

Sensor Networks, Sensor Web: new possibilities, new challenges

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TNO | Knowledge for business



Outline

- Changes on the surface
- Are we happy?
- The extended role of models
- New issues to address
- Coping with the challenges
- Conclusions, what next?

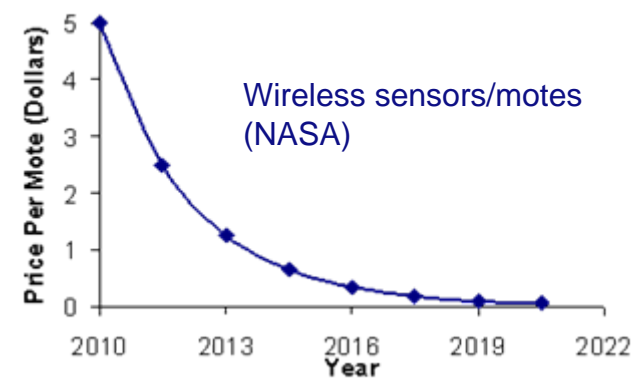
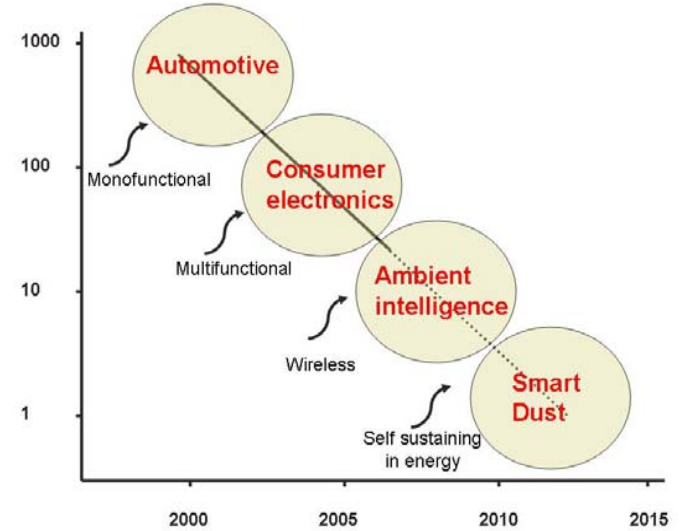
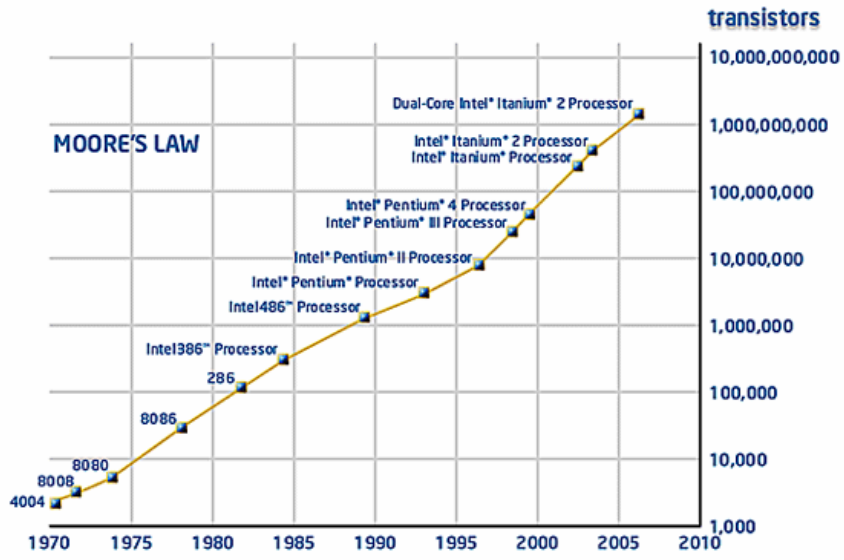
Advancements, trends

- Cheap/affordable sensing
- Cheap communication: “connected world” → distributed systems
- Cheap computation
- Dramatic increase in performance



DATA RICH ENVIRONMENT

Advancement (cont'd)



Issue: Moore's evil twin brother
 Limited battery capacity and slow increase
 (8% yearly increase Wh/cm³ = doubles every 9 years)



= 150 x



Advancements, trends (cont'd)

An illustration:

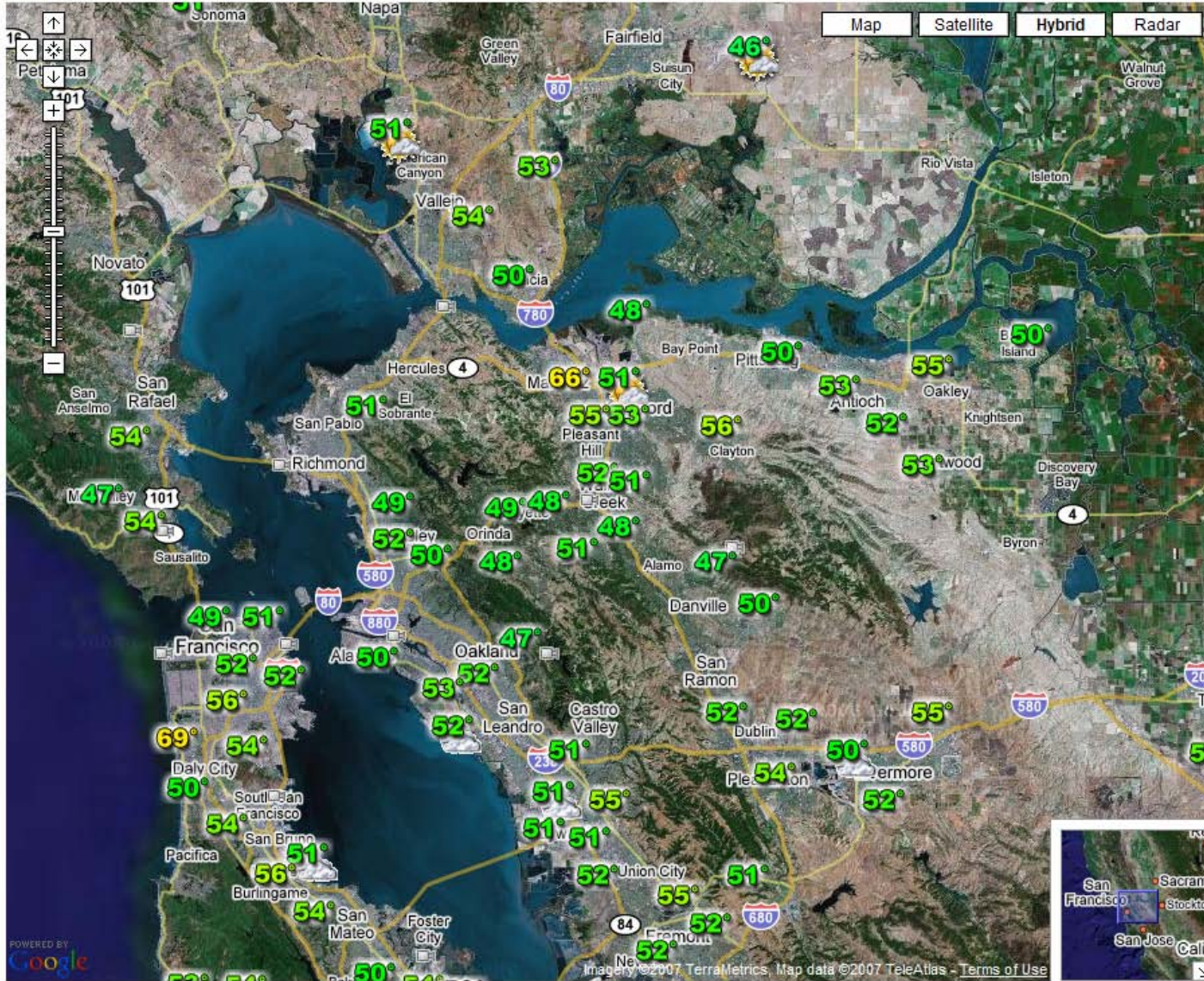
- Google Map/Earth: data + visualization
- Google “mashup”: API to merge information into the map

Anything new in content? **NO!**

Impact on how we use content? **YES!**

Click anywhere on map for forecast.

- ▼Temp Name
- 46° TRAVIS AFB/FAIRF
- 47° Hillcrest Estates
- 47° KE6FWD Mill Valley CA US
- 47° CW4622 Diablo CA US
- 47° UC Botanical Garden Berkeley, CA
- 48° Port Chicago, CA
- 48° CW6192 Lafayette CA US
- 48° Tice Valley
- 48° CW4937 Orinda CA US
- 49° CW0963 Daly City CA US
- 49° San Francisco, CA
- 49° Ardmore @ Coventry
- 49° CW3130 Lafayette CA US
- 49° Berkeley
- 50° Bethel Island
- 50° CW1634 Berkeley CA US
- 50° Mussel Rock
- 50° Twin Peaks
- 50° LIVERMORE
- 50° Matthew Turner ES Benicia, CA
- 50° NE Alamo (Livorna)
- 50° Pittsburg HS
- 50° Belmont Hills
- 50° W6SAS Blackhawk CA US
- 50° St. Marys
- 50° Northgate
- 50° Alameda, CA
- 50° Glendale Village
- 51° SAN FRANCISCO
- 51° Southampton



B R O W S E Options:

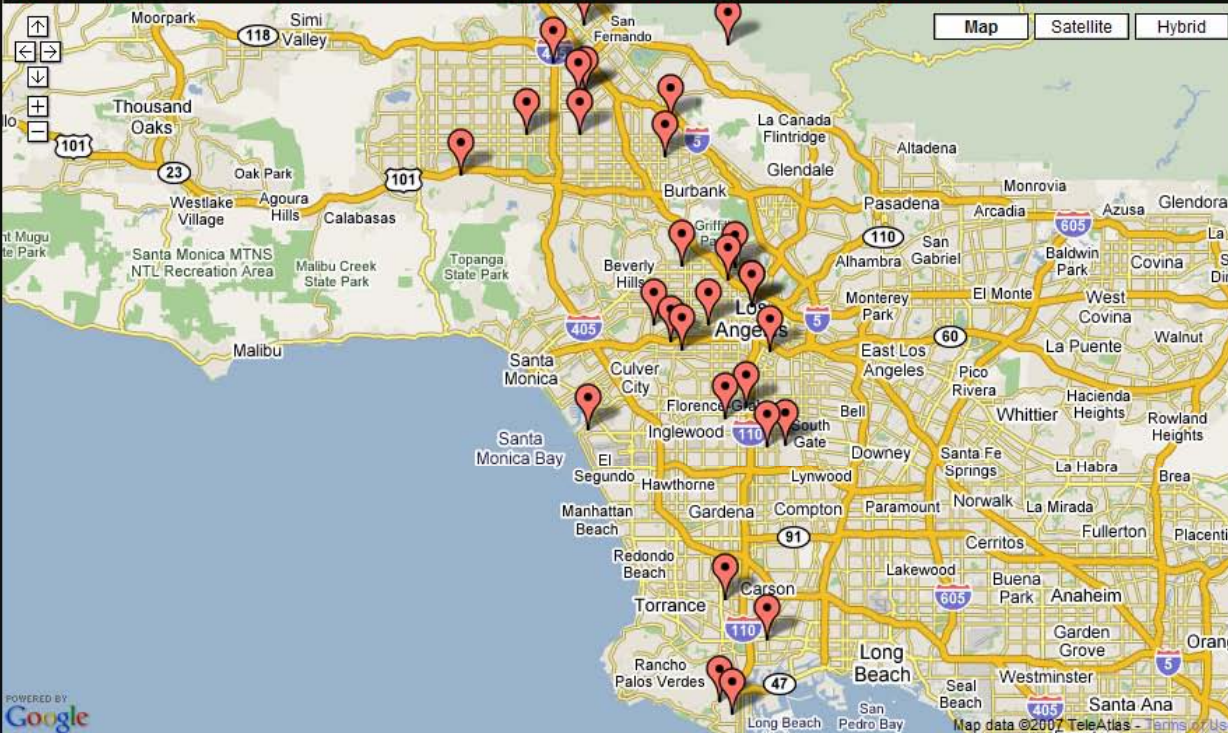
CA - LOS ANGELES
All events (groups of 50)

S E A R C H Options:

City: State: AK
Optional Street:
Optional Start Date: End Date:

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2007-12-27	9999	ROBBERY	500 BLK S WESTERN AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-27	1735	DEATH	7800 BLK RIM CANYON RD	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-26	1400	HOMICIDE	8100 BLK TUSCANY AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-25	2015	HOMICIDE	SHERMAN WAY AT BALBOA	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-23	2130	SHOOTING - FATAL	3000 BLK S PALM GROVE AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-23	2130	DEATH STABBING FATAL	PICO BLVD & 5TH AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-23	1230	SHOOTING - FATAL	600 BLK CORONADO ST	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-23	0600	HOMICIDE	10400 BLK N DANUBE AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-22	2200	DEATH STABBING FATAL	7500 BLK LA SALLE AVE	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-22	1600	SHOOTING - FATAL	9000 BLK VAN NUYS BLVD	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]
2007-01-22	0400	SHOOTING	600 BLK S CORONADO ST	LOS ANGELES CA	[map]	[more]	[source]

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Done



MY California TRAFFIC

- What's all this?
- [Link to this page](#)
- Clear all traffic

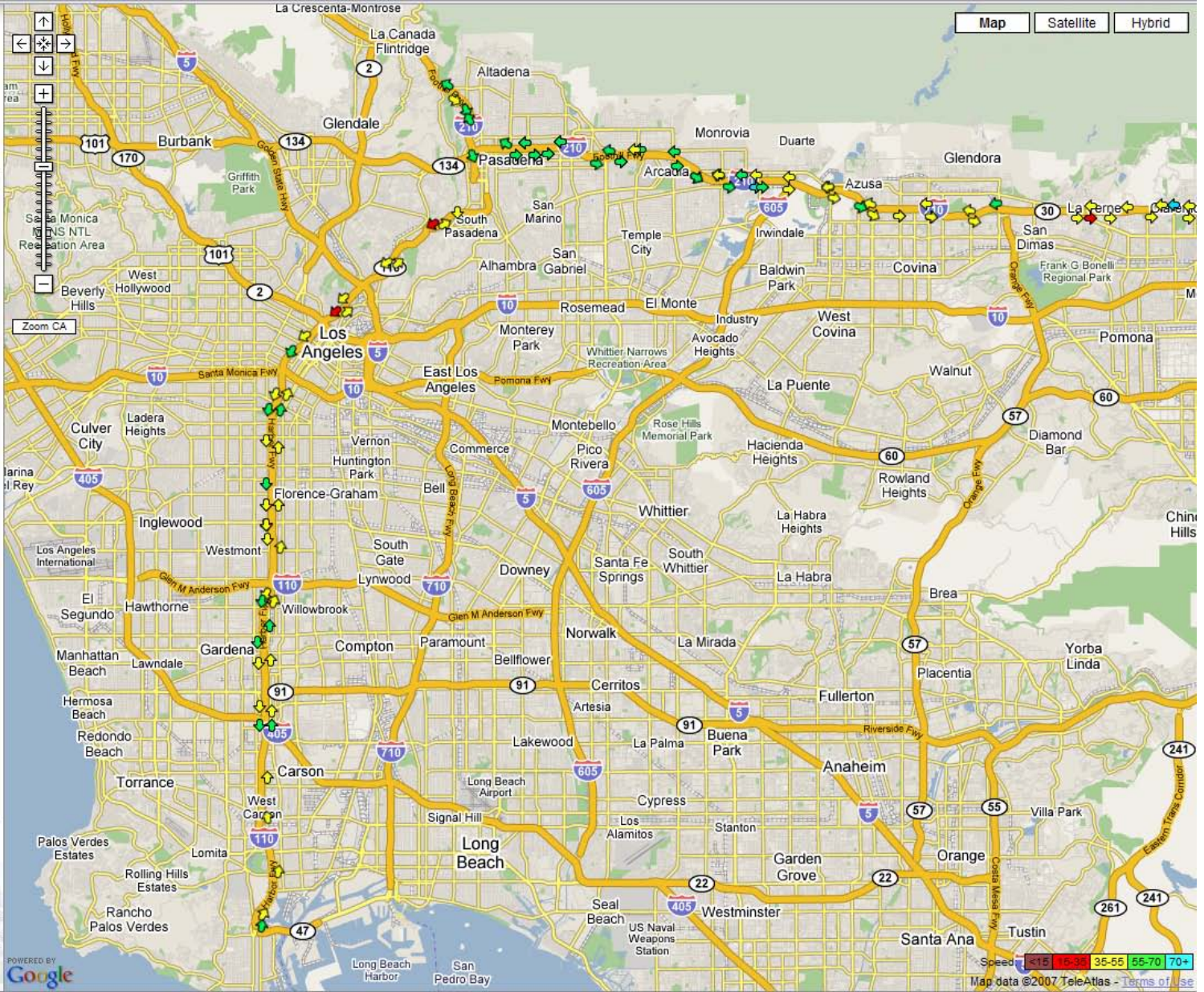
- North Central
- Bay Area
- Central
- Central Coast
- South Central
- Inland Empire
- Los Angeles

At 01/31/2007 12:50:00

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site design and coding by Richard

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Done



Are we happy?

Yes, to an extent...

Worrying observation:

*Data is not information.
Information is not knowledge.
Knowledge is not wisdom.*

 long way to go...

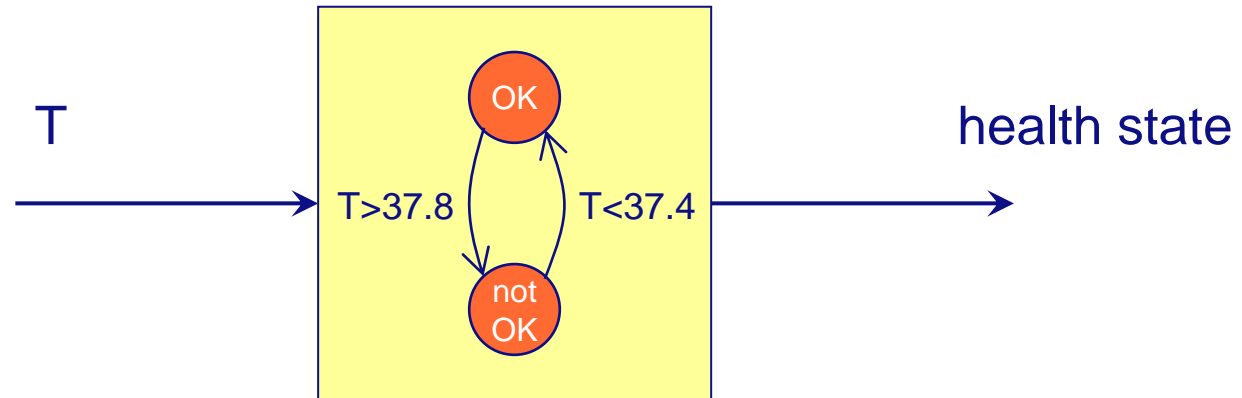
About the roles of models

model \equiv formalized knowledge

Illustration: measuring body temperature

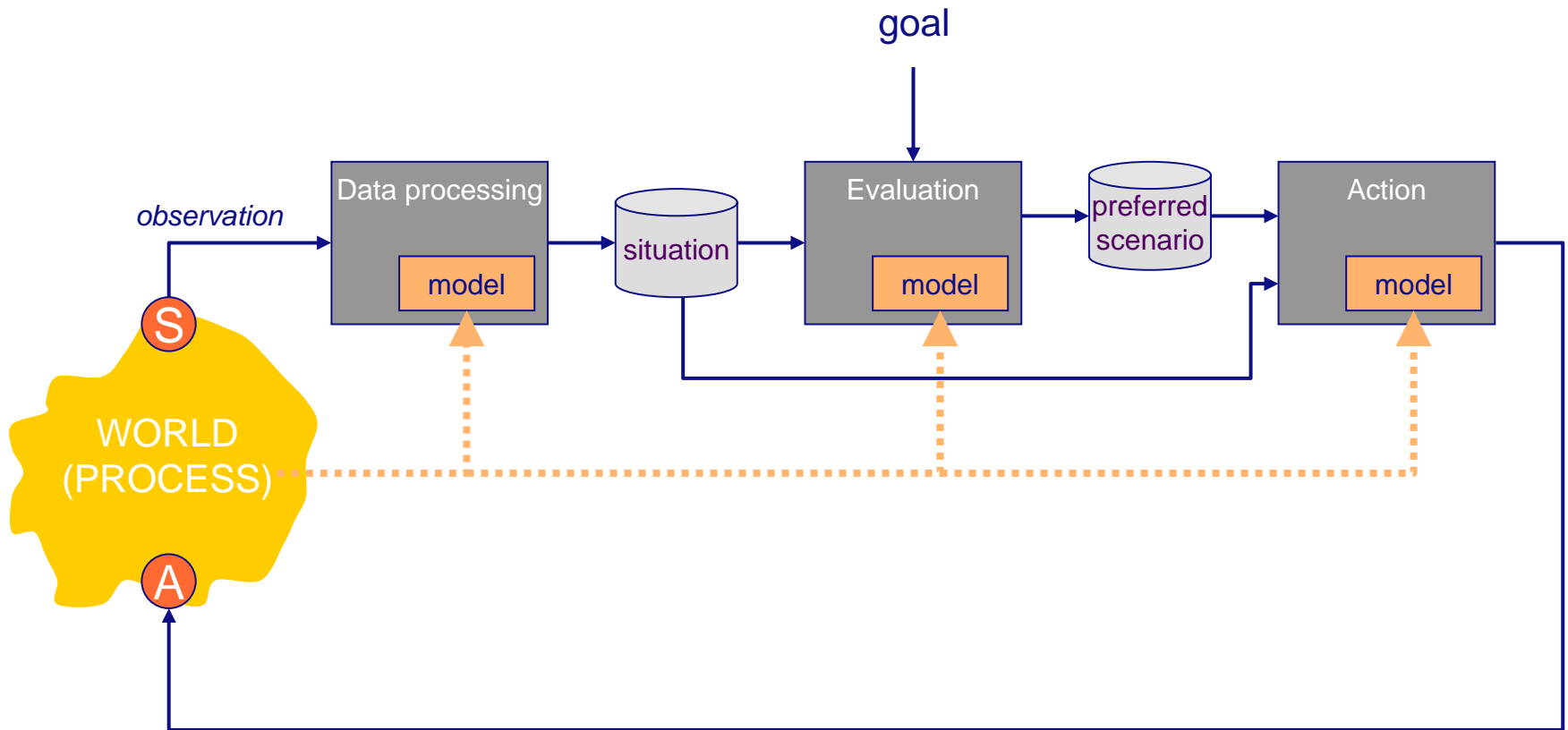
$$T = 38.3 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$$

In itself: no meaning \rightarrow we use models implicitly!

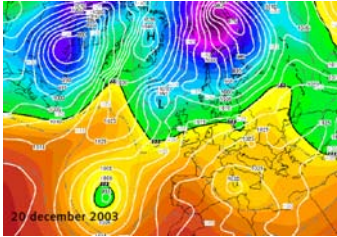


- For laymen: Human = Finite State Machine (+ “dynamics”)
- General Practitioner: hopefully uses a better model...

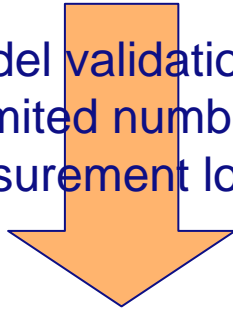
Models in monitoring and control



RWS example: determining dike heights



Model validation with
limited number of
measurement locations



Climate change → **Model concerning waves in shallow water**

Probability of extreme water levels

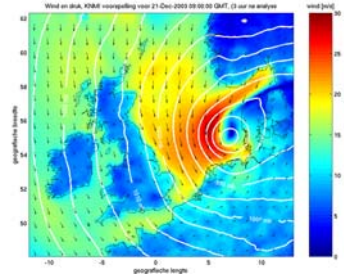
Required safety / acceptable risk

Trade-off

Required dike height



RWS example: storm surge warning



Meteo + hydro observations (1/10 min)

ECMWF-model

Long term (10 days)
water level prediction

HIRLAM-model

short term (48 hours)
wind prediction

Statistical
relations

short term (9 hours)
Water level prediction

DCSM8-model

short term (48 hours)
Water level prediction

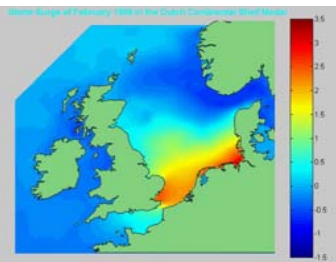
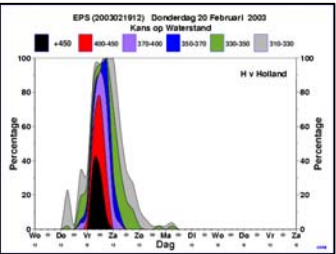
WOMOD-
model

short term (24 hours)
Water level prediction

Kalman-filter

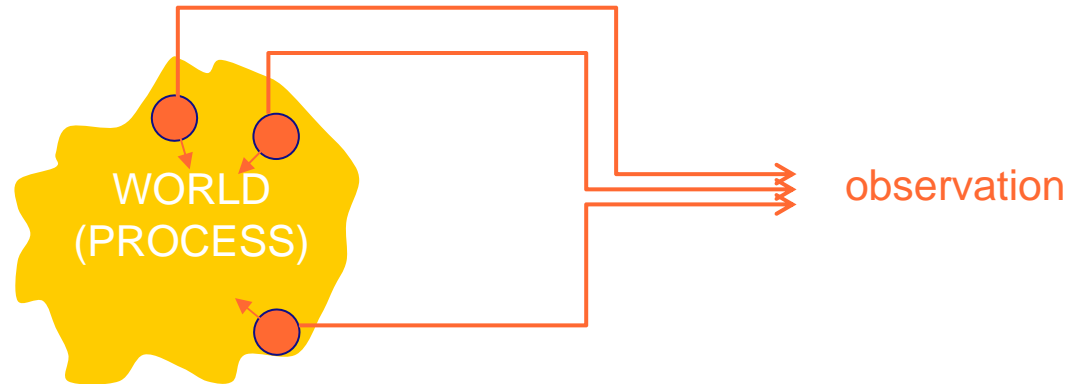
short term (48 hours)
Water level prediction

Human interpretation / decision making

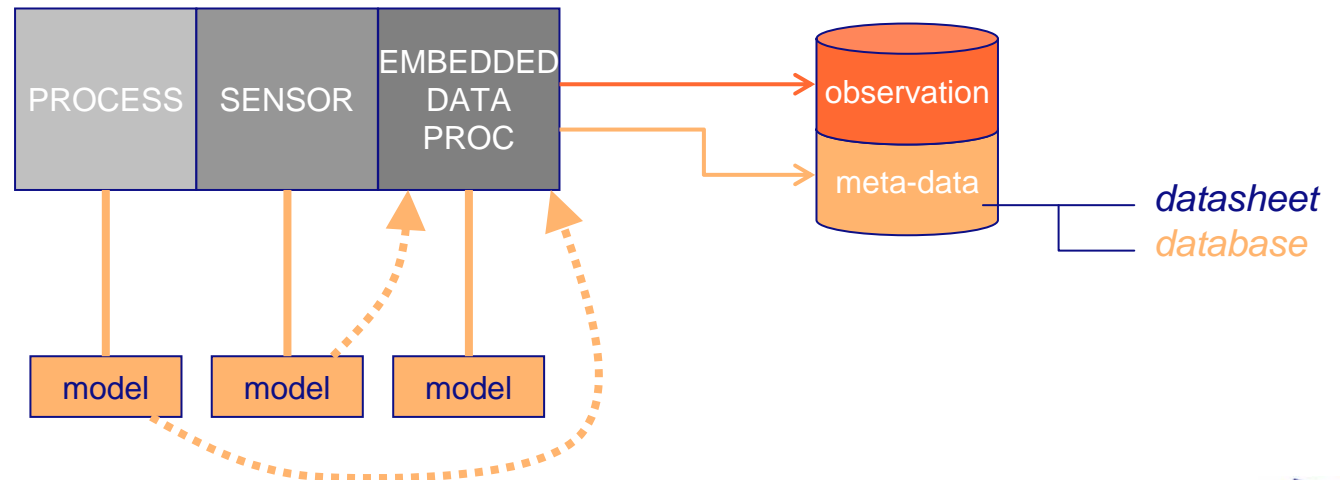


Sensing – a detailed view

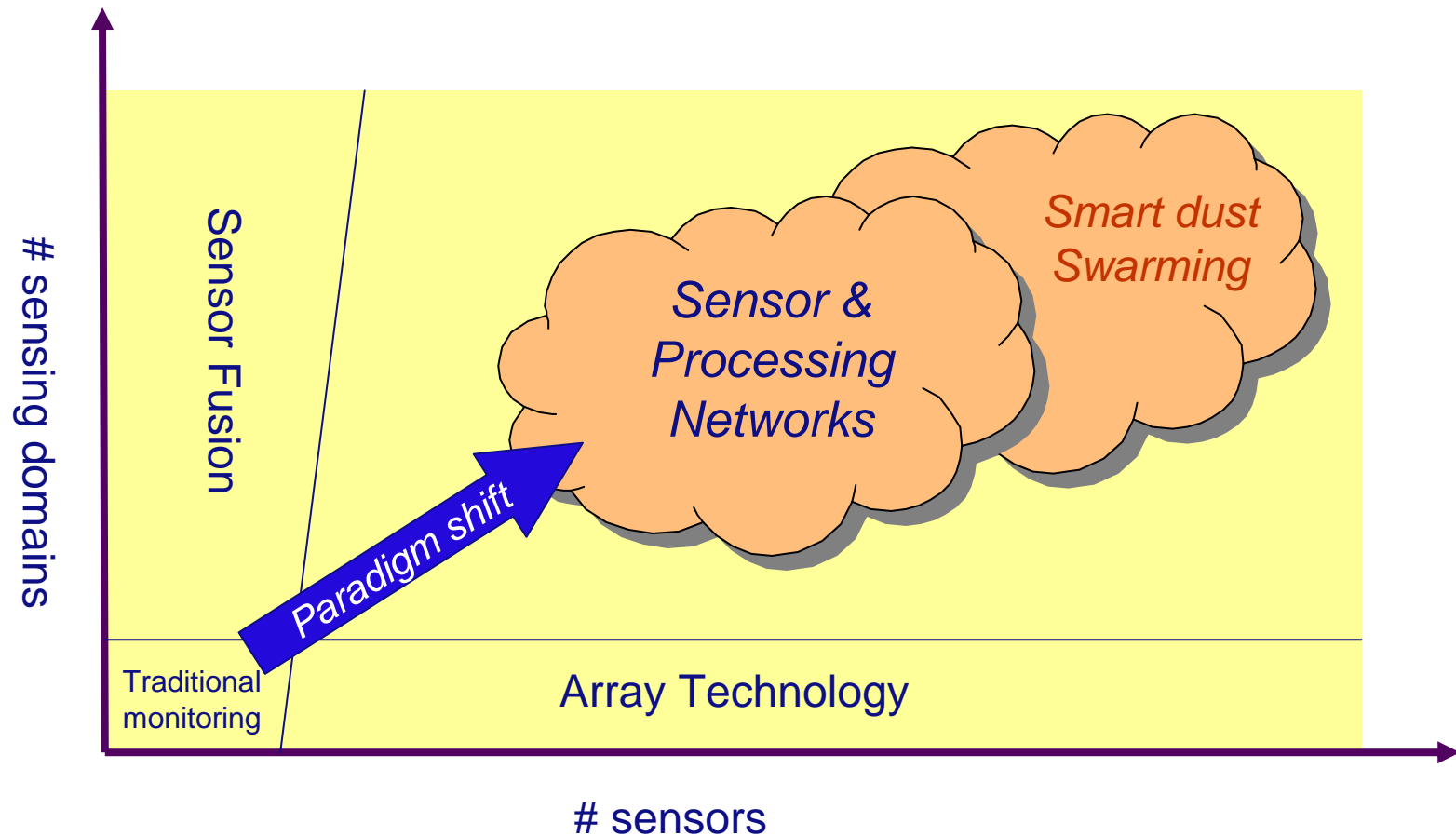
Concept:



Reality:



Networked sensors: new issues to address



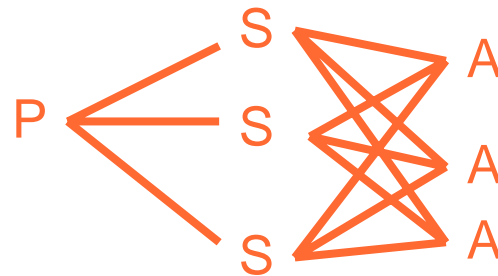
What is different?

1. Amount of data
2. Diversity of data
3. Openness

“old school”:

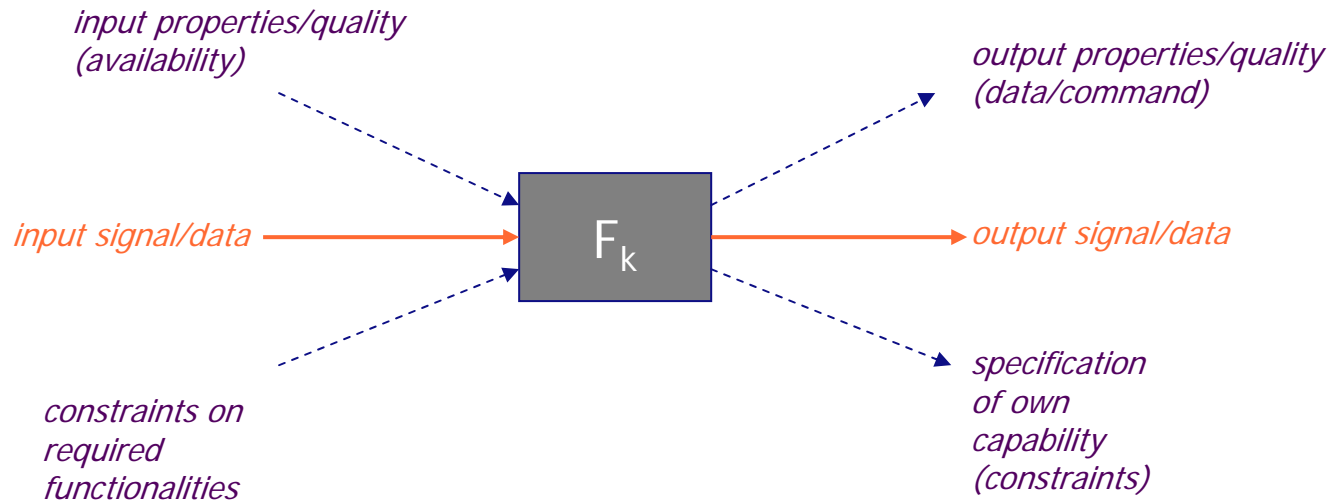


new scheme:



4. Reliability/availability issues
5. Operational issues

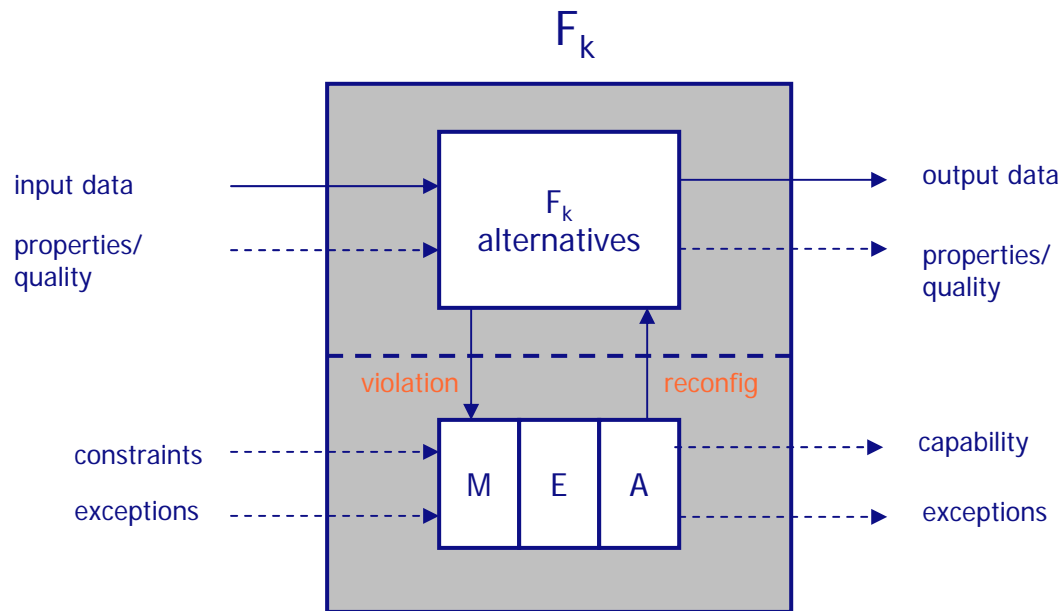
Consequences: openness, reliability



implicit models do not work!

Consequences: openness, reliability (cont'd)

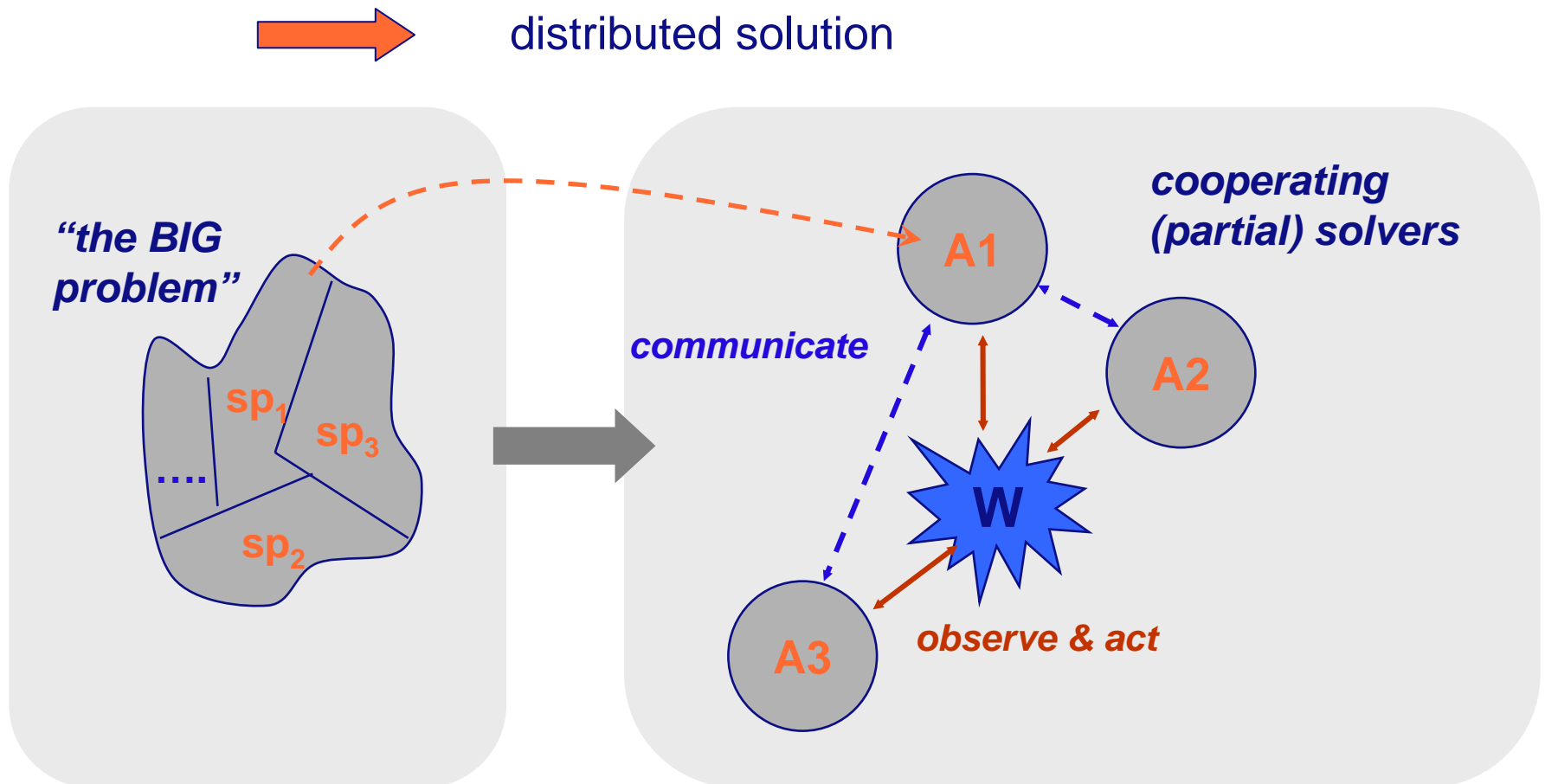
Inside a processing module:



“diversity of data → diversity of models”

Consequences: amount of data

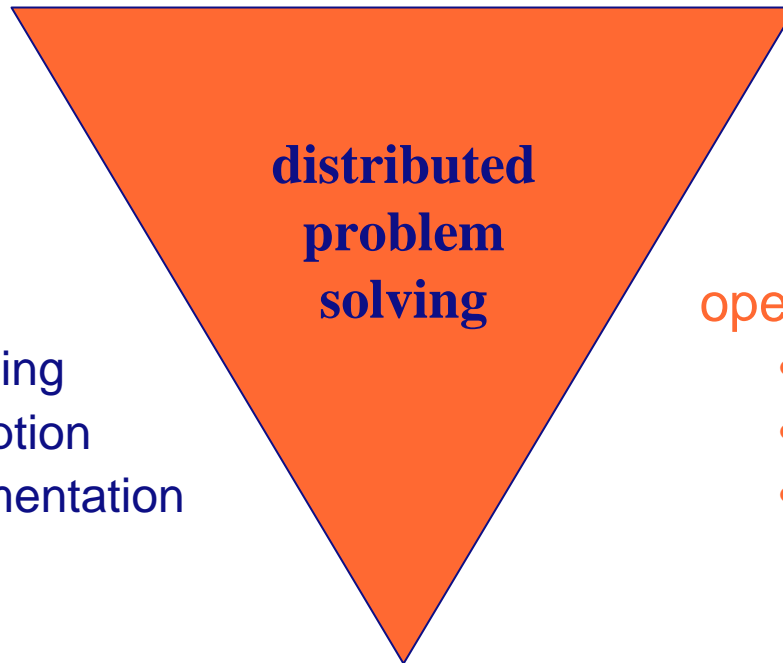
Issue 1: certain models/ algorithms/implementations do not scale...



Consequences: amount of data, issue 1 (cont'd)

application domain

- decomposition
- algorithms



design

- modelling
- description
- implementation
- test

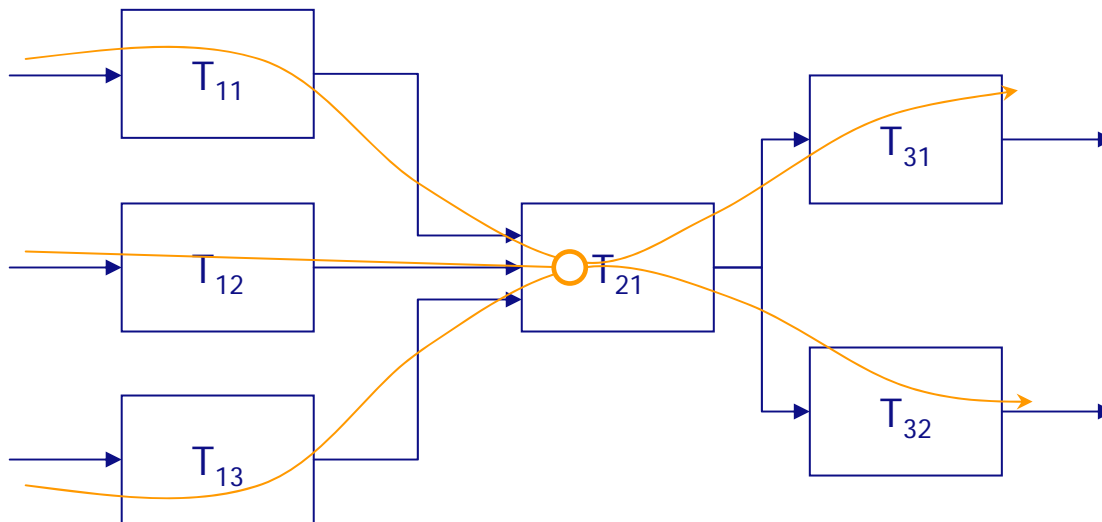
operation

- distributed
- real-time
- reconfigurable

Consequences: amount of data

Issue 2: control of execution

Data-driven control scheme:



Consequences: amount of data, issue 2 (cont'd)

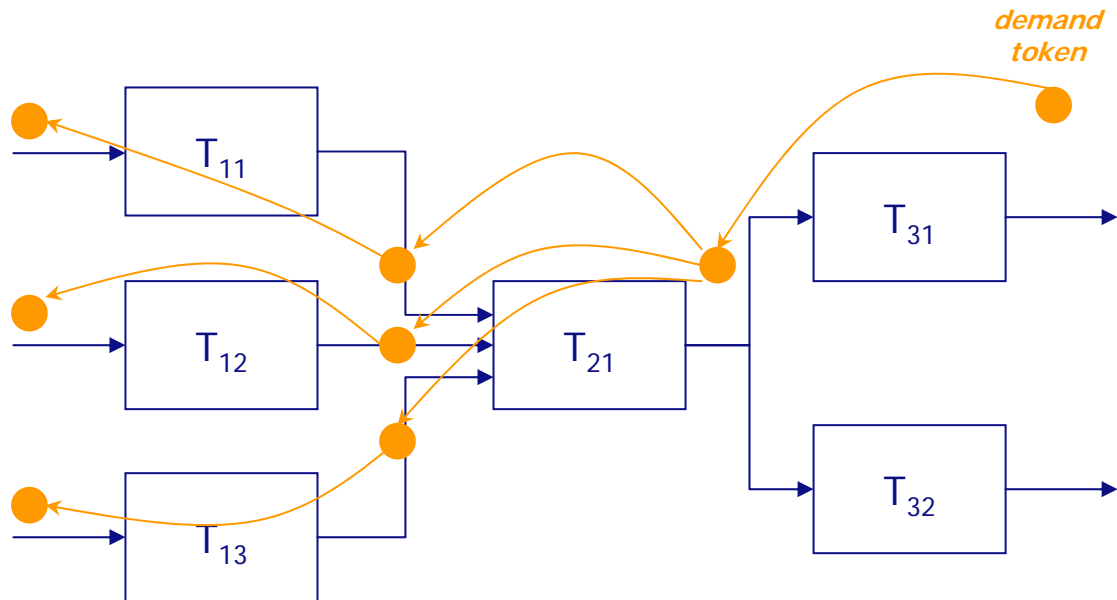
Data-driven control scheme: main features

- *derived data (“information”) always readily available*
- *minimal delay/lag*
- *potentially high computing/resource demand*
- *potentially high communication demand*

Consequences: amount of data (cont'd)

Issue 2: control of execution

Demand-driven control scheme:



Consequences: amount of data, issue 2 (cont'd)

Demand-driven control scheme: main features

- *derived data is calculated whenever needed*
- *extra delay/lag*
- *optimized for computing/resource demand*
- *optimized for communication demand*



for non-trivial problems:
the *combination* is the answer

Consequences: diversity of observations

Types of diversity

- *syntactic*: what's the format? (e.g., XML)
- *structural*: how is the information structured? (e.g., SWE standards)
- *semantic*: what does it all mean? (e.g., domain ontologies)
- *pragmatic*: what can I use it for? (e.g., aspect ontologies)

Evolution

- From “using the same language” to “understanding each other”

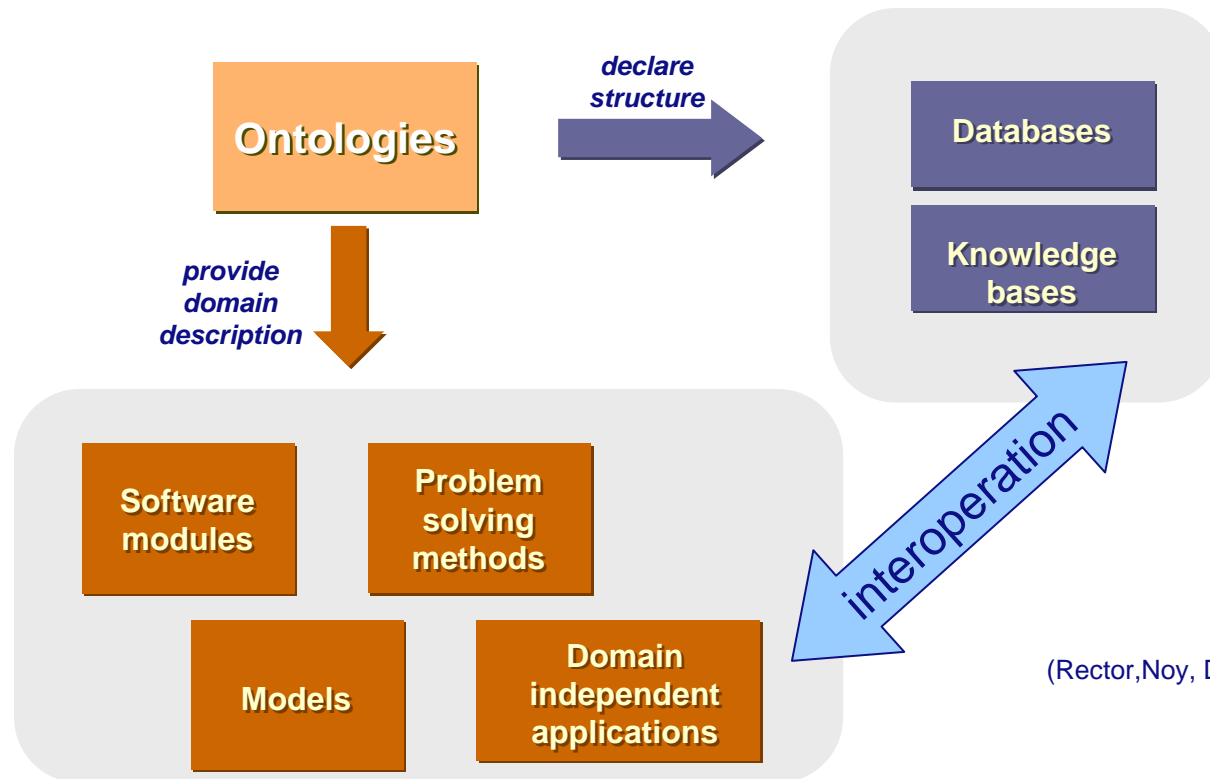


semantic representation & semantic interoperability become increasingly important

Consequences: diversity of observations (cont'd)

Ontology

- “Explicit description of a conceptualization” (Gruber)
- For us: defines a **common vocabulary** and **shared understanding** of a domain or aspect



(Rector, Noy, Drummond, Musen 2005)

Consequences: diversity of observations (cont'd)

In the background: it is all about integration

- *Data integration*: connecting different pieces of (heterogeneous) data into one (virtual) data source
- *Information integration*: exploiting the intended meaning of and the semantic relations between data to obtain an overall picture
- *Information synthesis*: task-/goal-/purpose-specific interpretation of heterogeneous data and information
- *System integration*: connecting distributed hard- en/of software into one tool

Coping with the challenges:

Sensor Web Enablement

“Definition”: *“Sensor Web Enablement refers to Web-accessible sensor networks that can be discovered and accessed using standard protocols and APIs.”* [OGC]

Aspects covered:

- discovery
- sensor capabilities and quality of measurement
- sensor parameters
- retrieval real-time or time series data
- tasking of sensor
- subscription and publishing alerts

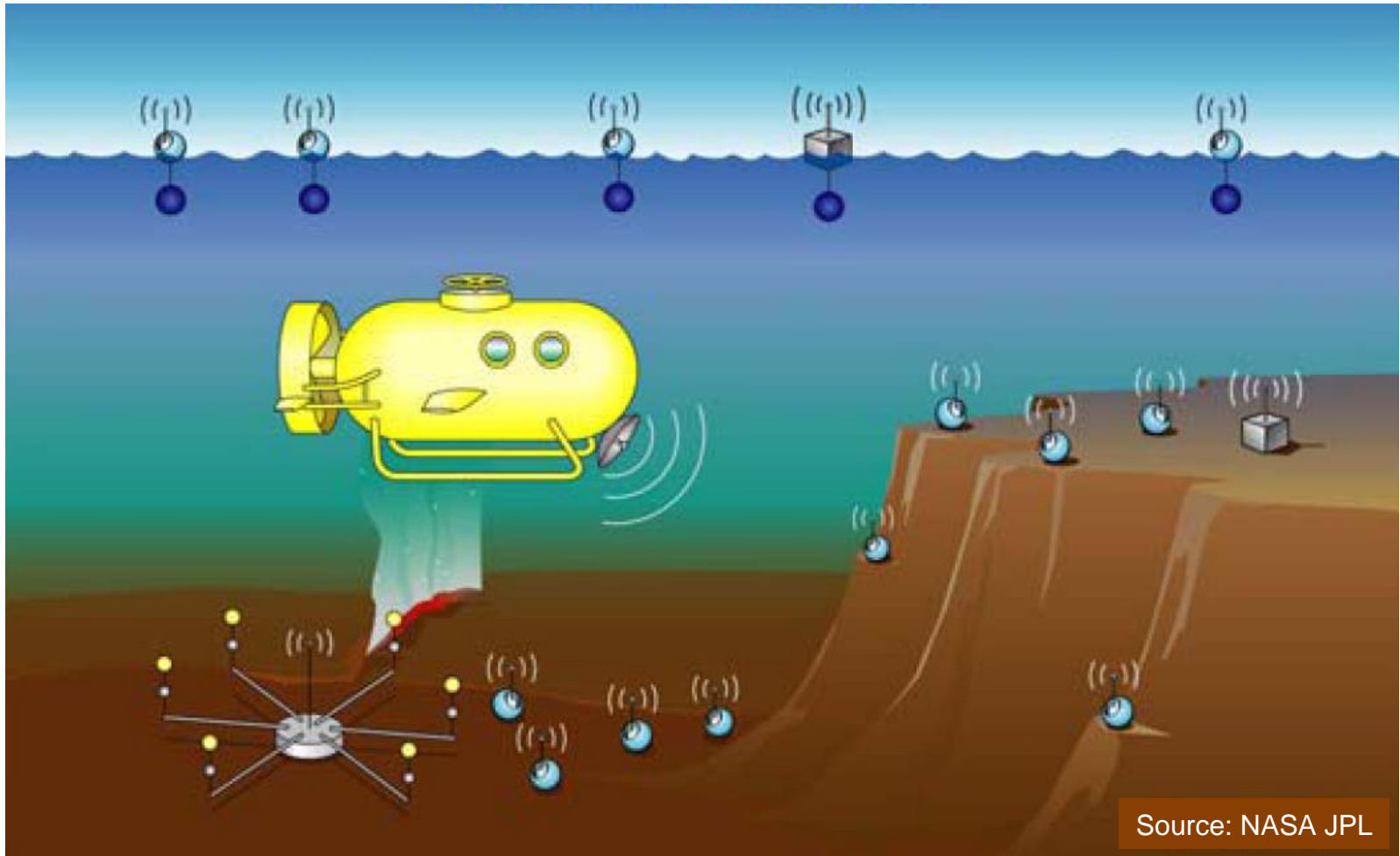
The SWE standards framework

- Observations & Measurement: data formats, data structures
- Sensor Model Language (SensorML): discovery, functional process model
- Transducer Markup Language (TML): abstraction, response/"physical" models (implementation features)
- Sensor Observation Service (SOS): sensor management API
- Sensor Planning Service (SPS): request management
- Sensor Alert Service (SAS): alert management
- Web Notification Service (WNS): message interchange

"Missing link"

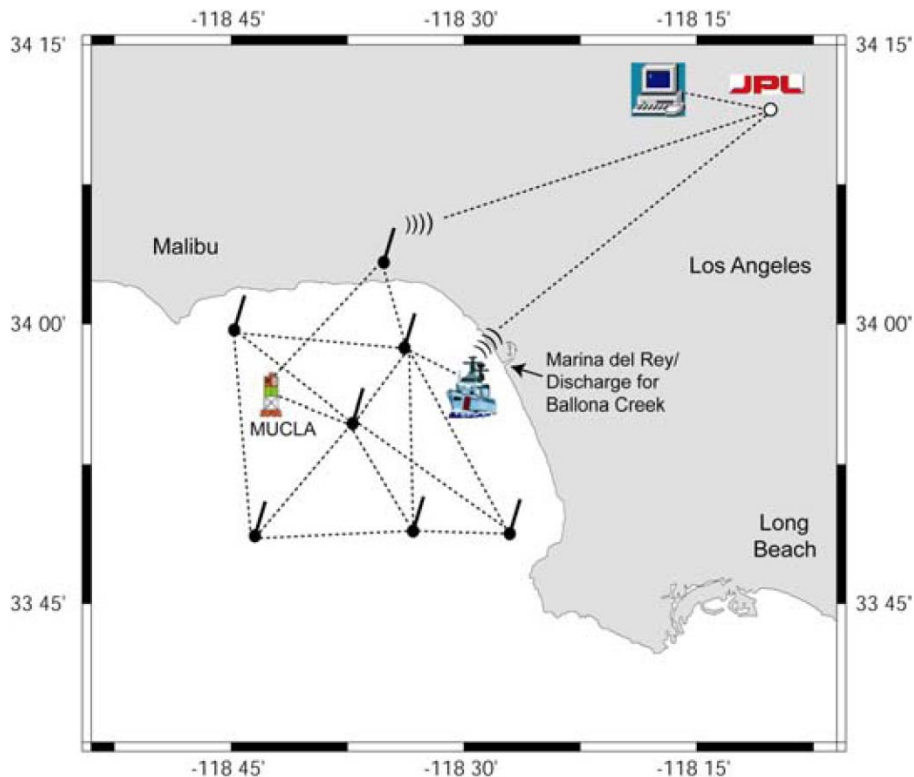
- Field-evolvable sensors: deployment, upgrade management

SWE applications: ocean monitoring



Application example

Problem : characterize the physical and chemical properties of a storm water runoff plume in Santa Monica Bay, California



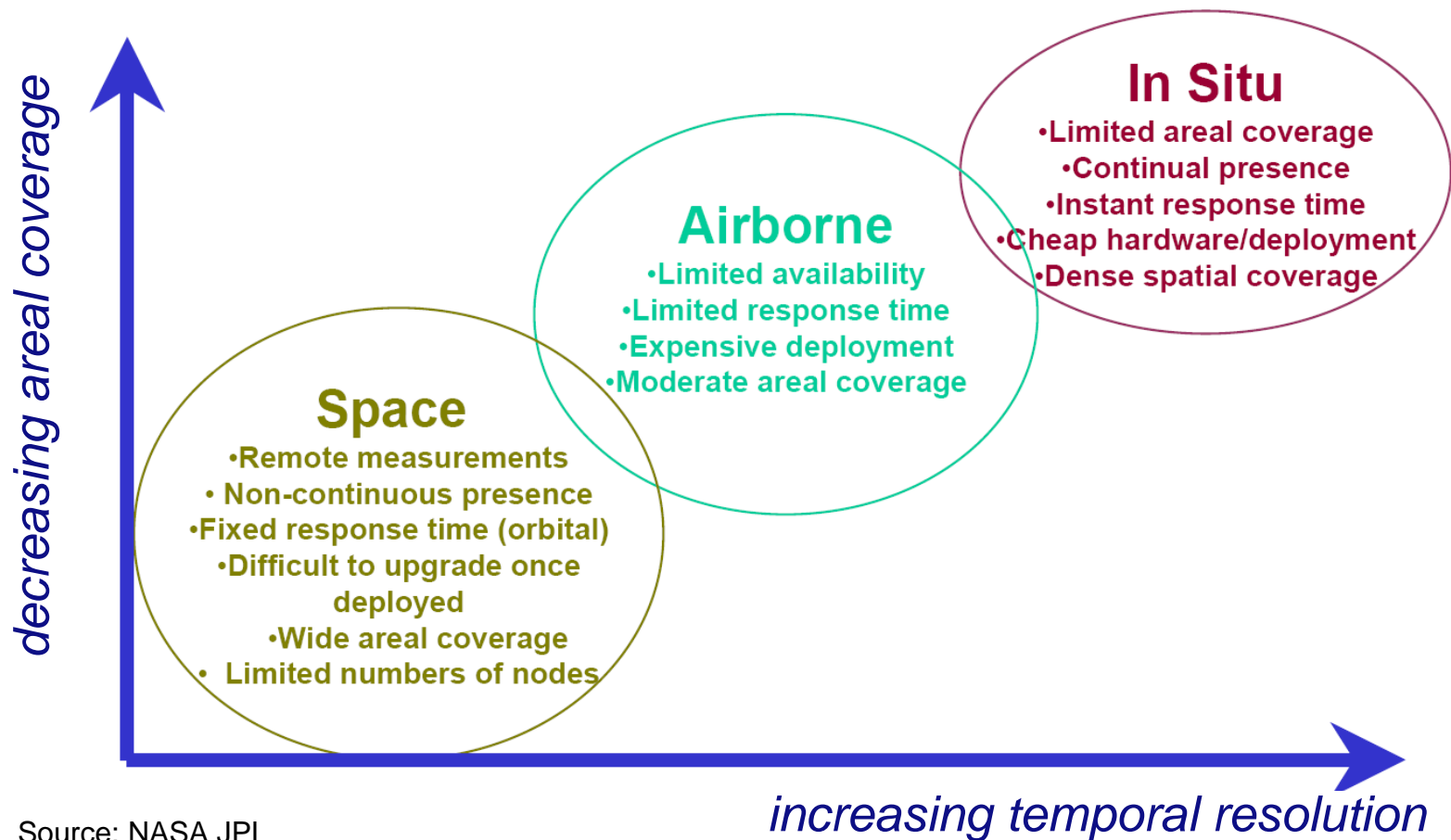
Features:

- Continual presence captures dynamic and unpredictable events such as run-off (unlike remote).
- High spatio-temporal resolution (unlike single point in situ): as close as 10 m as often as 1 minute.
- Demand driven approach: Sensor Web information augments and directs satellite and UAV acquisitions.

Source: NASA JPL

Application example (cont'd)

Why different observation methods?



Source: NASA JPL

Coping with the challenges:

Scientific Workflows (SWf)

“Definition 1”: *SWf is a series of structured activities and computations that arise in scientific problem-solving.*

“Definition 2”: Interoperability at work:

- declarative specification of control and data flow
- semantic transformation and composition
- module integration, heterogeneous execution environments
- automatic execution, exception handling
- grid-ready



SWfs make the relation between information need, data sources and processing steps explicit, transparent, and reusable.

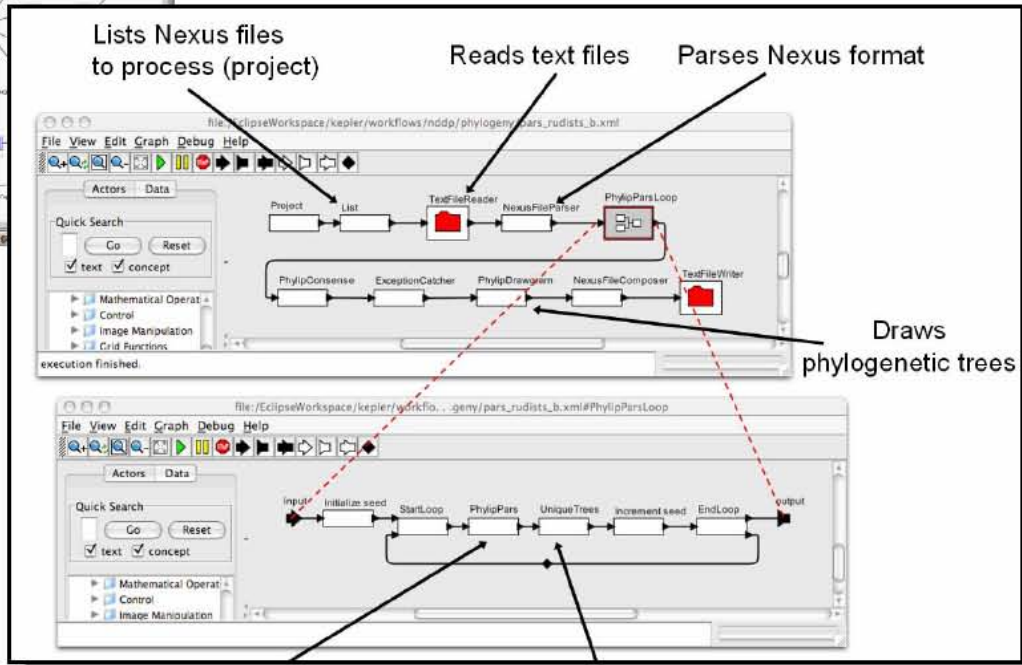
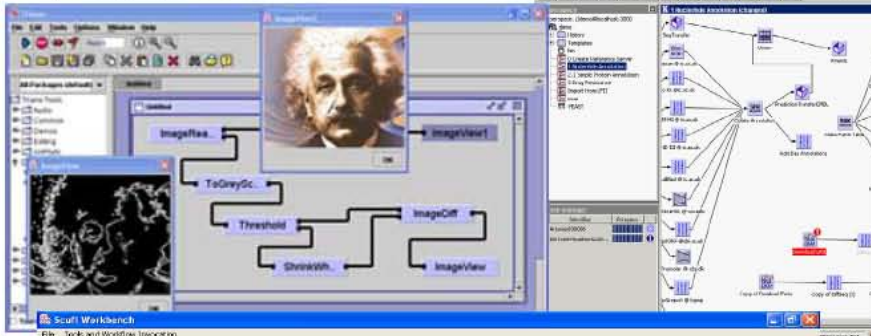
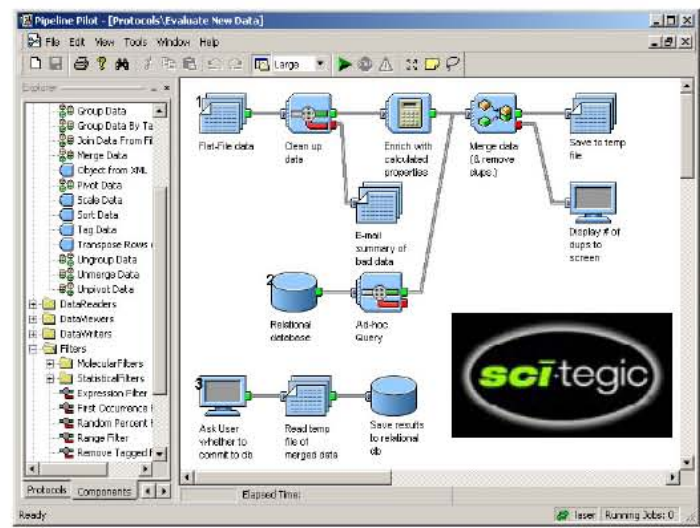
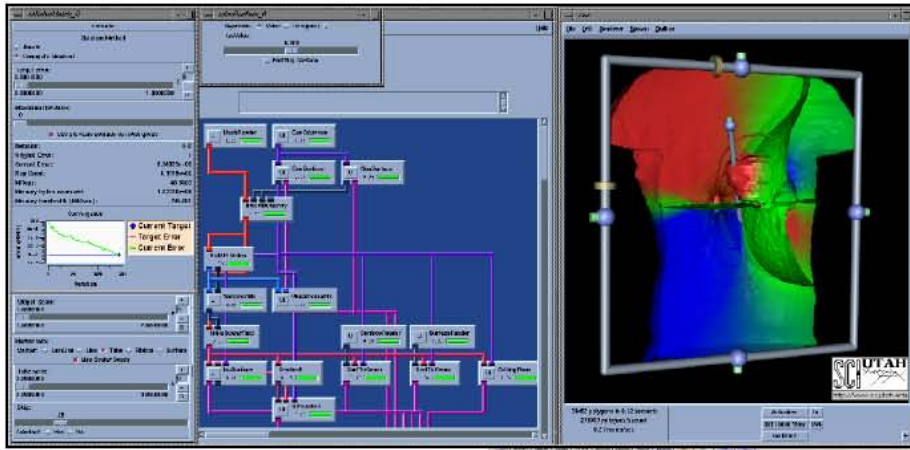
Coping with the challenges: SWf (cont'd)

Typical scientific workflow package components:

- workflow modeler
- “process/module” data bases / yellow pages
- workflow validator toolset
- configurator toolset

IMPORTANT!

- SWf: “only” glue + robust execution
- the content: the processes/modules/models (→ the experts should provide these in a context aware form)



Taverna Workbench beta8
 Tom Oinn, Matthew Pocock, Justin Ferris, Darren Martin, Kevin Glover, Tim Carter, Mark Greenwood, Peter Li, Anil Wipat and the rest of the myGrid team.

Type	Name	Last event	Event timestamp	Event detail
Process	ProcessComplete	00:00:00	2008-08-07	
Process	ProcessSchedule	00:00:00	2008-08-07	Message Error to...
Process	ProcessSchedule	00:00:00	2008-08-07	
Process	ProcessSchedule	00:00:00	2008-08-07	
Process	ProcessSchedule	00:00:00	2008-08-07	

SDM Tutorial, EDBT'06, Gertz, Ludäscher





realtime revelle

Online realtime data from the Research Vessel Roger Revelle

file:JC:/ny/incoming/Kepler/Kepler/workflows/orb/OrbImageViewer.xml

File View Edit Graph Debug Help

Actors Data

Quick Search

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OrbImageSource

ImageDisplay

output input

Tobin T. Fricke
University of California
July 2004

ORB

executing

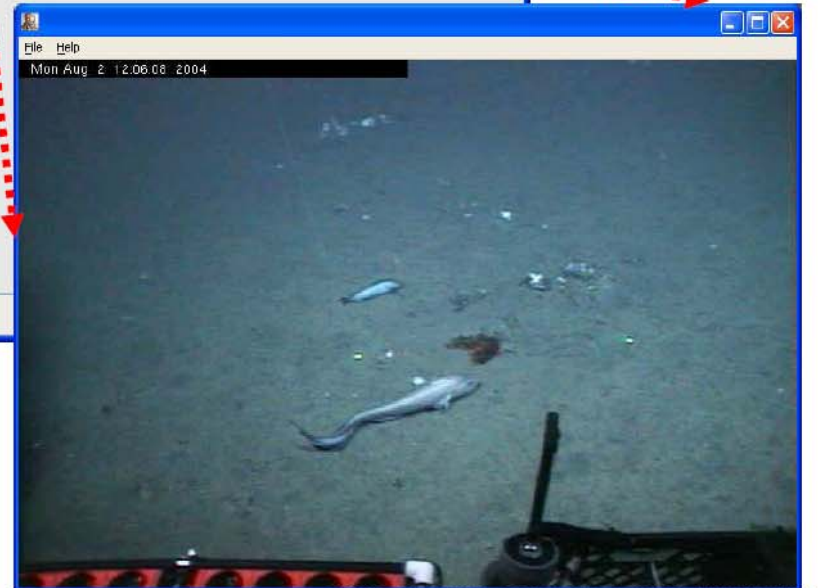
Revelle's Current Location - Mozilla Firefox

http://shpried.ucsd.edu/general/rev_loc.html

R/V Revelle position as of 2-Aug-04

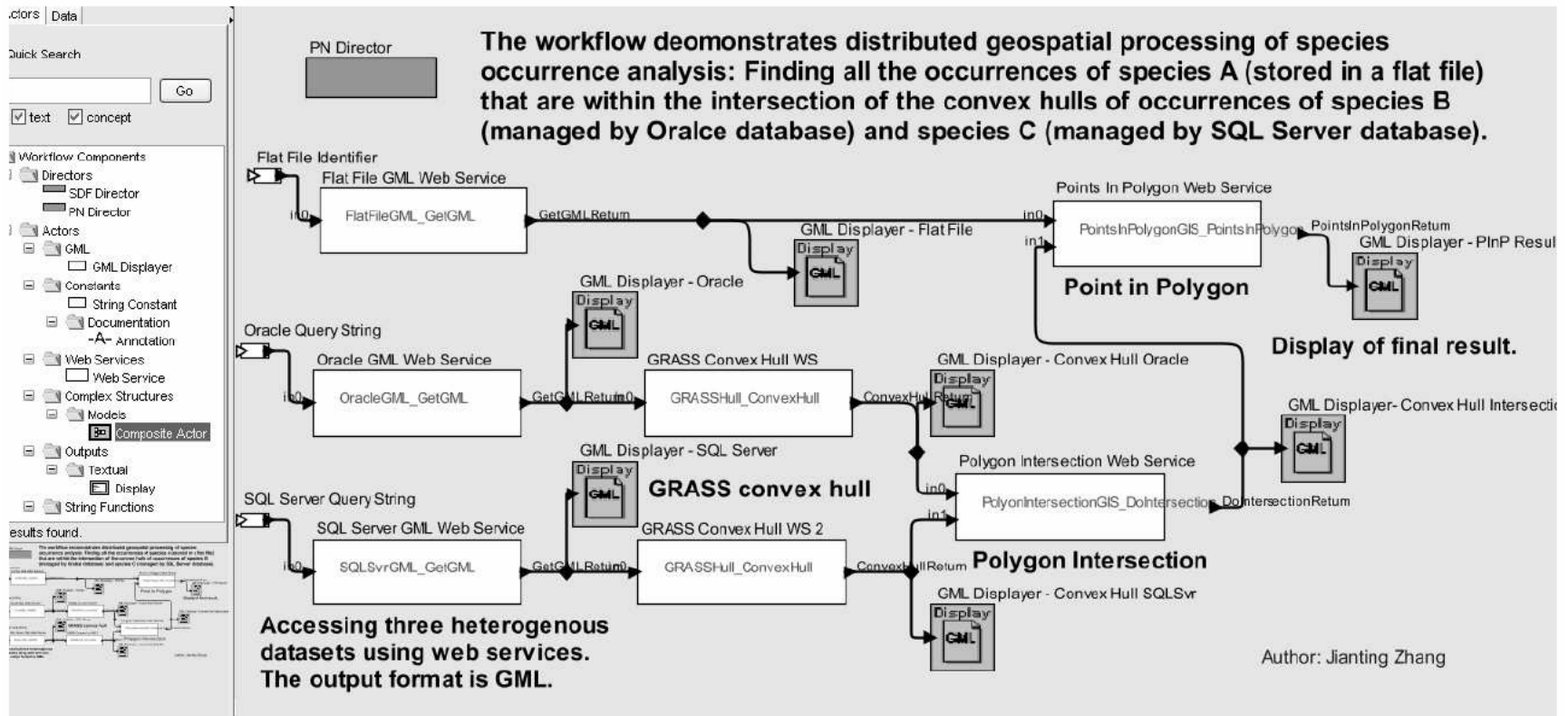
Last Position: 2-Aug-04 / 2300Z 51-25N 178-12W course: 243 speed: 12.9 knots

Done



Coping with the challenges: SWf (cont'd)

Illustration



Conclusions, further steps

- Advance in sensor, computer and communication technologies created a data rich environment.
- “Data rich environment” becomes “data tsunami” if not managed and processed adequately.
- The changes induced by “data richness” is not incremental.
- The role and importance of modeling and model based architectures cannot be overestimated; handling “meta-data” is equally important to handling data.
- Distributed architectures become standard – with strong impact on model development and implementation.

Conclusions, further steps (cont'd)

- Sensor Web Enablement related standards and scientific workflows (as an approach) give a solid foundation for further developments.
- Weak point: handling semantics.
- All ingredients are here (or close) to make a big leap into making advantage of combining cheap data and accumulated knowledge.

“Any sufficiently advanced technology is indistinguishable from magic.” (Arthur C. Clarke)

The bad news: we are insiders and we know

THERE IS NO MAGIC, ONLY HARD WORK...

Acknowledgements

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