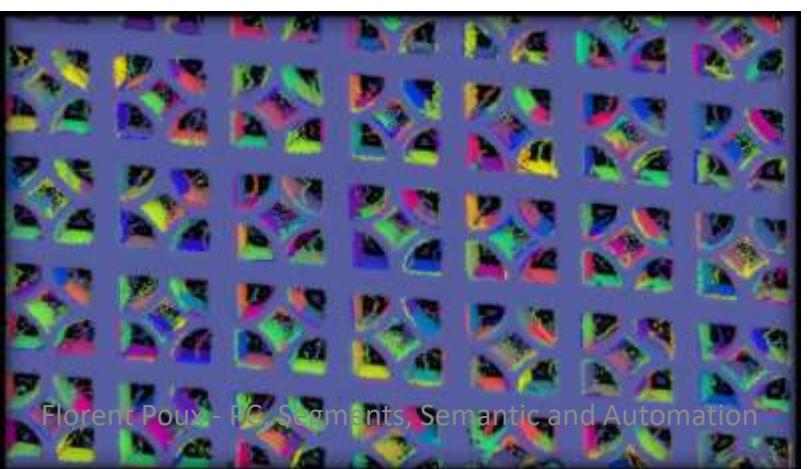
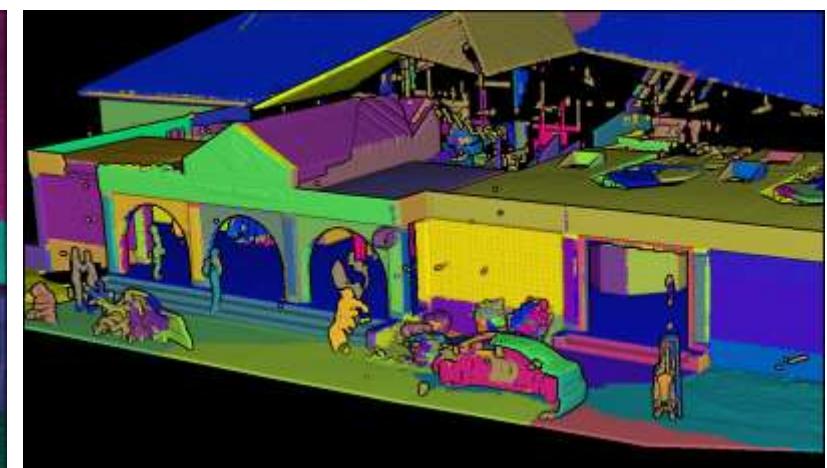
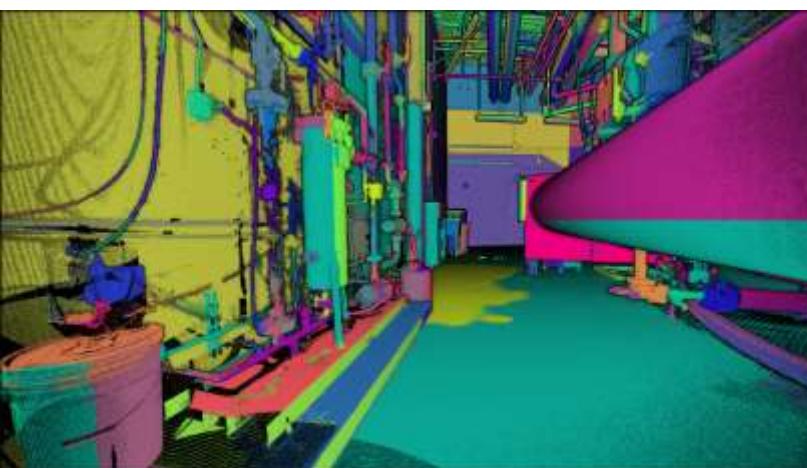
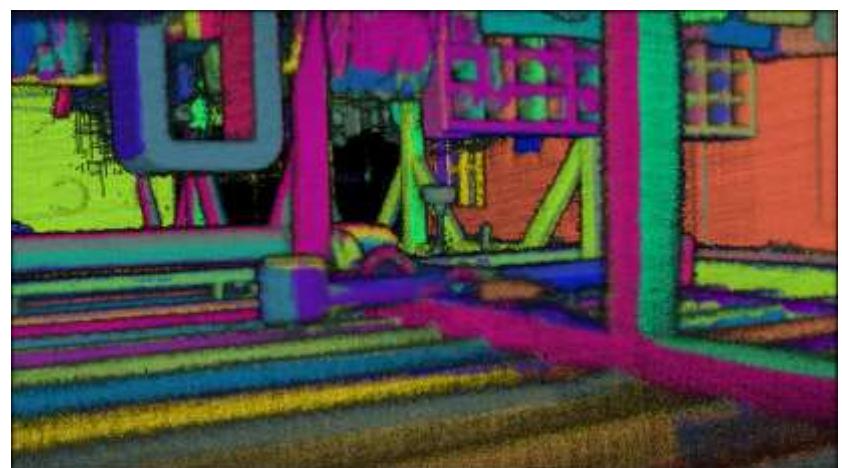
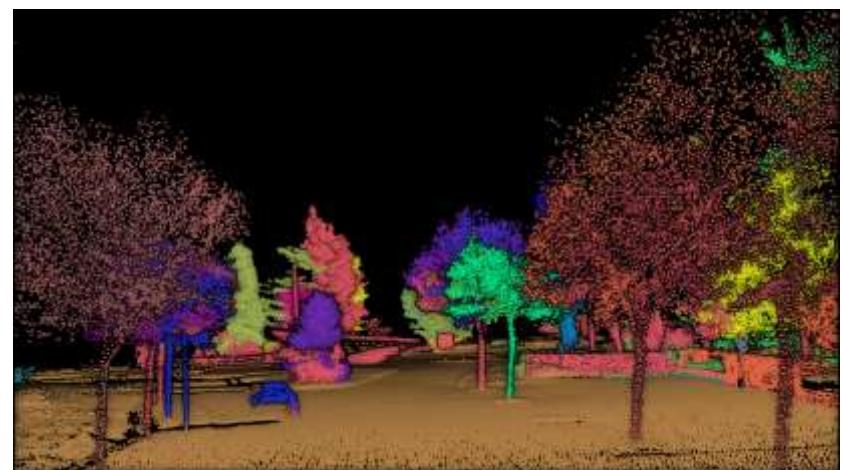
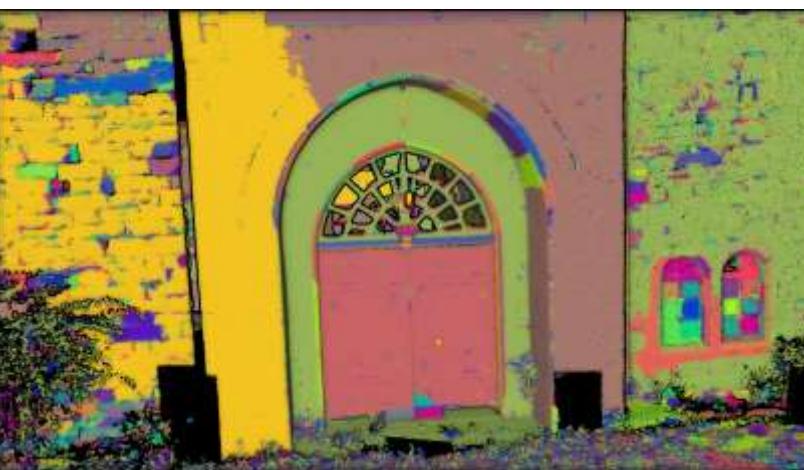
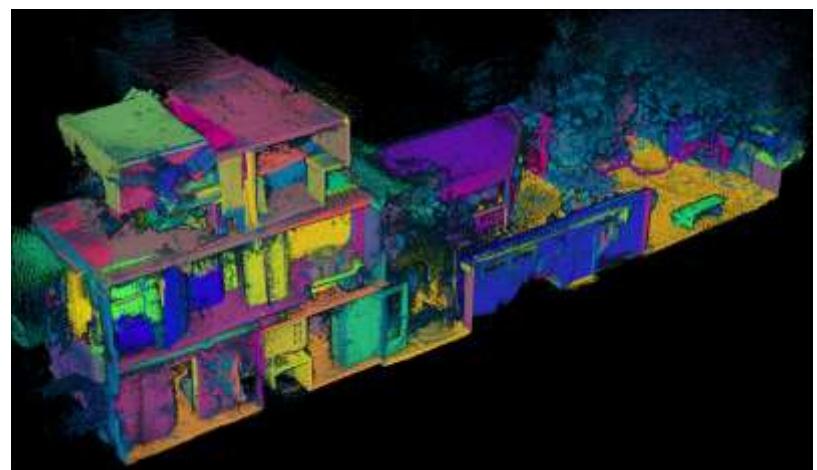
Activate selection mode :

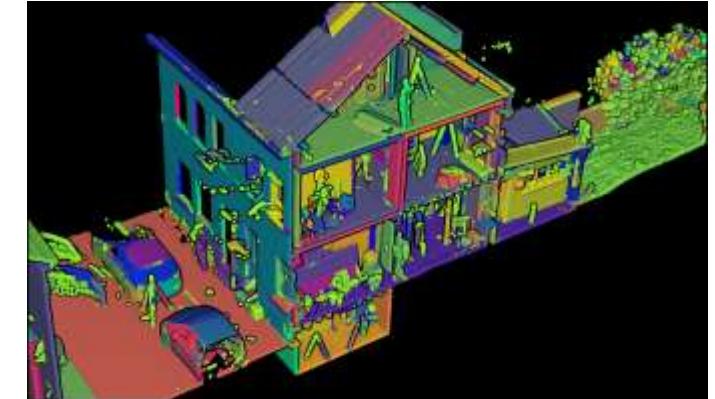
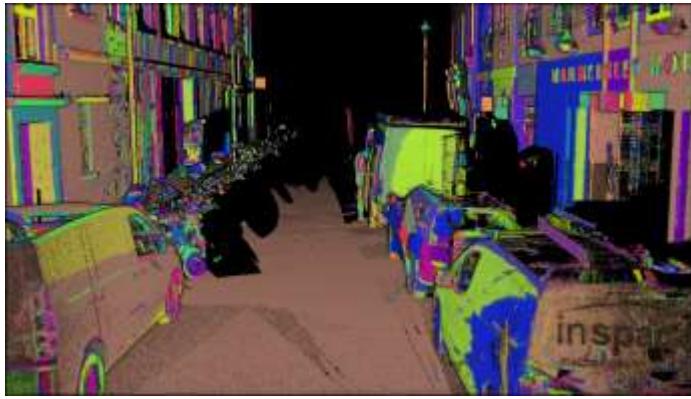
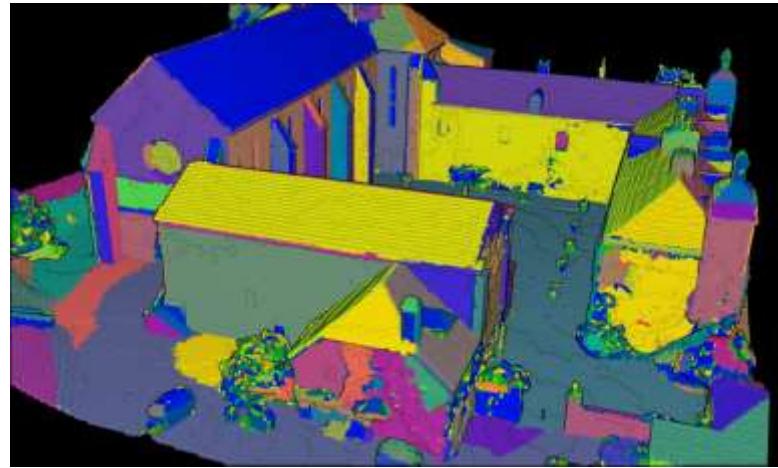
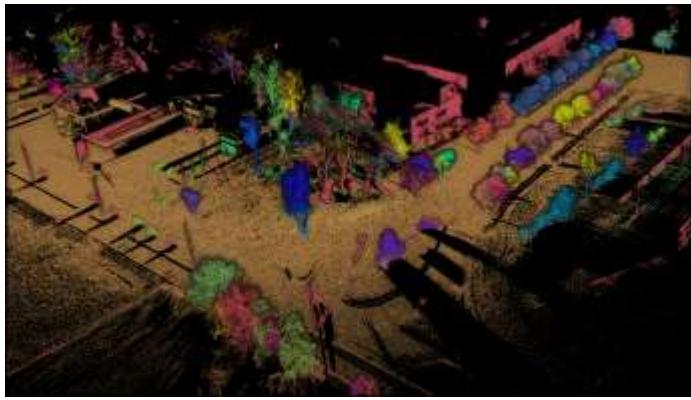


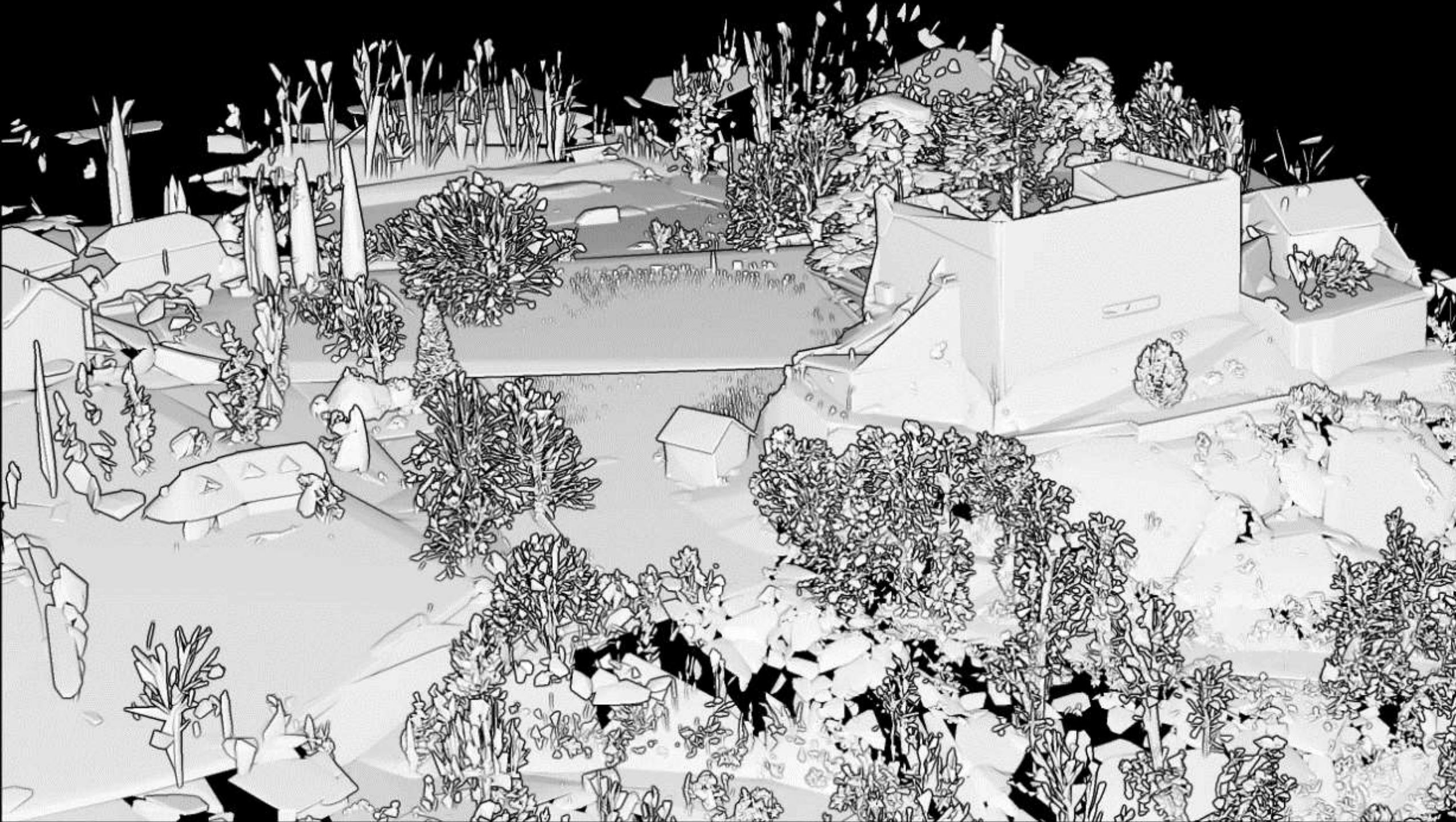
- Interoperable point cloud data structure...
- ... leveraged for automated object detection...
- ... providing a large domain connectivity...
- ... unsupervised and robust to variability...
- ... modular and efficient.



- Define powerful SPC-based AI Agents
- Increase generalization / specialization
- Dynamic data and LoD management
- Enhance unsupervised segmentation
- Enhance classification
- Integrate natural processes









Special Issue

IMPACT
FACTOR
1.840

Automatic Feature Recognition from Point Clouds

Special Issue Editors:

Florent Poux : University of Liège, Belgium

Roland Billen: University of Liège, Belgium

(Submission Deadline: Extended to 30 September 2020)

This *Special Issue aims to* submissions involves advancement of data mining and the infatuation of reality capture will continue to push the research communities forward. Particularly, ways to obtain high-quality application-oriented labelled datasets will permit a wider dissemination of robust learning approaches. Henceforth, we encourage authors to submit original research articles, review papers and case studies from both theoretical and application-oriented perspectives on this significant and exciting subject. In more details, topics suitable for this Special Issue *including but not limited to*:

- Georeferenced point clouds from laser scanners (mobile, hand-held, backpack-mounted, terrestrial, aerial)
- Point clouds from panoramas, phone/cameras images, oblique and satellite imagery
- Point Cloud segmentation, classification, semantic enrichment for application-driven scenario
- Point Cloud structuration and knowledge integration
- Point Cloud Knowledge extraction and high-performance feature extraction for large-scale datasets
- 2D floorplan generation of indoor point clouds
- Industrial applications with large-scale point clouds
- Feature-based rendering and visualization of large-scale point clouds
- Deep learning for point cloud processing

https://www.mdpi.com/journal/ijgi/special_issues/GIS_point_clouds



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NCG PointCloud 2020



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